



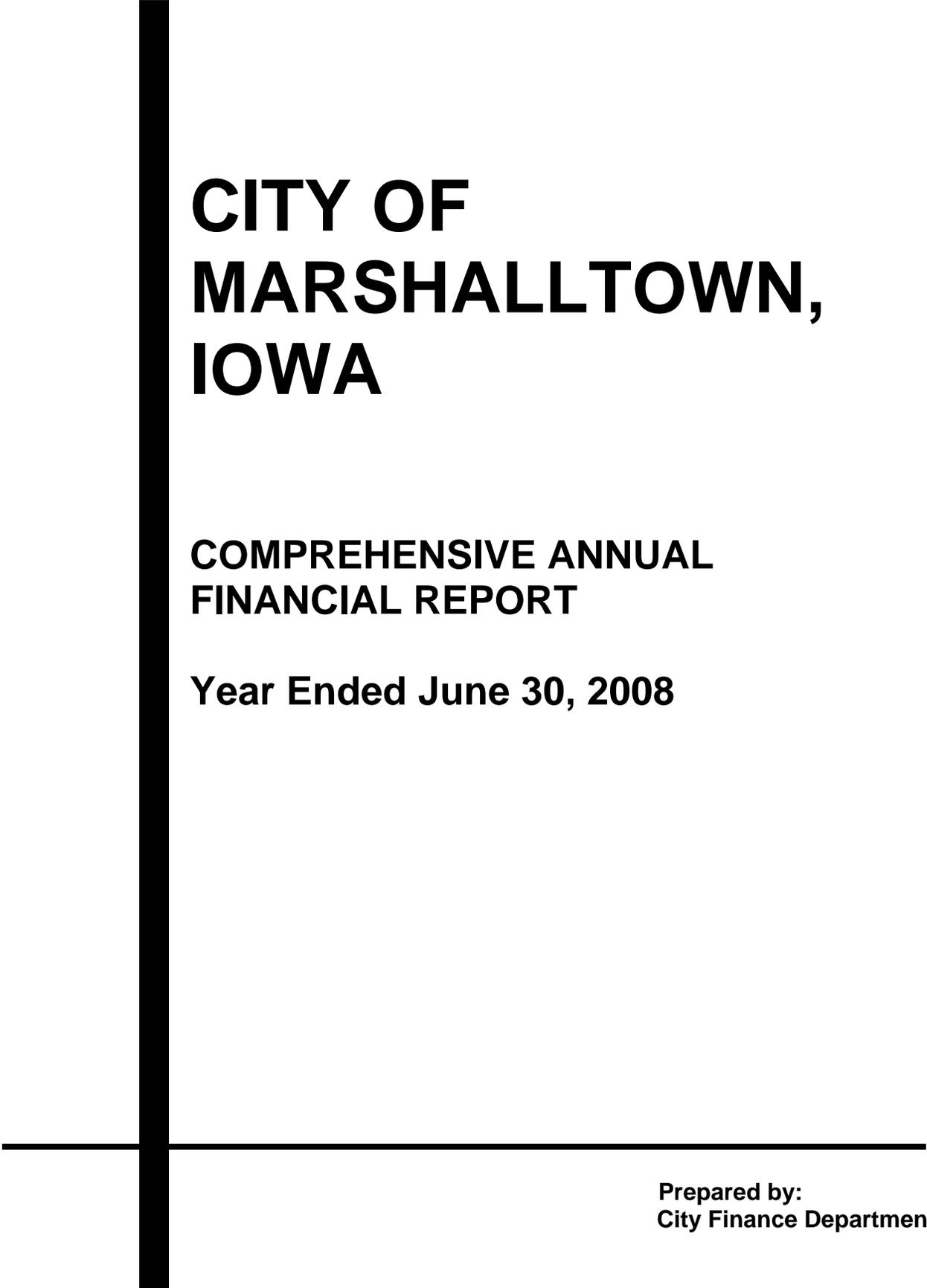
the City of
Marshalltown



Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Year Ended June 30, 2008



Prepared by City of Marshalltown, Iowa
Finance Department



CITY OF MARSHALLTOWN, IOWA

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

Year Ended June 30, 2008

**Prepared by:
City Finance Department**

CITY OF MARSHALLTOWN, IOWA

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION



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December 23, 2008

Mayor Beach,
Members of the City Council and
Citizens of Marshalltown, Iowa:

In accordance with Chapter 11 of the Code of Iowa, I hereby submit the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of Marshalltown, Iowa, (City) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008. The accuracy of data, and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, is the responsibility of the City management. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data accurately, and in all material respects, is reported in a manner that presents fairly the financial position and results of operations for the City and its component units. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's financial activities have been included. Also included is information required to fulfill SEC disclosure regulations and bond covenants as it pertains to bonds held by the City of Marshalltown.

The CAFR is organized into the four sections: Introductory, Financial, Statistical and Compliance.

1. The introductory section is unaudited and includes the table of contents, this letter, a copy of the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting awarded for the FYE 07 CAFR, an organizational chart and a listing of principal elected and appointed officials.
2. The financial section includes the independent auditor's report, the management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) of the City's financial activities, the basic financial statements, the combining and individual fund financial statements, schedules and supplementary information.
3. The statistical section of the report, which is also unaudited, includes statistical information pertaining to the City's financial condition and operations, generally presented on a multi-year basis. This section has been expanded to comply with GASB (Government Accounting and Standards Board) Statement Number 44. Also included in this section are schedules required for bond covenant and SEC compliance.
4. The fourth section of the report provides the information needed to comply with the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations*. Information related to the single audit, including the independent auditor's report, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards (SEFA), schedule of findings and questioned costs are included in the compliance section.

The City of Marshalltown's financial statements have been audited by Eide Bailly LLP of Dubuque, Iowa, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended, June 30, 2008 are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principals used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor, concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unqualified opinion that the City of Marshalltown's financial statements for the fiscal year ended, June 30, 2008 are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. The MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it. With the FY 05 financial report, the City implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 44. This statement

expands the usefulness of the information presented in the Statistical Section of this report, presenting many multi year histories of many financial trends. As the years progress, a greater amount of comparison will be provided to aid the reader in understanding the underlying financial condition of the City.

Profile of the Government

The City was incorporated July 27, 1863 under the laws of the State of Iowa, later amended on June 16, 1975 under the City Home Rule Act. Marshalltown is located in the central region of the state, with a land area of 19.19 square miles and a population of 26,009 as of the 2000 census. The City is empowered to levy a property tax on both real and personal property located within its boundaries, and has the power to extend its corporate limits by annexation, which was done during the fiscal year of this report, adding 1.04 square miles for the potential Alliant Energy Plant expansion. The City operates under a mayor-council form of government. Setting policy and legislative authority are vested in the seven-member council. The City Council is responsible for passing ordinances, resolutions, adopting and amending the budget, appointing committees and hiring the City Administrator as provided by ordinance. The Mayor and Council are elected on a nonpartisan basis. Beginning November 1997 the elections are on a four year staggered term rotation, allowing continuity within the membership. Four of the council members are elected from within their respective districts. The mayor and the three remaining council members are elected at large. The City Administrator, hired by the City Council is responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances of the council, overseeing the day-to-day operations of the government, and for hiring the City Clerk and department managers.

The City provides police, fire, traffic safety, culture, recreation, community development, public works, sewage collection and disposal, compost facility, a transit system, municipal parking lots, various housing programs as authorized by its charter. For financial reporting purposes, all funds, agencies, boards, commissions, trusts and authorities involved in the provision of these services are included if the City is financially accountable. Financial accountability is determined by several inherent factors, including fiscal dependence, ability to impose will upon the entity's governing body, provision of specific financial burdens or benefits and separate legal entity status. In Marshalltown, the library is overseen by a board of directors and included in the operations of the general fund. 911 Communications are administered by a 911 Commission, which uses an agreement allowed by Chapter 28 of the Code of Iowa and is included in this report. The water distribution system, administered by an independent utility board of trustees, and the Convention and Visitors Bureau, administered by a board of directors, are included as component units of the City. The Marshalltown School District and East Marshall School District are administered by independent and autonomous boards created and elected under the authority of the Code of Iowa, are legally separate and are fiscally independent of the state and other local governments. The school districts' financial statements are, therefore, not included as part of the City's financial report. However, the county and school district overlapping debt is displayed in the statistical schedules.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the City of Marshalltown's financial planning, development and control. The budget is adopted as one document containing two components, the capital and operating budget. The capital budget includes all projects and assets acquisitions in excess of \$5,000. All City departments are required to submit appropriation requests to the finance department during the fall of each year. Revenue estimates and expenditure requests are verified for availability and compatibility with Council goals and policies. The city administrator then uses this analysis for developing a proposed budget. The proposed budget is presented to the council for review during January. The council is required to hold at least one public hearing on the proposed budget and to adopt a final budget before March 15. The legally adopted budget is prepared by function (e.g., Public Safety, Public Works, Capital Projects etc). Department managers may make transfers of appropriations within the department. The transfer of appropriations between functions, however, requires a public hearing and approval by the city council prior to exceeding the published function budget. Budgetary control is monitored at the function level. All funds budgeted in accordance with state statute are included in the budget-to-actual comparisons, presented on pages 74-76 as part of the required supplementary information.

ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

The local economic outlook is still positive based upon the recent events listed later in this letter. The national trend for a slow down in construction is not reflected within Marshalltown due to various projects. Building permits were up \$11,464,000 for new construction and \$7,524,700 for remodeling, repairs and additions. Seventeen new single-family units were constructed totaling \$3,548,000. Sixty-two multi family units were given permits during this fiscal year adding \$7,853,000 to local housing. Retail sales are slowing, however, their strength over the past three years still points to Marshalltown as a stable regional economy. Unemployment is relatively low, and skilled workers are in demand statewide. Civic leaders have successfully capitalized on this continued momentum with the announcement of various industrial expansions discussed below.

The Local Option Sales Tax (LOST) begun April 1, 2000 was extended for another ten years in early 2004. The original ballot language required 20% of the LOST for the storm sewer, 5% for cash flow reserves and 75% designated for property tax relief. Having successfully achieved the goals of that mandate, the 2004 ballot changed the 5% to be designated by the City Council for any legal purpose and the 20% to be designated for storm sewer and other capital projects. The LOST generated over \$2.7 million tax collected and interest earned, down slightly from \$2.9 last year, yet still demonstrating overall stability in the regional retail sector. The 75% property tax relief portion of the LOST was applied during preparation of the budget for fiscal year 2007-2008, reducing the tax levy by \$3.16/\$1,000 of taxable valuation or \$2,156,250. The Council's discretionary designation for this year went to additional street repairs due to the severity of the winter. The George Butler and Associates study on the condition of the storm sewer system, created a status and location database sighting repairs and reconstruction in excess of \$13.6 million. During this year Council continued chipping away at pent up projects, completing repair on Hughes Street, and beginning work on Ingledue. Due to flooding in May and June of 2008, most of the spring storm water work was deferred until after the fiscal year ended. Approximately \$250,000 damage occurred, minor in relation to other communities in the state. The City is working with FEMA to identify all damages and recoup some of the related expenses. Most of the damage was discovered after the close of the fiscal year, with little material impact on this year's report.

The School Infrastructure Local Option (SILO) Sales Tax, originally passed in 2004, was designated to buy down the \$25,000,000 infrastructure bonds for ten years. Voters in Marshall County gave the extended collection of SILO tax through 2022. Beginning July 1, the State of Iowa will collect a sales tax of six percent and abolish the schools Local Option Sales Tax. According to the terms of the legislation communities with outstanding bonds previously issued for school infrastructure will be allocated sufficient funds to retire those obligations.

In Marshalltown, most of the schools undergoing restructuring were completed to the extent that students have relocated to the new facilities during 07-08 school year. Some of these facilities were damaged during the '08 floods and are undergoing still more restructuring of the physical plants to mitigate future destruction. The school district is working with FEMA on these projects.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

BUILDING ON WHAT WE ALREADY HAVE

One of the most stable institutions in Marshalltown is the Iowa Veteran's home (IVH) which opened in 1887. Employer of 1,000, this facility is housed on a 160 acre campus serving over 755 beds for veterans, spouses and widows. During this year, IVH began a \$100 million construction and renovation project with the demolition of homes to make way for future expansion. Funding of \$26.75 million has been granted from the U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs towards phase one of the project. \$20 million has been budgeted from the state for the three final phases of the project on top of \$14 million for phase one. Phase one will include a 120 bed nursing facility and a 60 bed pavilion to have a home-like feel for residents requiring less supervision.

Imagine is a community-wide initiative facilitated by a coalition of community organizations and individuals. The mission for **Imagine** is to engage community members in a collaborative, community-wide visioning process which has developed 7 big ideas to be implemented by 2011. Their mission is to move Marshalltown into the future by focusing on sustainable community development: meeting the needs of the present without compromising the ability of future generations to meet their own needs. Many of the **Imagine** committees are still actively working towards the seven Imagine 2011 ideas. Biking enthusiasts came before the Council with a number of proposals to enhance the Pedestrian and Bike Friendly Committee's desire to add signage to the existing 8.9 miles of bike path and configure various streets as bike routes. All of these endeavors enhance the committee's major goal to complete the local links for the American Discovery Trail network, a 6,800 mile trail that goes from coast to coast.

Many of the downtown projects begun last year are making a slow start due to increases in construction costs. The renovation of the historic Orpheum is a joint venture between Iowa Valley Community College, the Orpheum Board of directors, and the City. With visions of keeping the retro style of this 1949 movie theatre, the parties at hand have now secured favorable bids for the \$3.22 million project, relocating an adjoining business and finalized a \$1,000,000 application for state funding. The facility will be used for various cultural events, live theatre and a theatrical construction and storage area. Interior re-construction is scheduled during the winter of 2008-2009. Mid 2009 is the anticipated opening date for the facility.

Upgrading existing facilities is always important to keep the interest and activities of members at the Community Y. This year the game room has been converted to several interactive electronic games to keep after school youth and adults punching, dancing, sidestepping and jumping around. The interactive body controls and flashing floor pads are expected to keep interest 'jumping'. Computerized controls change the skill levels for the various participants making the game room versatile for all ages.

Continued strength to the medical segment of the community is also building on last year's initiatives. The Marshalltown Medical and Surgical Center's (MMS) Cardiovascular Cath Lab performed 841 cardiovascular procedures, 300 more than projected. The local availability of the technology, skilled surgeons and support staff has contributed to Marshalltown's ability to provide various tests, diagnosis and treatments within the 90 minute window recognized as a national goal in saving the heart muscle. Before the construction of the Cath Lab, all such procedures required a 45 minute commute to Des Moines or Ames which were the closest facility.

Another enhancement at the community hospital includes the installation of the state of the art MRI scanner within the MMS facility. The new equipment provides a larger bore opening and more free space between the patient's head and the magnet, features needed for large patients and those with claustrophobia. The Siemens equipment also provides up to four times more signal-to-noise ratio over traditional open MR designs. It can also perform advanced clinical applications in less time.

Marshalltown has long been the home of the Wolfe Eye Clinics. This year, two new state of the art operating microscopes were installed in March at Marshalltown Medical & Surgical Center for the use of the eye clinic. These microscopes are designed for cataract surgery, featuring a new form of illumination that dramatically improves the retinal reflex and depth perception.

McFarland Clinic, another local medical provider, opened Urgent Care Clinic in Marshalltown for residents seeking health care services after regular business hours. The Urgent Care Clinic opened in June, 2008 at the Southside location. Services offered are for acute, non emergency health problems or injuries that require immediate attention. Conditions commonly seen include upper respiratory problems, strains, sprains, minor lacerations and burns. Follow up care, if needed, is coordinated with the patient's regular care provider.

McFarland Clinic is also building a new dialysis center in the south area of the community, scheduled to receive patients in the later part of 2008. This new facility will give additional services locally, increasing availability to the regional geographical area.

Marshalltown's long time industrial base also marked this year with many ground breakings and announcements, showing future stability of the region. Alliant's announcement to construct a \$1 billion coal burning power generating system last year is progressing through the various application processes. The construction contractor has been named and the community is preparing for the influx of over 1,000 construction crews and skilled plumbers, electricians and welders. \$10-\$12 million in Fisher valves will be used in Alliant's proposed new power plant in Marshalltown. Alliant's decision is supported by Emerson's experience with installations in existing plants that provide 40 percent of the average peak demand in the United States. Over the past 18 months, Emerson has been selected to supply its technology-leading control systems for 12 new US coal-fired units.

During this same period, Alliant began construction on a new technical training center. The new facility replaces the old training center which sits on the ground where the proposed new power plant will be constructed. The training center will entail two buildings. The first is a classroom environment while the other is a hand-on learning space consuming 8,100 square feet with a new garage facility of 4,050 square feet. Completion is scheduled for March 2009. Upon completion, a field training course will also be constructed to give crews the chance to work on real-world simulations outside. This facility also has the potential for training regional emergency crews on how to deal with natural gas fires and downed power lines.

One of the proposed structures on the new Alliant power plant site has been negotiated with Fisher division of Emerson, another long time industrial anchor in Marshalltown, to be used as a training and testing facility for Emerson's Ovation control systems. Some of the steam generated from the plant will be the supplier of Fisher's plant generating systems which will support the advanced technology center, the high pressure and temperature steam required for ongoing research and development activities.

The increased electric supply from the proposed plant also made Marshalltown more viable for Emerson's worldwide information technology operations. The \$12 million investment will support a new data center to backup information from Emerson operations and development across the globe from Marshalltown, Iowa. Equipment will be housed in a 12,000 square foot section of a remodeled building on Fisher's Governor Road campus. Fiber optic connections outside the facility will cost another \$2 to \$3 million, supporting world wide businesses. Construction is anticipated to finish in the first quarter of 2009. The new data center is designed to rarely experience down time. It will backup anything Emerson does anywhere in the world. The City pledged \$100,000 in tax increment financing to facilitate the enhanced infrastructure.

The Marshalltown Community College opened its doors to the new \$6.5 million Student activity center. Featured in the new facility is a new gymnasium featuring a full college basketball/volleyball court with seating for up to 1,500, an upper level walking/jogging track, workout area and meeting rooms. The workout area is available for all students, a great enhancement for campus patrons. The new adjacent dormitory was a construction project by students increasing the on campus capacity another 24 units.

IVCCD also opened its new Welding & Technology Lab to the Construction Technology building on the northeast corner of the Marshalltown campus. It is 12,200 square feet, including space for more work stations, a lab, steel storage, metal preparation, and classrooms. The space accommodates up to 36 modern stations for arc welding, gas welding and brazing (a specialized and highly skilled style of finish welding). In addition to the welding and brazing training/certification, the new facility enables Iowa Valley to expand its lead safety training, agricultural welding training, and high school career-technical training. This facility will support skills identified by major employers, Lennox, Fisher Emerson and labor needed for the new Alliant plant construction.

December 12, 2006, Emerson Process Management, a business of Emerson announced a \$19 million renovation and expansion of its Fisher® control valves research and development facilities in Marshalltown, Iowa. The project creates the Fisher Technology Development Center, which will be the industry's largest and most advanced flow control research facility. The center will be staffed by employees from Emerson's current research and development facility, with plans to add 15 research and development engineers. Construction began in early 2007 with final façade completion in April 2009.

The new facility: 1) Quadruples current air and water flow rate capabilities to permit testing of valves for larger and higher-pressure applications. 2) Increases pressure and flow sub-systems to support noise abatement research and product development. 3) Provides new flow sciences research labs to support multi-phase, cavitations and real world fluid control problems through the expanded dynamic performance test loops to accommodate larger valves, supporting new product development, and improving customer demonstration and witness testing capability.

The April 2006 referendum gave a 70% voter approval to build a new library. The referendum allowed not more than \$5,000,000 in general obligation bonds for the project which were sold during this fiscal year. The challenge to raise \$4 million to construct the facility was surpassed with a combination of gifts and grants. Fisher-Emerson donated property to the City for the new library site and a \$250,000 challenge grant for the project. The project received \$1.2 million from the Vision Iowa Grant in October 2006. All other necessary property was secured in the early winter of 2008 and sanitary and storm sewer modifications were completed. Opening of the facility is planned for December 22, 2008.

OTHER INFLUENCING FACTORS

Conveniently located at the junction of Highways 30 and 330 Marshalltown is the regional hub of central Iowa with six diverse golf courses, art galleries, historic Main Street, antique shopping, annual festivals and events, architectural tours, Lincoln Highway, indoor and outdoor aquatic centers, 8.9 miles of bike and walking trails, within 30 miles of the Iowa Speedway of Newton, vineyard and wineries, a Vegas-style casino, and other exciting attractions. Located forty-five minutes northeast of Des Moines, Marshalltown can offer small town life style within the reach of a large metropolitan area for culture and transportation.

State Economic Impact:

During fiscal year 07-08 the residential assessment rollback continued to increase in essence reducing resources available to the City and other taxing governments, to an extent reducing growth originally scheduled to be added to the tax base. Assessed values increased in FY 08 by \$26,895,785. However, the taxable growth in values was only increased 2.4%, influenced by the increase of .4364% rollback factor for residential removing the commercial roll back factor completely and the calculations used for the utility excise tax. During the 1980's, the state legislature limited the value growth by class to 4% statewide and linked or coupled agricultural and residential values so that neither class could increase at a greater percentage than the other. The emergence of ethanol plants in Iowa has changed the market value of agricultural prices which has impacted the property tax system in Iowa. Legislative Interim committees continue to examine the property tax system because, in part, the rollback factor continues to shift the burden for the payment of services onto our businesses and industries. The table below demonstrates the magnitude of roll back by property classification.

Fiscal Year	Residential	Agricultural	Commercial	Industrial	Utility
07-08	45.5596	100.	100.	100.	Excise tax
06-07	45.9960	100.	99.1509	100.	Excise tax
05-06	47.9642	100.	100.	100.	Excise tax
04-05	45.9960	100.	99.2574	100.	Excise tax
03-04	47.9642	100.	100.	100.	Excise tax
02-03	48.4558	100.	97.7701	100.	Excise tax
01-02	51.3874	100.	100.	100.	Excise tax
00-01	51.6676	96.338	98.7732	100.	Excise tax
99-00	56.2651	100.	100.	100.	Excise tax
98-99	54.8525	96.4206	97.3606	100.	100.
97-98	56.4789	100.	100.	100.	100.
96-97	54.9090	100.	97.2824	100.	100.

The Utility Replacement Tax (URT) also known as the Excise Tax, replaced the centrally assessed property tax on utilities with an excise tax based on the generation, transmission and distribution of electricity and natural gas since 1998. An assessed value of utility property is, however still used to calculate bonding capacity. This fiscal year there was a slight decrease of 2.7% from the Utility Replacement Tax.

Section 42, another factor shifting the property tax liability was enacted by the state legislature in 2005, known as Iowa Code Section 42. This provision changes the calculation of privately held rental residential units that qualify for federal tax credits. These units previously classified as commercial can now be classified as residential (enjoying the rollback factor) in part increasing the profitability of the unit. Pressures are being put upon the legislature to change the commercial classification on all residential units to enjoy the residential roll back. This would adversely affect the city's ability to generate revenues on properties generally requiring more services due to its high density and economic composition.

Capital Improvement Project (CIP) levy is property tax revenue used for the repair and replacement of capital items, approved by a referendum in 1999. This Capital Improvement levy generated \$445,167 this year. Use of this levy allows: 1) capital equipment and building maintenance on a routine, planned basis, 2) avoids or eliminates the use of debt capacity for capital equipment and building maintenance, 3) avoids or eliminates interest expense for capital equipment and building maintenance 4) allows more flexibility for operations within the general fund. By resolution, the City Council voted to set aside 15% of the annual capital improvement levy for large capital items such as fire engines. To better manage the resources generated by the levy, all departments prepare at least a five year capital needs plan for Council approval.

Hotel/Motel Tax is imposed upon the occupancy of local hotel and motel units. In Marshalltown the 7% rate was imposed in 2005. The tax is used to promote tourism and convention activity within the community and through the Convention and Visitor's Bureau (CVB), a component unit of the City. The agreement with the CVB was amended changing the split ratio with the City. The agreement began July 1, 2006 is reflected below:

75% to be used by the CVB for fiscal year 06-07
 74% to be used by the CVB for fiscal year 07-08
 73% to be used by the CVB for fiscal year 08-09
 72% to be used by the CVB for fiscal year 09-10
 71% to be used by the CVB for fiscal year 10-11

Additionally, the Council designated 15% of all annual revenue generated be earmarked for a special project. During FY 08, these designated funds contributed to the finish the construction of a community center in the Riverview Park. The facility was constructed through the training program at the community college in time for the Iowa Barbeque Contest. This activity brings thousands of people into the community. The facility was designed to offer year round rentals to the park.

Special Assessments were used on another capital street project during this fiscal year demonstrating a change in cost sharing between the City and citizens that directly benefit from the street improvements. This has allowed the city to reduce the dependence on debt to fund street projects. The City policy uses the maximum interest rate allowed by state code (currently 9%) to encourage timely retirement of the assessment.

INTER-GOVERNMENTAL COOPERATION

A monthly meeting of the management of each of the governmental bodies continues for its fourteenth year. Discussions at these meetings allow informal discussions on changes in the community and their impact on each agency in the areas of taxation, tax increment financing, GIS mapping, data processing, zoning, demographics, personnel and transportation. Many of these managers also travel to Washington DC with the Chamber of Commerce and MEDIC (Marshall Economic Development Impact Committee) to explore available programs and funding assistance.

The County Board of Supervisors meets with the City Council on a quarterly basis to continue management's involvement in intergovernmental cooperation and efficiencies. This year the direct benefits

from the meetings were the discussions on the timing of events and cost sharing for Highland Acres road improvements and intended projects for tax increment financing. During this fiscal year, the City's Police Chief reenlisted for active military duty providing an opportunity to examine the possible merger of law enforcement services. Due to vast differences in the state established retirement and civil services criteria, the merger was not feasible, however good information sharing energized the public officials and the citizens.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining a system of internal controls designed to ensure that the assets of the government are protected from loss, theft or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Internal controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: 1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and 2) the valuation of costs and benefits require estimates and judgments by management. Internal controls have been established within the finance department and are evaluated to provide adequate control based on resources available. Management continues to modify internal controls to meet changing needs and recommendations by the external auditors.

The City maintains its daily financial records and budget on a cash basis of accounting. The accounting records for governmental operations and agency funds are converted to the modified accrual basis at the end of the fiscal year. Similarly, the enterprise, internal service, and pension trust fund are converted to the accrual basis of accounting. The fund balances on an accrual basis of accounting vary from the cash type of balances based on cash receipts and disbursements in that the latter reflect only moneys "on hand" that are available for spending.

Compliance Audit. As a recipient of federal and state financial assistance, the City also is responsible for ensuring that adequate internal controls are in place for compliance with applicable laws, regulations, contracts and grants related to those programs. Internal controls are subject to periodic evaluation by management and the external audit staff of the City.

As a part of the City's compliance audit, described earlier, tests are made to determine the adequacy of the internal controls, including that portion related to federal financial assistance programs, and the state programs determined under the same criteria, as well as to determine that the City has complied with applicable laws and regulations. The results of the City's independent auditor's results for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008, disclosed one significant deficiency in internal control over the major programs. All findings and comments can be found in the Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs in the Compliance Section of this report.

Cash Management. Cash temporarily idle during the year can be invested in demand deposits, certificates of deposits, commercial paper rated AAA or above, obligations of the U.S. Treasury or an investment pool. The investment pool utilized by the City was the IPAIT (Iowa Public Agency Investment Trust) which invests primarily in U.S. Treasury securities, repurchase agreements, and agency securities backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. Government. Investment of City funds are restricted by state statute and local policy. All investments of the primary government are directly held and managed by the City Finance Director with co-authority of the City Administrator. An Investment Advisory Committee of financial specialists within the community review all investment activity on not less than a quarterly basis, insuring the investment vehicles are diversified, staggered to meet cash flow needs, and with minimal risk exposure. The maturities of investments generally range from 30 days to 3 years. With the change in the investment market, the volatility in interest rates, and progress on capital projects there was a decrease in earnings from \$655,348 in FYE '07 to \$602,711 this year.

Risk Management. The city is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft, damage, or destruction of assets; errors and omissions; worker's compensation; and health care of its employees. The city has participated in the Iowa Cities Assurance Pool since 2005 in insure itself from such losses. This is an

intergovernmental organization created to secure affordable insurance to municipalities and counties with similar risk exposures. The City covers its worker's compensation coverage with the Iowa Worker's Compensation Association. Strategic planning of worker's compensation cases including medical case management, a safety committee, supervisory/employee relations, transitional work and litigation management have been incorporated into the City's risk management program. More details on the City's risk management can be found in the Notes to the Financial Statements found later in this report.

The City's self-funded health insurance also promotes safety and wellness through preventative incentives, publications and various activities. Third party coverage insures a stop loss limit of \$80,000 minimizing catastrophic exposure to losses. The Group Health Advisory Committee, made up of City employees and support staff, was formed to examine the City's self-administered insurance program. The committee continues to implement and monitor changes to the coverage of the group. Participation in the IRS Section 125 Cafeteria Plan, disability insurance, voluntary life insurance, prescription discounts and wellness programs have substantially increased. A self-funded Preferred Provider Organization (PPO) plan has been offered since January 1998 as an alternative to increased premiums. Provider discounts and favorable experience with claims positively impacts the city again this year increasing available cash balances in the internal service fund and helps control tax levies which support the City's portion of the premium. Cost containment measures and claim review continue to improve control over excessive claims. Cash balances increased due to the fewer major claims experience during the year.

Post employment benefits. The City of Marshalltown provides postretirement health care benefits for certain retirees and their dependents. As of the end of the current fiscal year, there were 58 retired employees or surviving spouse receiving these benefits, which are financed on a pay-as-you-go basis. As of the date of this report, GAAP does not require governments to report a liability in the financial statements in connection with an employer's obligation to provide these benefits. The City is preparing for future reporting changes required by GASB in this area through various policy changes. See Note 8 under the Notes to Financial Statements for more detail on the policies and changes which will effect the post employment benefits.

OTHER INFORMATION

Independent Audit. State statutes require an annual audit by independent certified public accountants. Eide Bailly LLP of Dubuque, Iowa, was selected by the City Council for a five year engagement. In addition to meeting the requirements of state statutes, the audit is designed to meet the requirements of U.S. Office of Management and Budget's Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. To conduct the audit, the auditors used generally accepted auditing standards and the standards set forth in the General Accounting Office's *Government Auditing Standards*. The auditor's report on the basic financial statements is included in the financial section of this report. The auditor's reports on internal controls and compliance with applicable laws, regulations, contracts, and grants are included in the Compliance Section.

Awards. The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City for its comprehensive annual financial report for the years ending June 30, 1990, and consecutively 1993 through 2007. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award, recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government financial reports.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Acknowledgments. Improving the financial and economic outlook and stability for Marshalltown is a cooperative effort from community leaders and individuals in the private and public sector. That vision and the fiscal management of the City directly contribute towards the financial health of the City government. The City's progress in this past year has been astonishing again!

The preparation of this report could not be accomplished without the dedicated services of the entire Finance Department. This has been a difficult transition year in the department training new staff. We also want to acknowledge the assistance from many other department staff, agencies and organizations which are all vital to the culmination of this report.

Respectfully submitted,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Richard Hierstein". The signature is written in a cursive style with a prominent loop at the end.

Richard Hierstein
City Administrator

And

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Cindy R. Kendall". The signature is written in a cursive style with a large, sweeping flourish at the end.

Cindy R. Kendall, CGFM
Finance Director

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Marshalltown
Iowa

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended
June 30, 2007

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.



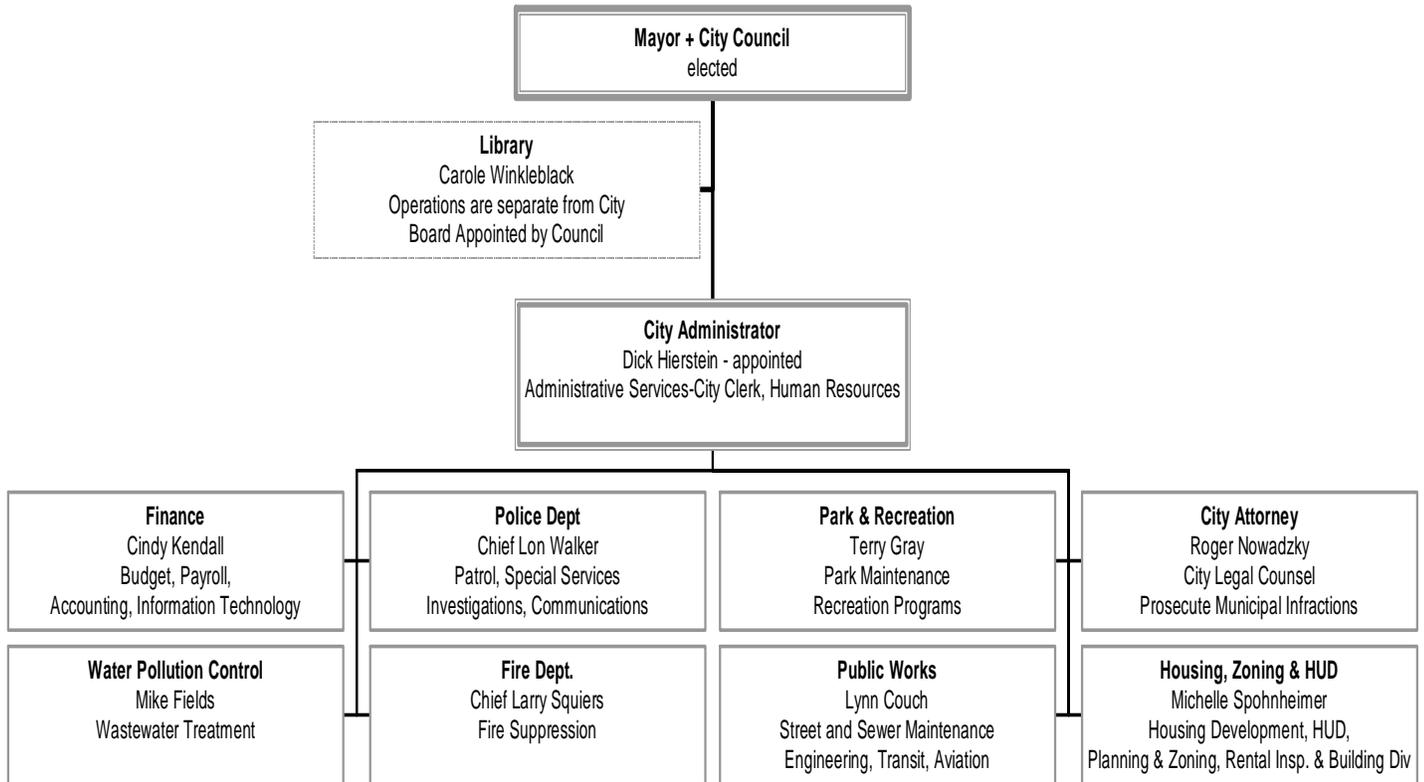
Chas S. Cox

President

Jeffrey R. Emer

Executive Director

Marshalltown Organizational Chart 2008



CITY OF MARSHALLTOWN, IOWA
OFFICIALS
JUNE 30, 2008

Name	Title	Term Expires
Elected officials:		
Gene Beach	Mayor	December 31, 2009
Bethany Wirin	Mayor Pro-tem	December 31, 2009
Andrea Maxwell	Council Member	December 31, 2011
Robert Schubert	Council Member	December 31, 2009
Al Hoop	Council Member	December 31, 2011
William Backoff	Council Member	December 31, 2011
Robert Wenner	Council Member	December 31, 2009
Marla Grabenbauer	Council Member	December 31, 2009
Council-appointed officials:		
Dick Hierstein	City Administrator	October 30, 2009
City Administrator appointment with Council Approval:		
Roger Nowadzky	City Attorney	Indefinite
Shari Coughenhour	City Clerk	Indefinite
Cindy R. Kendall	Finance Director	Indefinite
Larry Squiers	Fire Chief	Indefinite
Michelle Spohnheimer	Housing Director	Indefinite
Terry Gray	Parks and Recreation Director	Indefinite
Lon Walker	Police Chief	Indefinite
John Phillips	Public Facilities Superintendent	Indefinite
Lynn Couch	Public Works Director	Indefinite
Sarah Meusburger	Technical Services Coordinator	Indefinite
Mike Fields	Water Pollution Control Director	Indefinite

FINANCIAL SECTION



CPAs & BUSINESS ADVISORS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and
Members of the City Council
City of Marshalltown, Iowa

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Marshalltown, Iowa, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2008, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the management of the City of Marshalltown. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Marshalltown Water Works and the Marshalltown Convention and Visitors Bureau. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose reports thereon have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Marshalltown Water Works and the Marshalltown Convention and Visitors Bureau, is based on the reports of the other auditors.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. The financial statements of the Marshalltown Convention and Visitors Bureau were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit and the reports of other auditors provide a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Marshalltown, Iowa, as of June 30, 2008, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 23, 2008, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The management's discussion and analysis on pages 16 through 33, Marshalltown Water Works Supplemental Retirement Pension System Schedule on page 73, and budgetary comparison information on pages 74 through 76 are not required parts of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We and the other auditors have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements of the City of Marshalltown, Iowa. The introductory section, combining nonmajor fund financial statements, schedule of bond maturities, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not required parts of the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements of the City of Marshalltown. The combining nonmajor fund financial statements, schedule of bond maturities, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Eide Bailly LLP". The signature is written in dark ink and is positioned above the typed name and date.

Dubuque, Iowa
December 23, 2008

Management's Discussion & Analysis (MD&A)

The following is a narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Marshalltown for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages 1-10 of this report. We continue to add more comparison tables and graphs to the MD&A showing major variances in dollars and percent. Additional historical information can be found in the Statistical Section of this report supporting some of the analysis presented in this discussion and the transmittal letter.

Financial Highlights of Primary Government

- Assets of the City of Marshalltown exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$65,801,684 (*net assets*) as compared to \$61,174,303 in the prior year.
- The City's total net assets increased by \$4,627,381. This increase is attributable primarily to the reduction and refinancing of debt liabilities, an increase in Capital Grants and Contributions and Construction in Progress. The contributions and state funding for the library were the largest impact on the increase in net governmental assets.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City of Marshalltown's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$13,423,007 an increase of \$1,605,932 in comparison with the prior year. This is a temporary increase contributed to the increase reserved fund balance to be used within the next two years for capital projects such as the library construction and various storm water and street projects.
- \$3,455,023 a decrease of \$2,138,659 over last year's ending balance for governmental funds is available for spending at the City's discretion (*unreserved undesignated fund balance*). This reduction large reduction is due to the progress on certain projects and the designation of capital project funds as reserved. For example, the Road Use Tax fund balance was reduced as larger resurfacing projects were completed.
- The City's total debt had a net increase of \$1,531,722 during the current fiscal year. This change reflects the retirement of existing bonds, refinancing of three issues and the addition of \$5,000,000 for the library construction.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Marshalltown's basic financial statements. The City of Marshalltown's basic financial statements include three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves. The Transmittal Letter, submitted as part of the overall report, gives general information about the government and economic spirit of the community.

Government-wide financial statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of Marshalltown's finances, in a manner more similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net assets* presents information on all of the City of Marshalltown's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as *net assets*. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City of Marshalltown is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the City's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City of Marshalltown that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the City of Marshalltown include public safety, public works (roads, utilities and traffic controls), health and social services, parks and recreation, library, economic development, general government administration and employee insurance. The business-type activities of the City of Marshalltown include compost, concessions, storm sewer, water pollution control and transportation activities.

The government-wide financial statements include the City of Marshalltown itself (known as the *primary government*) and also the legally separate Water Works and Convention and Visitors Bureau for which the City of Marshalltown is financially accountable. Financial information for these *component units* is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 34-36 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Marshalltown, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City of Marshalltown can be divided into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

Governmental funds. *Governmental funds* are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the city's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City of Marshalltown maintains fifteen individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances. Major funds include General, Road Use Tax, Debt Service, HUD Programs and other capital project and special revenue funds. Data from the other six non-major governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the governmental funds financial statements. Individual fund data on each of the non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* in the supplementary information section.

The City of Marshalltown adopts an annual appropriated budget for all funds as required by state statute. In Iowa, budgetary compliance is at the function level, transcending fund level accounting as demonstrated in this report. Budgetary comparison statements have been provided for the governmental and enterprise/proprietary fund levels. This comparison demonstrates the City's compliance with state requirements. This comparison can be found on pages 74-76 of this report.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 37-40 of this report.

Proprietary funds. The City of Marshalltown maintains two different types of proprietary funds. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The City of Marshalltown uses enterprise funds to account for its Storm Sewer, Water Pollution Control, Compost, Transit and Concession activities.

Internal service funds are an accounting vehicle used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City of Marshalltown's various functions. The City of Marshalltown uses internal service funds to account for its insurance operations. Because this service predominantly benefits governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included with governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds are provided in the form of *combining statements* in the supplementary information section.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Storm Sewer, Water Pollution Control and Non-major Enterprise funds, namely, Compost, Transit and Concession activities.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 41-45 of this report.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are *not* available to support the City of Marshalltown's own programs. The most significant fiduciary fund maintained by the City of Marshalltown is the payroll fund; which records the taxes collected for other taxing jurisdictions within the City of Marshalltown. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for governmental funds. The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 46-47 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 48-72 of this report.

Other information. The *combining statements* referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental and proprietary funds is presented immediately following the required supplementary information (RSI). Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 77-87 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City of Marshalltown, assets exceeded liabilities by \$65,801,684 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

By far, the largest portion of the City of Marshalltown's net assets \$47,077,885 reflect its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, equipment, and infrastructure), less depreciation and any related debt. The City of Marshalltown uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City of Marshalltown's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other resources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

CITY OF MARSHALLTOWN NET ASSETS

June 30, 2008

Governmental Activities

	<u>FY 2007-08</u>	<u>FY 2006-07</u>	<u>Increase (decrease)</u>
Current and other assets	\$ 27,500,765	\$ 23,596,453	\$ 3,904,312
Capital assets	38,591,981	34,678,646	3,913,335
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total Assets	66,092,746	58,275,099	7,817,647
Current and other liabilities	12,126,887	10,083,100	2,043,787
Non-current liabilities	22,735,617	20,651,385	2,084,232
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total Liabilities	34,862,504	30,734,485	4,128,019
Net assets:			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	19,020,002	14,837,533	4,182,469
Restricted	3,466,011	3,093,281	372,730
Unrestricted	8,744,229	9,609,800	(865,571)
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total Net assets \$	<u>31,230,242</u>	<u>\$ 27,540,614</u>	<u>\$ 3,689,628</u>

Business-type Activities

	<u>FY 2007-08</u>	<u>FY 2006-07</u>	<u>Increase (decrease)</u>
Current and other assets	\$ 7,065,740	\$ 5,962,272	\$ 1,103,468
Capital assets	33,652,883	34,136,107	(483,224)
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total Assets	40,718,623	40,098,379	620,244
Current and other liabilities	396,054	159,349	236,705
Non-current liabilities	5,751,127	6,305,341	(554,214)
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total Liabilities	6,147,181	6,464,690	(317,509)
Net assets:			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	28,057,883	27,975,107	82,776
Restricted	949,146	949,930	(784)
Unrestricted	5,564,413	4,708,652	855,761
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total Net assets \$	<u>34,571,442</u>	<u>\$ 33,633,689</u>	<u>\$ 937,753</u>

Total Net Assets			
	<u>FY 2007-08</u>	<u>FY 2006-07</u>	<u>Increase (decrease)</u>
Current and other assets	\$ 34,566,505	\$ 29,558,725	\$ 5,007,780
Capital assets	72,244,864	68,814,753	3,430,111
Total Assets	<u>106,811,369</u>	<u>98,373,478</u>	<u>8,437,891</u>
Current and other liabilities	12,522,941	10,242,449	2,280,492
Non-current liabilities	28,486,744	26,956,726	1,530,018
Total Liabilities	<u>41,009,685</u>	<u>37,199,175</u>	<u>3,810,510</u>
Net assets:			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	47,077,885	42,812,640	4,265,245
Restricted	4,415,157	4,043,211	371,946
Unrestricted	14,308,642	14,318,452	(9,810)
Total Net assets	<u>\$ 65,801,684</u>	<u>\$ 61,174,303</u>	<u>\$ 4,627,381</u>

A portion of the City of Marshalltown's activities net assets (\$4,415,157) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions. Prior year comparison shows \$4,043,211, an increase of \$371,946. The remaining balance of unrestricted net assets (\$14,308,642) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. This is a decrease in available net assets over 2006-2007 by \$9,810. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Marshalltown is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net assets, governmental, business-type activities, and total.

The following is a more detailed review of the years' operation.

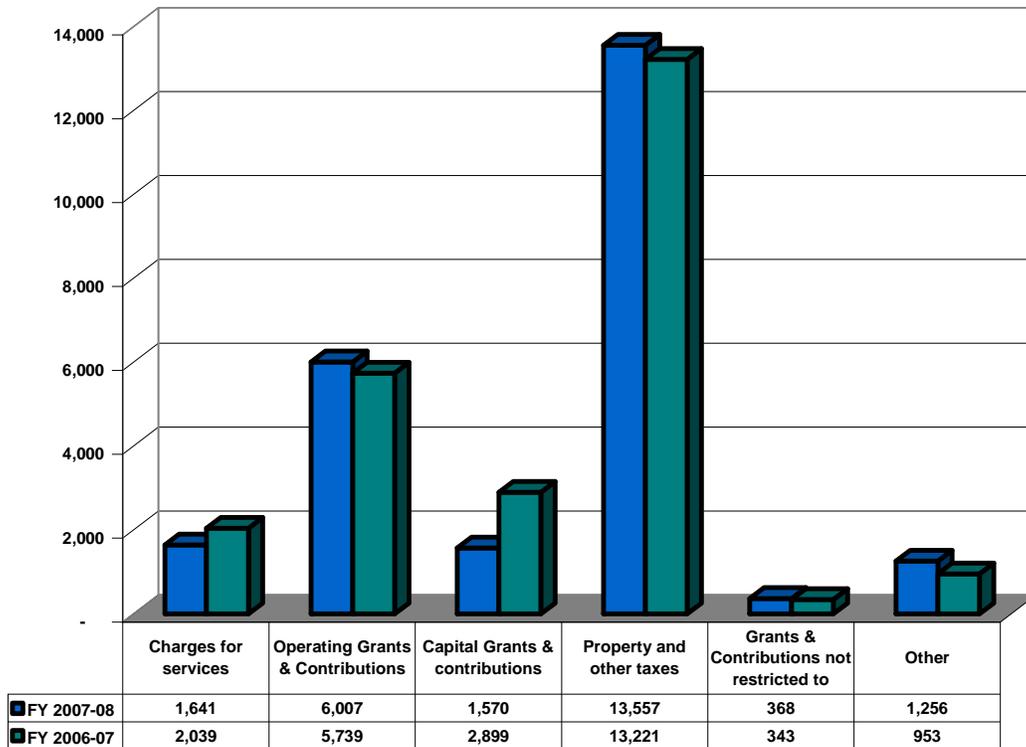
City of Marshalltown Changes in Net Assets

Governmental Activities			
	<u>FY 2007-08</u>	<u>FY 2006-07</u>	<u>Increase (decrease)</u>
Revenues:			
Program Revenues:			
Charges for services	\$ 1,641,170	\$ 2,039,135	\$ (397,965)
Operating Grants and Contributions	6,006,627	5,739,079	267,548
Capital Grants and contributions	1,570,148	2,898,828	(1,328,680)
General Revenues			
Property and other taxes	13,557,035	13,220,972	336,063
Grants & Contributions not restricted to specific programs	368,341	343,333	25,008
Other	1,255,780	953,165	302,615
Total Revenues	<u>24,399,101</u>	<u>25,194,512</u>	<u>(795,411)</u>

Governmental Activities

	<u>FY 2007-08</u>	<u>FY 2006-07</u>	<u>Increase (decrease)</u>
Expenses:			
Public safety	7,542,266	7,221,486	320,780
Public works	5,083,392	4,002,011	1,081,381
Health and social services	1,273,679	1,404,277	(130,598)
Culture and recreation	2,900,972	2,477,842	423,130
Community and economic development	1,795,613	1,992,572	(196,959)
General government	1,120,708	1,271,344	(150,636)
Interest on long term debt	841,587	910,061	(68,474)
Total expenses	<u>20,558,217</u>	<u>19,279,593</u>	<u>1,278,624</u>
Increase (decrease) in net assets before transfers	3,840,884	5,914,919	(2,074,035)
Transfers	<u>(151,256)</u>	<u>(314,222)</u>	<u>162,966</u>
Increase (decrease) in net assets	<u>3,689,628</u>	<u>5,600,697</u>	<u>(1,911,069)</u>
Net Assets - beginning of year	<u>27,540,614</u>	<u>21,939,917</u>	<u>5,600,697</u>
Net assets - end of year	<u>\$ 31,230,242</u>	<u>\$ 27,540,614</u>	<u>\$ 3,689,628</u>

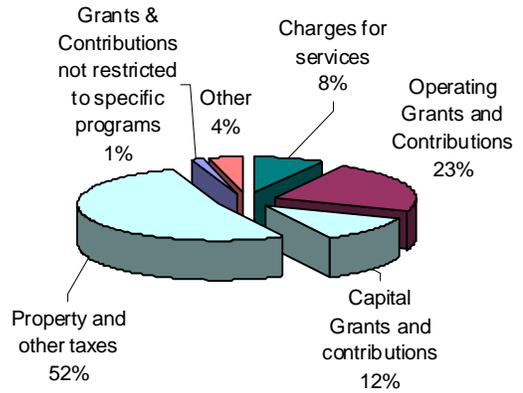
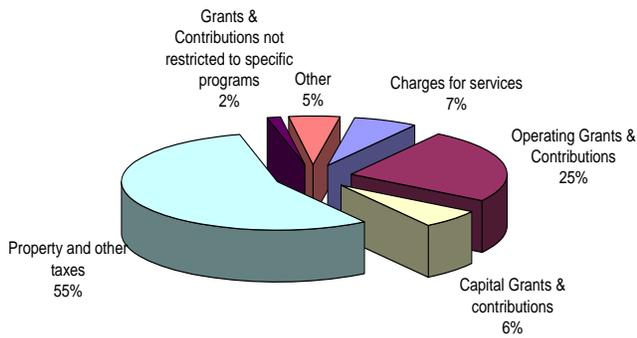
City of Marshalltown's Changes in Net Assets
Governmental Activities-Revenues-Two Year Comparison
(per \$1,000s)



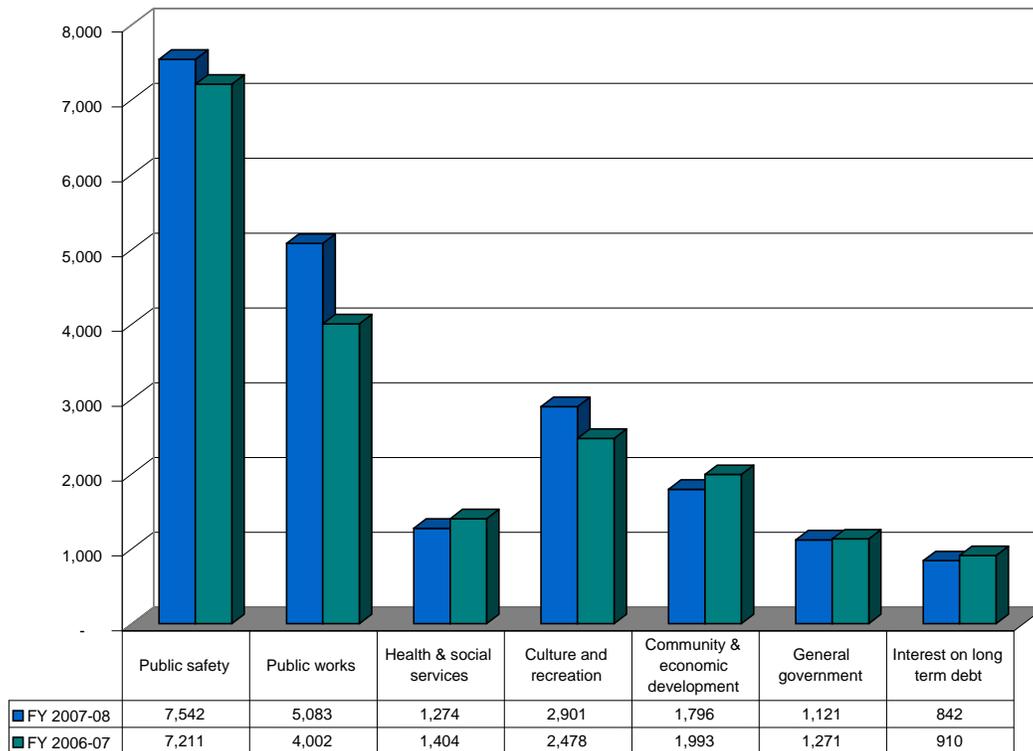
Revenues as a Percent-Two Year Comparison

2007-2008

2006-2007

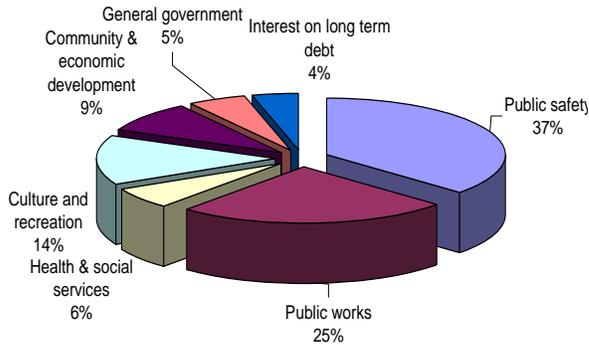


City of Marshalltown's Changes in Net Assets Governmental Activities-Expenses-Two Year Comparison (per 1,000's)

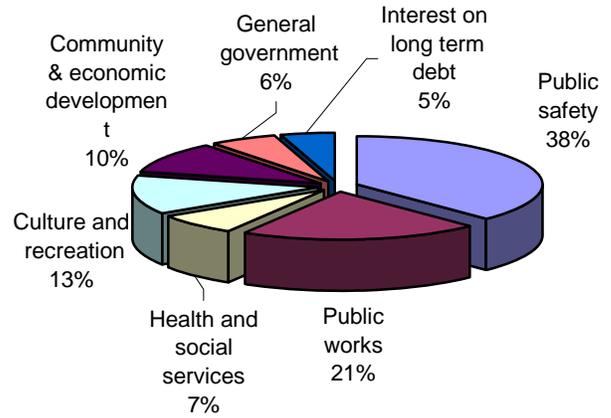


Expenses as a Percent-Two Year Comparison

2007-2008



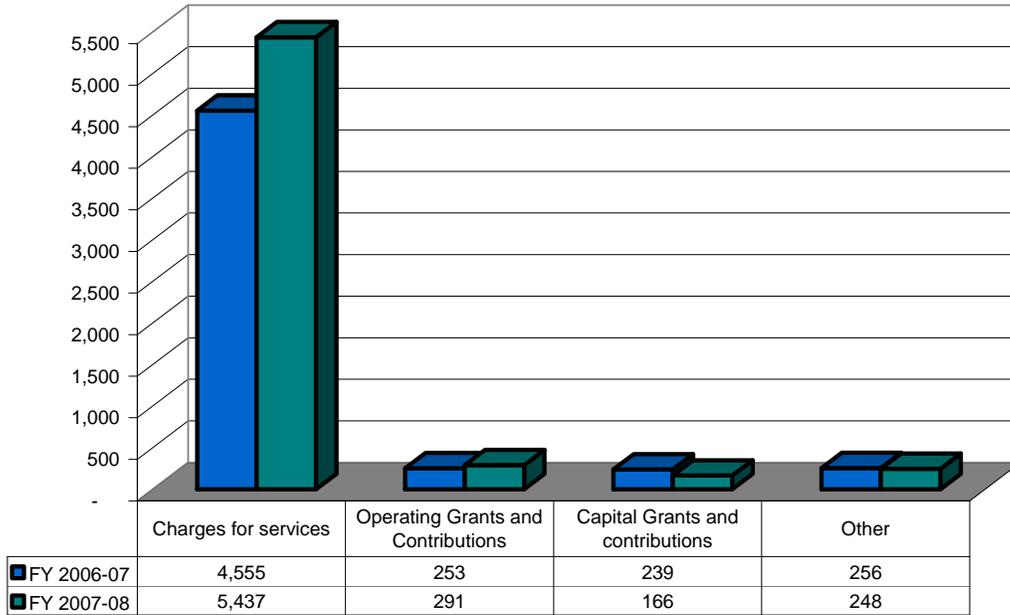
2006-2007



Business-type Activities

	<u>FY 2007-08</u>	<u>FY 2006-07</u>	<u>Increase (decrease)</u>
Revenues:			
Program Revenues:			
Charges for services	\$ 5,437,389	\$ 4,554,638	\$ 882,751
Operating Grants and Contributions	290,701	253,130	37,571
Capital Grants and contributions	165,849	239,065	(73,216)
General Revenues			
Other	<u>247,713</u>	<u>255,923</u>	<u>(8,210)</u>
Total Revenues	6,141,652	5,302,756	838,896
Expenses:			
Business type	<u>5,355,155</u>	<u>4,978,653</u>	<u>376,502</u>
Total expenses	5,355,155	4,978,653	376,502
Increase (decrease) in net assets before transfers	786,497	324,103	462,394
Transfers	<u>151,256</u>	<u>314,222</u>	<u>(162,966)</u>
Increase (decrease) in net assets	<u>937,753</u>	<u>638,325</u>	<u>299,428</u>
Net Assets - beginning of year	<u>33,633,689</u>	<u>32,995,364</u>	<u>638,325</u>
Net assets - end of year	<u>\$ 34,571,442</u>	<u>\$ 33,633,689</u>	<u>\$ 937,753</u>

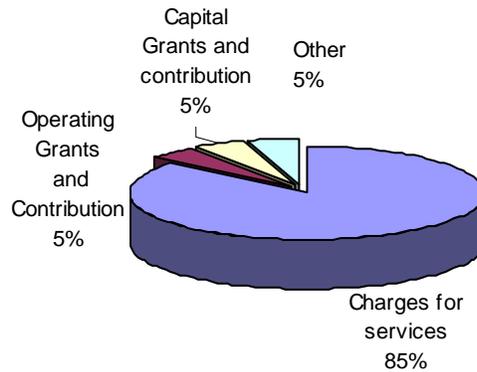
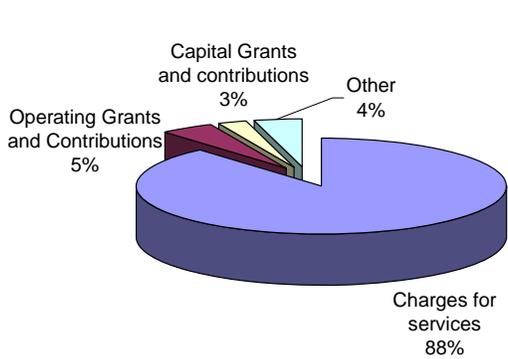
**City of Marshalltown's Changes in Net Assets
Business-type – Revenues – Two Year Comparison
(Stated in \$1,000s)**



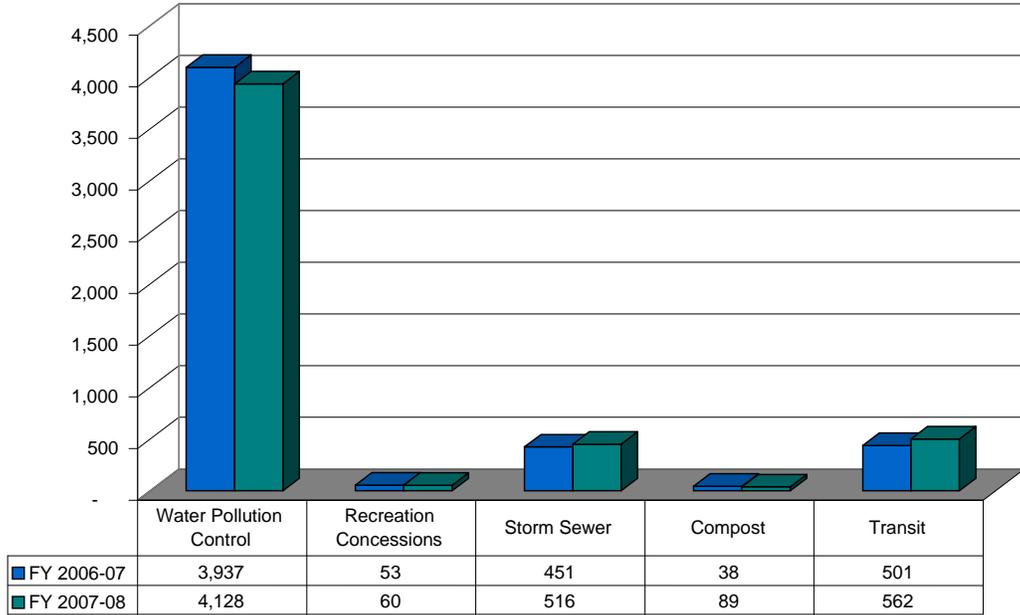
Business-type Revenues as a Percent –Two Year Comparison

2007-2008

2006-2007



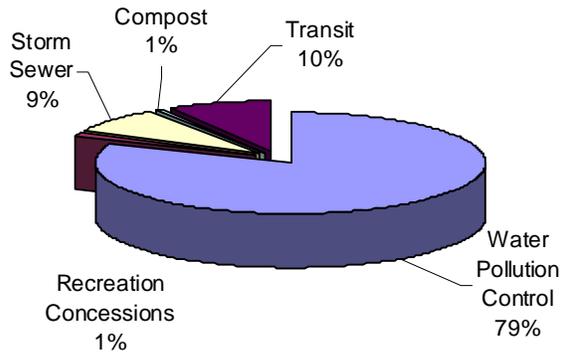
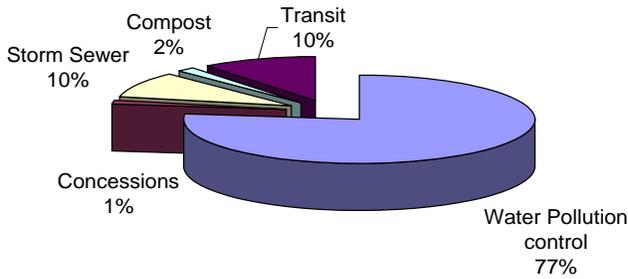
**City of Marshalltown's Changes in Net Assets
Business-type – Expenses – Two Year Comparison
(per \$1,000's)**



Business-type Expenses as a Percent – Two Year Comparison

2007-2008

2006-2007



Total Governmental & Business-type Activities

	FY 2007-08	FY 2006-07	Increase (decrease)
Revenues:			
Program Revenues:			
Charges for services	\$ 7,078,559	\$ 6,593,773	\$ 484,786
Operating Grants and Contributions	6,297,328	5,992,209	305,119
Capital Grants and contributions	1,735,997	3,137,893	(1,401,896)
General Revenues			
Property and other taxes	13,557,035	13,220,972	336,063
Grants & Contributions not restricted to specific programs	368,341	343,333	25,008
Other	1,503,493	1,209,088	294,405
Total Revenues	30,540,753	30,497,268	43,485
Expenses:			
Public safety	7,542,266	7,221,486	320,780
Public works	5,083,392	4,002,011	1,081,381
Health and social services	1,273,679	1,404,277	(130,598)
Culture and recreation	2,900,972	2,477,842	423,130
Community and economic development	1,795,613	1,992,572	(196,959)
General government	1,120,708	1,271,344	(150,636)
Interest on long term debt	841,587	910,061	(68,474)
Business type	5,355,155	4,978,653	376,502
Total expenses	25,913,372	24,258,246	1,655,126
Increase (decrease) in net assets before transfers	4,627,381	6,239,022	(1,611,641)
Transfers	-	-	-
Increase (decrease) in net assets	4,627,381	6,239,022	(1,611,641)
Net Assets - beginning of year	61,174,303	54,935,281	6,239,022
Net assets - end of year	\$ 65,801,684	\$ 61,174,303	\$ 4,627,381

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City of Marshalltown uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The financial reporting focus of the City of Marshalltown's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information may be useful in assessing the City of Marshalltown's financing requirements. In particular, *unreserved fund balance* may serve as useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Marshalltown's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$13,423,007, an increase of \$1,650,932 in comparison with the prior year. Of this total amount \$4,049,992 is unreserved fund balance, which is available to meet the future financial needs of the City. \$2,046,736, an increase of \$113,620, is designated for future equipment and capital maintenance, future cash flow and landfill fees. The remainder of fund balance is reserved to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed 1) to liquidate contracts and purchase orders of the prior period (\$299,582) 2) to fund various debt service payments (\$671,304), 3) for capital projects (\$5,783,116) and 4) a variety of other restricted purposes (\$572,277).

The General fund is the chief operating fund of the City of Marshalltown. At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance of the general fund was \$3,974,650. \$332,174 has been designated by management for subsequent year's expenditures. The general fund's total beginning fund balance was \$3,462,266, an increase of \$512,384 primarily as a result of the timing of expenditures. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unreserved fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unreserved fund balance represents 30 percent of total general fund expenditures (\$12,578,898), while total fund balance represents 32 percent of the same amount. This is approximately a 2% improvement over 2007-2008.

The Road Use Tax fund is apportioned to the City from the state gasoline taxes based upon population. This fund is used for street related purposes only. Major street resurfacing and reconstruction are scheduled each year in the spring after the impact of winter weather can be determined. At the end of the current fiscal year, the ending fund balance of \$1,559,594 is a slight decrease (\$520,975) compared to the prior year. Snow and ice removal are the greatest variable for this fund. The severity of this year's winter storms and market demand for gasoline and salt in Iowa proved to be detrimental to the City's streets, requiring major patching. Fluctuations in gasoline prices are not as dramatic as once thought so future allocations should not be hampered.

The second Lead Abatement program was sustained with another three-year grant. The program was extended into the county due to the high incidents of lead poisoning in young children. The City administers the grant in collaboration with many health and welfare agencies and the local hospital. Even though demand for this program generates a six to twelve month waiting list, federal funding has not been renewed for a third three year program in Marshalltown. The other Housing and Urban Development (HUD) Program activity is the Section 8 program.

The renewal of the Local Option Sales Tax referendum insures property tax relief (75%), storm sewer and other capital improvements (20%), and any project designated by the Council (5%) for the next nine years. Property tax relief dollars are transferred to other funds; therefore, the entire fund balance is reserved for capital projects. The increase in the balance this year (\$2,209,031) was due to revenues in excess of anticipation and further delays with storm sewer projects due to flooding in May and June of this fiscal year.

The Tax Increment Financing (TIF) fund does not qualify as a major fund this year, but has been included in order to give the reader consistency for this very important revenue source. Numerous projects are focusing on City private partnerships for the removal of blighted housing and economic growth. A CDBG grant awarded during this fiscal year will be matched with private and TIF funds to purchase and demolish various dilapidated buildings to be replaced with housing units, providing multifamily housing and put value added property back onto to the tax base, improving the surrounding neighborhood. Additional TIF funding was pledged during this year for a Downtown façade program. To date two projects were completed and another application is being reviewed. The City has also pledged support towards the renovation of the empty Fisher/Emerson Center Street factory (see the Transmittal narrative for more information on this conversion.)

A slight decrease (\$48,836) in the Debt Service fund reflects the City's participation in the refunding of various bond issues during the year. Any fund balances will continue to be used to defray debt related fees in the future.

Changes in the Public Works Capital Project funds were a decrease of \$123,585 over last year. Major projects in this area include various capital street construction or reconstruction projects. The city has continued its policy to fund capital street projects with a special assessment formula increasing the participation of property owners that benefit directly by the improvements. Recreation and Cultural Capital projects funds are very active with the construction of the new public library. See the Letter of Transmittal for additional information on this project. The third capital project fund is for projects at the airport. With 95% federal funding, the City is using the Capital Improvement Levy to fund the City's match requirements.

Proprietary funds. The City of Marshalltown's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

The ending net assets for the proprietary funds were \$34,571,442, a net asset increase of \$937,753.

Budgetary Highlights

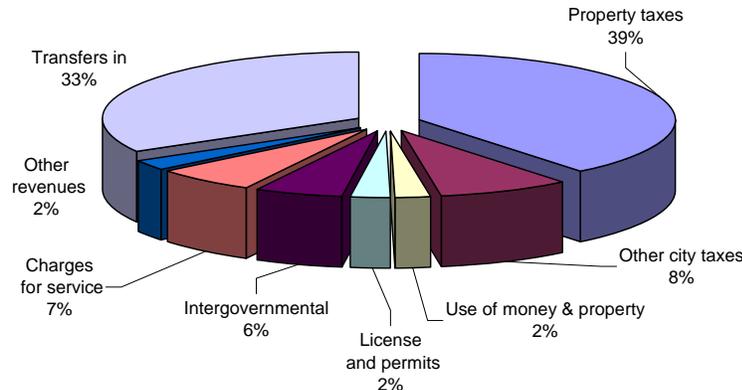
General Fund

Revenues and transfers in for the general fund operations, on the GAAP basis, exceed revenues estimates by \$262,733 and departmental expenditures and transfers out on the budgetary basis were less than appropriated amounts by \$197,046.

The following schedule presents a summary of General Fund revenues and transfers in on the GAAP basis for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008 and the amount and percentage of increases and decreases

Revenues	FY 2007-08	Percentage of Total	FY 2006-07	Percentage of Total	Change	Percentage of Change
Property taxes	\$ 5,206,474	39.2%	\$ 4,997,073	40.0%	\$ 209,401	27.6%
Other city taxes	1,104,766	8.3%	994,166	8.0%	110,600	14.5%
Use of money & property	276,391	2.1%	328,823	2.6%	(52,432)	(6.9%)
License and permits	365,034	2.8%	303,126	2.4%	61,908	8.2%
Intergovernmental	737,394	5.6%	779,658	6.2%	(42,264)	-5.6%
Charge for service	812,807	6.1%	848,204	6.7%	(35,397)	-4.7%
Other revenues	335,290	2.5%	317,937	2.5%	17,353	2.3%
Transfers in	4,440,529	33.4%	3,948,480	31.6%	492,049	64.6%
Total	13,278,685	100.0%	12,517,467	100.0%	761,218	100.0%

2008 General Fund Revenues and Transfers



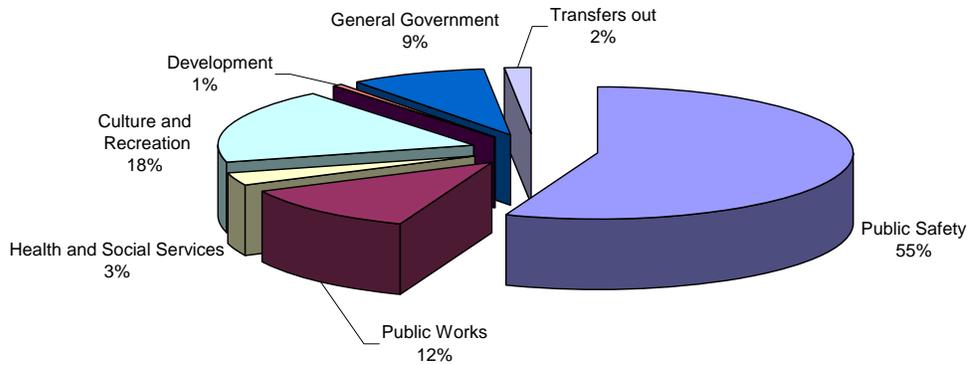
Current and prior year's property taxes continue to represent the largest revenue source, with \$5.2 million or 40% of all general fund revenues. The increase in property tax revenues from 2007 of \$209,401 is due to a modest increase in the taxable value of real estate. There was .0001 cent increase in tax rate for this fiscal year within the general fund. The next largest revenue is Transfers In. All general fund employee benefits are reflected in the operating fund even though a transfer is required from the special revenue fund, which collects the tax. The increase in transfers reflects the increase in benefits such as retirement and group health insurance.

In the General Fund, a 5.63% decrease in state grants and revenue sharing resulted in a \$42,264 decrease in intergovernmental revenues. The revenue generated through interest earnings decreased 7% due to market changes. Charges for services also decreased \$35,397 or 4.7%, revenues due primarily to a reduction in engineering fees for external services.

The following schedule represents a two year comparison summary of General Fund expenditures and transfers out on the GAAP basis of accounting and the percentage of increases and decreases in relation to prior year amounts:

Expenditures	FY 2007-08	Percentage of Total	FY 2006-07	Percentage of Total	Change	Percentage of Change
Public Safety	\$ 7,139,993	55.8%	\$ 6,830,710	56.4%	\$ 309,283	46.0%
Public Works	1,519,394	11.9%	1,374,000	11.3%	145,394	21.6%
Health and Social Services	389,309	3.0%	382,459	3.2%	6,850	1.0%
Culture and Recreation	2,348,308	18.4%	2,168,385	17.9%	179,923	26.8%
Community and Economic Development	85,452	0.7%	102,566	0.8%	(17,114)	-2.5%
General Government	1,096,442	8.6%	1,061,645	8.8%	34,797	5.2%
Transfers out	207,868	1.6%	194,650	1.6%	13,218	2.0%
Total	12,786,766	100.0%	12,114,415	100.0%	672,351	100.0%

2008 General Fund Expenditures and Transfers Out



Negotiated wage increased an average of approximately 3% were part of multiyear contracts for all but one union. New emphasis has been put on community inspections and beautification, demonstrated with the 10% increase in this area. Benefit and utility expenses are responsible for some expenditure increases across all functions even though supplies, other than gasoline, were kept to a minimum. Current cash flow projections and the management's stability of the City's general fund balance provide continued assurance that the City will not need to enter the short-term debt market to pay for current expenditures now or in the foreseeable future.

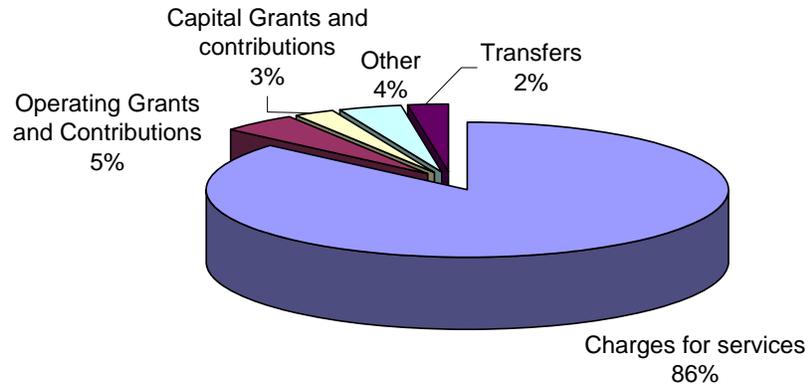
Enterprise Operations

The City's enterprise operations consist of five separately accounted for operations, which are administered by three different departments. Transit and the Compost facility are operated by the Public Works Department, Concessions is administered by Parks & Recreation and the WPC department administers Storm Water and Water Pollution Control.

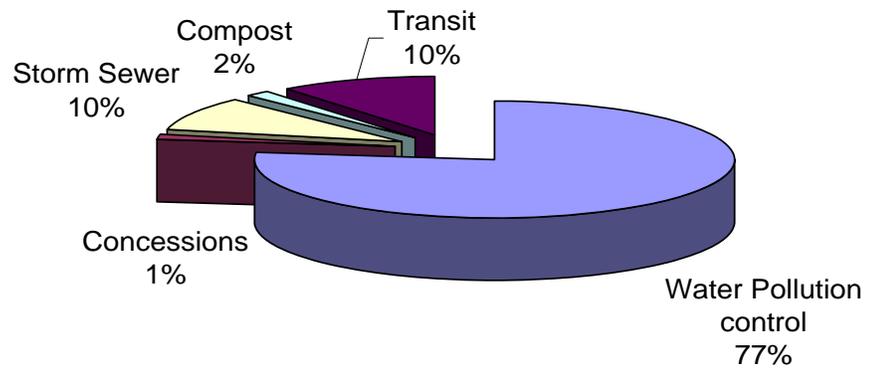
Operating revenues for the City's combined enterprise operations increased by \$675,930. This increase is primarily due to sanitary sewer fees. Transit revenues, decreased when compared to the prior year due to state and federal grants for equipment in 06-07. Total operating expenses for the combined enterprise operations increased by \$376,502. The increase in net assets was due to the reduction of debt related interest expense.

Revenues	FY 2007-08	Percentage of Total	FY 2006-07	Percentage of Total	Change	Percentage of Total
Operating Revenues						
Charges for services \$	5,437,389	86.4%	4,554,638	81.0%	\$ 882,751	130.6%
Operating Grants and Contributions	290,701	4.6%	253,130	4.5%	37,571	5.6%
Capital Grants and contributions	165,849	2.6%	239,065	4.3%	(73,216)	-10.8%
General Revenues						
Other	247,713	4.0%	255,923	4.6%	(8,210)	-1.2%
Transfers	151,256	2.4%	314,222	5.6%	(162,966)	-24.0%
Total Revenues and Transfers \$	6,292,908	100.0%	5,616,978	100.0%	\$ 675,930	100.0%
Business type Expenses						
Storm Sewer	516,213	9.6%	451,013	9.1%	65,200	17.3%
Water Pollution Control	4,127,563	77.1%	3,935,556	79.0%	192,007	51.0%
Compost	89,164	1.7%	37,472	.8%	51,692	13.7%
Recreation Concession	59,936	1.1%	53,291	1.1%	6,645	1.8%
Transit	562,279	10.1%	501,321	10.0%	60,958	16.2%
Total Expenditures and Transfers \$	5,355,155	100.0%	4,978,653	100.0%	\$ 376,502	100.0%

Revenues - Enterprise Operations 2008



Expenses – Enterprise Operations 2008



Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The City of Marshalltown's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities as of June 30, 2008 amount to \$115,048,164. This investment in capital assets includes land, land improvements, buildings, machinery and equipment, park facilities, roads, highways and sewers. The total increase in the City of Marshalltown's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was \$6,425,784

City of Marshalltown's 2008 Capital Assets

Governmental Activities

	FY 2007-08	FY 2006-07	Increase(decrease)
Land and Improvements	\$ 4,754,577	\$ 4,625,929	\$ 128,648
Buildings and Structures	7,882,370	7,906,889	(24,519)
Equipment and vehicles	12,044,725	11,881,297	163,428
Infrastructure	29,382,182	28,984,109	398,073
Construction in Progress	6,489,424	1,687,625	4,801,799
Total	\$ 60,553,278	\$ 55,085,849	\$ 5,467,429

Business Type Activities

	FY 2007-08	FY 2006-07	Increase(decrease)
Land and Improvements	\$ 2,454,919	\$ 2,454,919	\$ -
Buildings and Structures	11,180,948	11,167,092	13,856
Machinery and Equipment	13,380,886	13,250,576	130,310
Infrastructure, sewers & lift stations	26,777,473	26,470,417	307,056
Construction in Progress	700,660	193,527	507,133
Total	\$ 54,494,886	\$ 53,536,531	\$ 958,355

Total Governmental and Business Type Activities

	FY 2007-08	FY 2006-07	Increase(decrease)
Land and Improvements	\$ 7,209,196	\$ 7,080,548	\$ 128,648
Buildings and Structures	19,063,318	19,073,981	(10,663)
Machinery and Equipment	25,425,611	25,131,873	293,738
Infrastructure, sewers & lift stations	56,159,655	55,454,526	705,129
Construction in Progress	7,190,084	1,881,152	5,308,932
Total	\$ 115,048,164	\$ 108,622,380	\$6,425,784

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year include the following:

- The City completed multi-year street improvements on 6th St from Madison to Iowa Avenue
- Completion of the park and recreation shed at the Public Works facility.
- Additional land was acquired and prepared for the Library building

Additional information on the City of Marshalltown's capital assets can be found on pages 59-61 of this report.

Long-term debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Marshalltown had total bonded debt outstanding of \$27,536,884. Of this amount, \$21,941,884 comprises debt backed by the full faith and credit of the City. The remainder of the City of Marshalltown's debt represents bonds secured solely by revenues generated from the sanitary sewer rental fees.

General Obligation and Revenue Bonds
(Stated in 1,000)

Governmental Activities			
	FY 2007-08	FY 2006-07	Increase (decrease)
General obligation bonds and notes payable	\$ 21,942	\$ 15,921	\$ 6,021
Revenue bonds and notes payable	0	3,923	(3,923)
Total	\$ 21,942	\$ 19,844	\$ 2,098

Business Type Activities			
	FY 2007-08	FY 2006-07	Increase (decrease)
Revenue bonds and notes payable	\$ 5,595	\$ 6,161	\$ (566)

Total Governmental and Business Type Activities			
	FY 2007-08	FY 2006-07	Increase (decrease)
General obligation bonds and notes payable	\$ 21,942	\$ 15,921	\$ 6,021
Revenue bonds and notes payable	5,595	10,084	(4,489)
Total	\$ 27,537	\$ 26,005	\$ 1,532

The City of Marshalltown's total bonded debt increased by \$1,531,722 during the current fiscal year due to:

- The normal retirement of existing debt
- New bond issues to refund three issues and
- A new general obligation for the construction of the library

The City of Marshalltown's bond rating of A2 was upgraded to A1 by Moody's for its general obligation and revenue bonds in March of 2008.

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue to 5 percent of its total assessed valuation. The current debt limitation for the City of Marshalltown is \$59,509,176, which is significantly in excess of the City of Marshalltown's outstanding general obligation debt.

Additional information on the City of Marshalltown's long-term debt can be found in note 6 on pages 61-65 and in the long-term debt section of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

Marshalltown continues to sustain value as a viable economic center for Iowa. The local economy of the City remains strong and is creating more private public agreements to maintain that strength. The Main Street business district is working on various reconstruction projects and multi-family developments even though the City is experiencing a slow-down in housing starts. The greatest influence on the current stability of the City is with the expansion and rehabilitation of two key businesses, Fisher/Emerson and Alliant/Interstate Power. See the Transmittal letter for more information on the economic factors, initiatives and general activity of the fiscal year.

The budget for the ensuing fiscal year 2009 considers many factors and estimates about the finances of the upcoming year. Sales taxes collected by the state are stable but the forecast is to maintain a conservative projection for these revenue sources. The statewide police and fire retirement system is decreasing the city's contribution to seventeen percent reflecting the recovery from reduced interest earnings and contributions from the State. The pending completion of a new library, reconstruction and modernization of college facilities and retrofits to some of the downtown buildings indicates a busy year for the construction industry in our region. This trend will continue as Alliant and Fisher/Emerson continue progress on their expansions. A primary objective of the Council was to continue to provide basic city services to the citizens while attempting to keep the property tax rate substantially the same. The Council reaffirmed their goals towards a stronger emphasis on customer service and community cleanup. Street maintenance has gained new focus due to severe ice and snow storms during the preparation of the budget. The following items are also forefront in revenue and expenditure projections:

- The City may only issue general obligation debt for Highland Acres Road reconstruction and the reuse of the old library during the next year.
- The City's contribution rate for Police and Fire retirement system has decreased however due to changes in the stock market this trend will not continue
- All City employees covered by the IPERS retirement system will experience a half of a percent increase in contribution (both employer and employee)
- Compliance with sanitary and storm water regulations will be assessed over the next year before the City can adopt a plan for implementation.
- The cost of health care continues to rise. Cost containment and changes in the City's plan have curbed the drain on the plan due to bad claims in 2006 and early 2007.
- Developments in commercial and industrial ventures will positively impact the property tax base and sales tax revenues within the next two to five years. The Alliant Electric Utilities proposed power plant will have significant impact on the community in the areas of housing, employment, and construction. These developments should not have an adverse impact on City utilities. For more information on this announcement please refer to the Transmittal Letter found on pages 1-10 of this report.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Marshalltown's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report, or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Office of the Finance Director, 24 N. Center Street, Marshalltown, IA 50158-4911.

CITY OF MARSHALLTOWN, IOWA
STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS
JUNE 30, 2008

	Primary Government			Component Units	
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Marshalltown Water Works	Marshalltown Convention and Visitors Bureau
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 14,747,049	\$ 4,690,860	\$ 19,437,909	\$ 1,737,601	\$ 153,244
Receivables					
Property taxes					
Delinquent	112,835	-	112,835	-	-
Succeeding year	9,842,687	-	9,842,687	-	-
Accounts and unbilled usage	448,488	987,150	1,435,638	243,811	-
Interest	74,750	28,897	103,647	11,643	-
Internal balances	(2,216)	2,216	-	-	-
Due from component unit	11,941	228,071	240,012	-	-
Due from other governments	1,873,983	37,359	1,911,342	-	-
Inventories	-	44,941	44,941	-	-
Prepaid items	319,762	57,429	377,191	80,850	414
Deferred charges					
Bond issuance costs	68,758	30,422	99,180	-	-
Deferred amount on refunding	-	9,249	9,249	-	-
Bond discount	2,728	-	2,728	-	-
Restricted assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	-	949,146	949,146	105,986	-
Capital assets					
Land	3,366,503	575,024	3,941,527	1,113,721	-
Land improvements	1,388,074	1,879,895	3,267,969	-	-
Buildings and structures	7,882,370	11,180,948	19,063,318	9,521,480	-
Equipment and vehicles	12,044,725	13,380,886	25,425,611	2,392,188	82,721
Sanitary sewers and lift stations	-	15,578,528	15,578,528	-	-
Infrastructure	29,382,182	11,198,945	40,581,127	8,789,956	-
Construction in progress	6,489,424	700,660	7,190,084	-	-
Accumulated depreciation	(21,961,297)	(20,842,003)	(42,803,300)	(10,588,261)	(30,187)
Total assets	66,092,746	40,718,623	106,811,369	13,408,975	206,192

(continued)

CITY OF MARSHALLTOWN, IOWA
STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS (continued)
JUNE 30, 2008

	Primary Government			Component Units	
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Marshalltown Water Works	Marshalltown Convention and Visitors Bureau
Liabilities					
Accounts payable	\$ 1,481,994	\$ 303,129	\$ 1,785,123	\$ 74,666	\$ 8,009
Accrued payroll and payroll benefits	243,576	42,357	285,933	26,163	836
Retainage payable	226,163	31,150	257,313	-	-
Unearned revenue					
Succeeding year property tax	9,842,687	-	9,842,687	-	-
Other	139,140	-	139,140	-	-
Premium on bonds sold	9,645	4,589	14,234	-	-
Due to other governments	70,821	-	70,821	-	-
Accrued interest payable	112,861	14,829	127,690	-	-
Due to primary government	-	-	-	240,012	-
Liabilities payable from restricted assets					
Customer deposits	-	-	-	105,890	-
Noncurrent liabilities					
Due within one year					
Bonds and notes payable	2,563,841	575,000	3,138,841	-	-
Compensated absences payable	188,635	24,835	213,470	75,136	-
Due in more than one year					
Bonds and notes payable	19,378,043	5,020,000	24,398,043	-	-
Compensated absences payable	605,098	131,292	736,390	-	-
Total liabilities	<u>34,862,504</u>	<u>6,147,181</u>	<u>41,009,685</u>	<u>521,867</u>	<u>8,845</u>
Net assets					
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	19,020,002	28,057,883	47,077,885	11,229,084	52,534
Restricted for					
Capital projects	2,209,031	-	2,209,031	-	-
Improvements	-	250,000	250,000	-	-
Community and economic development	582,983	-	582,983	-	-
Debt service	671,304	699,146	1,370,450	-	-
Parks, nonexpendable	2,693	-	2,693	-	-
Unrestricted	<u>8,744,229</u>	<u>5,564,413</u>	<u>14,308,642</u>	<u>1,658,024</u>	<u>144,813</u>
Total net assets	<u>\$ 31,230,242</u>	<u>\$ 34,571,442</u>	<u>\$ 65,801,684</u>	<u>\$ 12,887,108</u>	<u>\$ 197,347</u>

CITY OF MARSHALLTOWN, IOWA
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

Functions/Programs	Expenses	Program Revenues		
		Charges for Service	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions
Primary government				
Governmental activities				
Public safety	\$ 7,542,266	\$ 186,932	\$ 782,820	\$ -
Public works	5,083,392	446,564	2,629,785	265,654
Health and social services	1,273,679	66,515	908,972	-
Culture and recreation	2,900,972	469,169	88,410	1,304,494
Community and economic development	1,795,613	312,835	1,596,640	-
General government	1,120,708	159,155	-	-
Interest on long-term debt	841,587	-	-	-
Total governmental activities	<u>20,558,217</u>	<u>1,641,170</u>	<u>6,006,627</u>	<u>1,570,148</u>
Business-type activities				
Water pollution control	4,127,563	4,915,786	73	-
Storm sewer	516,213	303,621	-	124,019
Compost	89,164	26,155	-	33,080
Transit	562,279	129,841	290,628	8,750
Concessions	59,936	61,986	-	-
Total business-type activities	<u>5,355,155</u>	<u>5,437,389</u>	<u>290,701</u>	<u>165,849</u>
Total primary government	<u>\$ 25,913,372</u>	<u>\$ 7,078,559</u>	<u>\$ 6,297,328</u>	<u>\$ 1,735,997</u>
Component units				
Water works	\$ 2,919,319	\$ 2,897,555	\$ -	\$ -
Convention and tourism	193,873	218,788	-	-
Total component units	<u>\$ 3,113,192</u>	<u>\$ 3,116,343</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
General Revenues				
Taxes				
Property				
Tax increment financing				
Local option sales				
Utility excise				
Hotel/motel				
Mobile homes				
Unrestricted				
State generated revenues				
Investment earnings				
Miscellaneous revenues				
Transfers				
Total general revenues and transfers				
Change in net assets				
Net assets - beginning				
Net assets - ending				

See notes to financial statements.

Net (Expense) Revenue and
Changes in Net Assets

Primary Government			Component Units	
Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Marshalltown Water Works	Marshalltown Convention and Visitors Bureau
\$ (6,572,514)	\$ -	\$ (6,572,514)	\$ -	\$ -
(1,741,389)	-	(1,741,389)	-	-
(298,192)	-	(298,192)	-	-
(1,038,899)	-	(1,038,899)	-	-
113,862	-	113,862	-	-
(961,553)	-	(961,553)	-	-
(841,587)	-	(841,587)	-	-
<u>(11,340,272)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(11,340,272)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
-	788,296	788,296	-	-
-	(88,573)	(88,573)	-	-
-	(29,929)	(29,929)	-	-
-	(133,060)	(133,060)	-	-
-	2,050	2,050	-	-
-	538,784	538,784	-	-
<u>\$ (11,340,272)</u>	<u>\$ 538,784</u>	<u>\$ (10,801,488)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (21,764)	\$ -
-	-	-	-	24,915
<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (21,764)</u>	<u>\$ 24,915</u>
\$ 7,821,311	\$ -	\$ 7,821,311	\$ -	\$ -
1,935,170	-	1,935,170	-	-
2,657,617	-	2,657,617	-	-
828,229	-	828,229	-	-
299,435	-	299,435	-	-
15,273	-	15,273	-	-
368,341	-	368,341	-	-
602,711	245,562	848,273	83,930	5,818
653,069	2,151	655,220	-	1,195
(151,256)	151,256	-	-	-
<u>15,029,900</u>	<u>398,969</u>	<u>15,428,869</u>	<u>83,930</u>	<u>7,013</u>
3,689,628	937,753	4,627,381	62,166	31,928
<u>27,540,614</u>	<u>33,633,689</u>	<u>61,174,303</u>	<u>12,824,942</u>	<u>165,419</u>
<u>\$ 31,230,242</u>	<u>\$ 34,571,442</u>	<u>\$ 65,801,684</u>	<u>\$ 12,887,108</u>	<u>\$ 197,347</u>

CITY OF MARSHALLTOWN, IOWA
BALANCE SHEET
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
JUNE 30, 2008

	Special Revenue Funds			
	General	Road Use Tax	HUD Programs	Local Option Sales Tax
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,887,597	\$ 1,570,644	\$ 726,739	\$ 2,371,958
Receivables				
Property taxes				
Delinquent	64,955	-	-	-
Succeeding year	6,197,781	-	-	-
Accounts and unbilled usage	341,915	-	39,371	-
Interest	29,693	-	-	6,443
Due from other funds	877,230	-	999	-
Due from component unit	11,941	-	-	-
Due from other governments	245,136	178,402	319,624	427,597
Prepaid items	254,813	6,311	13,399	-
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Total assets	<u>\$ 10,911,061</u>	<u>\$ 1,755,357</u>	<u>\$ 1,100,132</u>	<u>\$ 2,805,998</u>
Liabilities and fund balances				
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$ 135,427	\$ 22,328	\$ 87,307	\$ 7,356
Accrued payroll and payroll benefits	231,631	-	9,735	-
Retainage payable	-	-	-	-
Deferred revenue				
Succeeding year property tax	6,197,781	-	-	-
Other	298,535	-	218,804	-
Due to other governments	70,821	-	-	-
Due to other funds	2,216	173,435	201,303	589,611
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Total liabilities	<u>6,936,411</u>	<u>195,763</u>	<u>517,149</u>	<u>596,967</u>
Fund balances				
Reserved for				
Prepaid items	254,813	6,311	13,399	-
Debt service	-	-	-	-
Endowments	-	-	-	-
Community and economic development	-	-	569,584	-
Capital projects	-	-	-	2,209,031
Unreserved, designated for				
Future equipment and capital maintenance	63,822	-	-	-
Future cash flow	1,714,562	-	-	-
Future landfill fees	268,352	-	-	-
Unreserved, undesignated	1,673,101	1,553,283	-	-
Unreserved, reported in nonmajor				
Special revenue funds	-	-	-	-
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Total fund balances	<u>3,974,650</u>	<u>1,559,594</u>	<u>582,983</u>	<u>2,209,031</u>
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Total liabilities and fund balances	<u>\$ 10,911,061</u>	<u>\$ 1,755,357</u>	<u>\$ 1,100,132</u>	<u>\$ 2,805,998</u>

See notes to financial statements.

Tax Increment Financing	Property Tax	Debt Service	Capital Projects Funds			Other Governmental Funds	Total
			Public Works and Other Projects	Culture and Recreation Projects			
\$ 422,323	\$ 52,270	\$ 196,164	\$ 1,622,797	\$ 2,495,272	\$ 627,306	\$ 12,973,070	
15,760	6,404	20,713	5,003	-	-	112,835	
-	683,191	2,485,040	476,675	-	-	9,842,687	
-	-	-	57,452	9,750	-	448,488	
878	439	15,510	11,431	1,601	3,630	69,625	
-	582,135	-	-	-	-	1,460,364	
-	-	-	-	-	-	11,941	
2,200	1,152	3,674	104,684	314,762	276,162	1,873,393	
-	-	-	-	5,214	19,845	299,582	
<u>\$ 441,161</u>	<u>\$ 1,325,591</u>	<u>\$ 2,721,101</u>	<u>\$ 2,278,042</u>	<u>\$ 2,826,599</u>	<u>\$ 926,943</u>	<u>\$ 27,091,985</u>	
\$ 2,542	\$ -	\$ 3,150	\$ 93,143	\$ 696,957	\$ 79,107	\$ 1,127,317	
-	-	-	-	-	2,210	243,576	
-	-	-	20,661	184,510	20,992	226,163	
-	683,191	2,485,040	476,675	-	-	9,842,687	
34	65	192	55,959	-	122,245	695,834	
-	-	-	-	-	-	70,821	
-	413,696	-	4,950	-	77,369	1,462,580	
<u>2,576</u>	<u>1,096,952</u>	<u>2,488,382</u>	<u>651,388</u>	<u>881,467</u>	<u>301,923</u>	<u>13,668,978</u>	
-	-	-	-	5,214	19,845	299,582	
438,585	-	232,719	-	-	-	671,304	
-	-	-	-	-	2,693	2,693	
-	-	-	-	-	-	569,584	
-	-	-	1,626,654	1,939,918	7,513	5,783,116	
-	-	-	-	-	-	63,822	
-	-	-	-	-	-	1,714,562	
-	-	-	-	-	-	268,352	
-	228,639	-	-	-	-	3,455,023	
-	-	-	-	-	594,969	594,969	
<u>438,585</u>	<u>228,639</u>	<u>232,719</u>	<u>1,626,654</u>	<u>1,945,132</u>	<u>625,020</u>	<u>13,423,007</u>	
<u>\$ 441,161</u>	<u>\$ 1,325,591</u>	<u>\$ 2,721,101</u>	<u>\$ 2,278,042</u>	<u>\$ 2,826,599</u>	<u>\$ 926,943</u>	<u>\$ 27,091,985</u>	

CITY OF MARSHALLTOWN, IOWA
RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET
TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS
JUNE 30, 2008

Total governmental fund balances \$ 13,423,007

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in governmental funds.

The cost of capital assets is	\$ 60,553,278	
Accumulated depreciation is	<u>(21,961,297)</u>	
		38,591,981

Some of the City's revenues will be collected after year-end but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds. Those revenues consist of:

Property tax revenue	327	
Mobile home taxes	703	
Intergovernmental revenue	439,425	
Charges for service	<u>255,379</u>	
		695,834

Internal service funds are used by the City's management to charge the costs of self-insurance programs to the individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net assets.

1,306,057

Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the funds.

Those liabilities consist of:

Long-term debt, net of deferrals	(21,880,043)	
Accrued interest on the bonds	(112,861)	
Compensated absences	<u>(793,733)</u>	
		<u>(22,786,637)</u>

Net assets of governmental activities \$ 31,230,242

CITY OF MARSHALLTOWN, IOWA
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

	Special Revenue Funds			
	General	Road Use Tax	HUD Programs	Local Option Sales Tax
Revenues				
Property taxes	\$ 5,206,474	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
TIF revenues	-	-	-	-
Other city taxes	1,104,766	-	-	2,657,617
Use of money and property	276,391	-	11,475	110,363
Licenses and permits	365,034	-	-	-
Intergovernmental	737,394	2,228,579	2,315,668	-
Charges for service	812,807	-	-	-
Special assessments	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	335,290	-	56,740	-
Total revenues	<u>8,838,156</u>	<u>2,228,579</u>	<u>2,383,883</u>	<u>2,767,980</u>
Expenditures				
Current				
Public safety	7,139,993	-	-	6,922
Public works	1,519,394	1,573,427	-	140,024
Health and social services	389,309	-	842,260	-
Culture and recreation	2,348,308	-	-	-
Community and economic development	85,452	-	1,405,072	-
General government	1,082,602	-	-	10,149
Debt service				
Principal	13,840	-	-	-
Interest and other fiscal charges	-	-	-	-
Total expenditures	<u>12,578,898</u>	<u>1,573,427</u>	<u>2,247,332</u>	<u>157,095</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	<u>(3,740,742)</u>	<u>655,152</u>	<u>136,551</u>	<u>2,610,885</u>
Other financing sources (uses)				
Sale of governmental assets	20,465	-	-	-
General obligation bonds issued	-	-	-	-
General obligation refunding bonds issued	-	-	-	-
Payment of refunded bonds	-	-	-	-
Transfers in	4,440,529	-	23,180	-
Transfers out	(207,868)	(1,176,127)	-	(2,161,791)
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>4,253,126</u>	<u>(1,176,127)</u>	<u>23,180</u>	<u>(2,161,791)</u>
Net change in fund balances	512,384	(520,975)	159,731	449,094
Fund balances - beginning	<u>3,462,266</u>	<u>2,080,569</u>	<u>423,252</u>	<u>1,759,937</u>
Fund balances - ending	<u>\$ 3,974,650</u>	<u>\$ 1,559,594</u>	<u>\$ 582,983</u>	<u>\$ 2,209,031</u>

See notes to financial statements.

Tax Increment Financing	Property Tax	Debt Service	Capital Projects Funds			Other Governmental Funds	Total
			Public Works and Other Projects	Culture and Recreation Projects			
\$ -	\$ 511,834	\$ 1,702,327	\$ 400,360	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,820,995	
1,935,170	-	-	-	-	-	1,935,170	
-	56,781	173,488	44,496	-	260,188	4,297,336	
62,539	16,807	44,793	65,236	8,550	20,872	617,026	
-	-	-	-	-	-	365,034	
20,366	21,191	66,144	826,059	718,197	653,728	7,587,326	
-	-	-	947	-	60,952	874,706	
-	-	-	27,766	-	317	28,083	
20,205	-	-	8,000	641,718	95,241	1,157,194	
<u>2,038,280</u>	<u>606,613</u>	<u>1,986,752</u>	<u>1,372,864</u>	<u>1,368,465</u>	<u>1,091,298</u>	<u>24,682,870</u>	
-	8,121	-	-	-	625,483	7,780,519	
164,697	-	-	1,247,449	-	101,054	4,746,045	
-	-	-	-	-	53,198	1,284,767	
-	-	-	-	4,906,108	134,787	7,389,203	
23,396	-	-	-	-	-	1,513,920	
-	-	-	680	-	-	1,093,431	
1,133,711	-	1,004,727	-	-	-	2,152,278	
428,535	-	762,449	-	-	-	1,190,984	
<u>1,750,339</u>	<u>8,121</u>	<u>1,767,176</u>	<u>1,248,129</u>	<u>4,906,108</u>	<u>914,522</u>	<u>27,151,147</u>	
<u>287,941</u>	<u>598,492</u>	<u>219,576</u>	<u>124,735</u>	<u>(3,537,643)</u>	<u>176,776</u>	<u>(2,468,277)</u>	
-	-	-	-	-	-	20,465	
-	-	-	-	5,000,000	-	5,000,000	
-	-	10,455,000	-	-	-	10,455,000	
-	-	(11,205,000)	-	-	-	(11,205,000)	
-	2,154,314	481,588	312,243	-	94,623	7,506,477	
<u>(481,588)</u>	<u>(3,020,785)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(560,563)</u>	<u>(45,000)</u>	<u>(4,011)</u>	<u>(7,657,733)</u>	
<u>(481,588)</u>	<u>(866,471)</u>	<u>(268,412)</u>	<u>(248,320)</u>	<u>4,955,000</u>	<u>90,612</u>	<u>4,119,209</u>	
(193,647)	(267,979)	(48,836)	(123,585)	1,417,357	267,388	1,650,932	
<u>632,232</u>	<u>496,618</u>	<u>281,555</u>	<u>1,750,239</u>	<u>527,775</u>	<u>357,632</u>	<u>11,772,075</u>	
<u>\$ 438,585</u>	<u>\$ 228,639</u>	<u>\$ 232,719</u>	<u>\$ 1,626,654</u>	<u>\$ 1,945,132</u>	<u>\$ 625,020</u>	<u>\$ 13,423,007</u>	

CITY OF MARSHALLTOWN, IOWA
RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES,
EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF
ACTIVITIES
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

Net change in fund balances – total governmental funds \$ 1,650,932

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

However, in the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.

In the current period, these amounts are:

Capital outlay	\$ 5,923,147	
Depreciation expense	<u>(2,009,812)</u>	
Net change in capital assets		3,913,335

Because some revenues will not be collected for several months after the City’s fiscal year end, they are not considered “available” revenues and are deferred in the governmental funds. Deferred revenues increased (decreased) by these amounts this year:

Property taxes	316	
Mobile home taxes	(217)	
Intergovernmental	(384,539)	
Charges for services	<u>19,825</u>	
Net effect		(364,615)

Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets and does not affect the statement of activities. In the current period, these amounts are:

Debt repayments	13,357,278	
Debt proceeds	<u>(15,455,000)</u>	
Net effect		(2,097,722)

Some items reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

These activities consist of:

Decrease in accrued interest and bond issuance costs amortized	(53,798)	
Decrease in compensated absences	<u>13,490</u>	
Total additional expenses		(40,308)

Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The net expense of the internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.

Change in net assets of governmental activities	<u>\$ 3,689,628</u>	
See notes to financial statements.		40

CITY OF MARSHALLTOWN, IOWA
STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS
PROPRIETARY FUNDS
JUNE 30, 2008

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds				Governmental
	Water Pollution Control	Storm Sewer	Enterprise - Nonmajor	Total	Activities - Internal Service Funds
Assets					
Current assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,908,534	\$ 327,961	\$ 454,365	\$ 4,690,860	\$ 1,773,979
Receivables					
Accounts and unbilled usage	951,294	31,619	4,237	987,150	-
Interest	25,724	1,069	2,104	28,897	5,125
Due from other funds	-	-	2,216	2,216	3,367
Due from component unit	203,073	24,998	-	228,071	-
Due from other governments	-	-	37,359	37,359	590
Inventories	40,804	-	4,137	44,941	-
Prepaid items	37,949	9,335	10,145	57,429	20,180
Deferred charges					
Bond issuance costs	30,422	-	-	30,422	-
Deferred amount on refunding	9,249	-	-	9,249	-
Total current assets	<u>5,207,049</u>	<u>394,982</u>	<u>514,563</u>	<u>6,116,594</u>	<u>1,803,241</u>
Noncurrent assets					
Restricted assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	949,146	-	-	949,146	-
Capital assets					
Land	364,920	199,667	10,437	575,024	-
Land improvements	1,606,799	30,000	243,096	1,879,895	-
Buildings and structures	10,470,900	6,000	704,048	11,180,948	-
Equipment and vehicles	12,486,283	97,944	796,659	13,380,886	-
Sanitary sewers and lift stations	15,549,084	29,444	-	15,578,528	-
Infrastructure	-	11,198,945	-	11,198,945	-
Construction in progress	683,658	17,002	-	700,660	-
Accumulated depreciation	<u>(17,346,527)</u>	<u>(2,761,875)</u>	<u>(733,601)</u>	<u>(20,842,003)</u>	<u>-</u>
Total noncurrent assets	<u>24,764,263</u>	<u>8,817,127</u>	<u>1,020,639</u>	<u>34,602,029</u>	<u>-</u>
Total assets	<u>29,971,312</u>	<u>9,212,109</u>	<u>1,535,202</u>	<u>40,718,623</u>	<u>1,803,241</u>

(continued)

CITY OF MARSHALLTOWN, IOWA
STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS (continued)
PROPRIETARY FUNDS
JUNE 30, 2008

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds				Governmental
	Water Pollution Control	Storm Sewer	Enterprise - Nonmajor	Total	Activities - Internal Service Funds
Liabilities					
Current liabilities					
Accounts payable	\$ 280,002	\$ 6,528	\$ 16,599	\$ 303,129	\$ 354,677
Accrued payroll and payroll benefits	25,853	6,773	9,731	42,357	-
Unearned revenue	-	-	-	-	139,140
Retainage payable	31,150	-	-	31,150	-
Premium on bonds sold	4,589	-	-	4,589	-
Due to other governments	-	-	-	-	-
Due to other funds	-	-	-	-	3,367
Accrued interest payable	14,829	-	-	14,829	-
Compensated absences	14,479	6,846	3,510	24,835	-
Sewer revenue capital loan note	315,000	-	-	315,000	-
Revenue bonds	260,000	-	-	260,000	-
Total current liabilities	<u>945,902</u>	<u>20,147</u>	<u>29,840</u>	<u>995,889</u>	<u>497,184</u>
Noncurrent liabilities					
Compensated absences	105,446	13,858	11,988	131,292	-
Sewer revenue capital loan note	3,725,000	-	-	3,725,000	-
Revenue bonds	1,295,000	-	-	1,295,000	-
Total noncurrent liabilities	<u>5,125,446</u>	<u>13,858</u>	<u>11,988</u>	<u>5,151,292</u>	<u>-</u>
Total liabilities	<u>6,071,348</u>	<u>34,005</u>	<u>41,828</u>	<u>6,147,181</u>	<u>497,184</u>
Net assets					
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	18,220,117	8,817,127	1,020,639	28,057,883	-
Restricted net assets for					
Bond and interest payments	699,146	-	-	699,146	-
Improvements	250,000	-	-	250,000	-
Unrestricted	4,730,701	360,977	472,735	5,564,413	1,306,057
Total net assets	<u>\$ 23,899,964</u>	<u>\$ 9,178,104</u>	<u>\$ 1,493,374</u>	<u>\$ 34,571,442</u>	<u>\$ 1,306,057</u>

CITY OF MARSHALLTOWN, IOWA
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS
PROPRIETARY FUNDS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds				Governmental
	Water Pollution Control	Storm Sewer	Enterprise - Nonmajor	Total	Activities - Internal Service Funds
Operating revenues					
Charges for service	\$ 4,584,414	\$ 303,621	\$ 217,982	\$ 5,106,017	\$ 2,109,626
Miscellaneous	300,111	-	-	300,111	251,579
Total operating revenues	<u>4,884,525</u>	<u>303,621</u>	<u>217,982</u>	<u>5,406,128</u>	<u>2,361,205</u>
Operating expenses					
Salaries and benefits	1,165,996	206,219	322,554	1,694,769	-
Services and supplies	1,556,968	76,758	309,700	1,943,426	13,381
Claims paid	23,398	-	-	23,398	1,473,123
Health insurance premiums	-	-	-	-	213,068
Depreciation	1,184,012	233,236	79,125	1,496,373	-
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	-	94,006
Total operating expenses	<u>3,930,374</u>	<u>516,213</u>	<u>711,379</u>	<u>5,157,966</u>	<u>1,793,578</u>
Operating income (loss)	<u>954,151</u>	<u>(212,592)</u>	<u>(493,397)</u>	<u>248,162</u>	<u>567,627</u>
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)					
Federal and state grants	73	-	290,628	290,701	-
Interest income	212,420	19,400	13,742	245,562	60,379
Miscellaneous income	31,261	-	-	31,261	-
Interest and other debt expense	(197,189)	-	-	(197,189)	-
Gain on disposal of fixed assets	-	-	2,151	2,151	-
Net nonoperating revenues (expenses)	<u>46,565</u>	<u>19,400</u>	<u>306,521</u>	<u>372,486</u>	<u>60,379</u>
Income (loss) before capital contributions and transfers	1,000,716	(193,192)	(186,876)	620,648	628,006
Capital contributions	-	124,019	41,830	165,849	-
Transfers in	-	-	151,256	151,256	-
Change in net assets	1,000,716	(69,173)	6,210	937,753	628,006
Total net assets - beginning	<u>22,899,248</u>	<u>9,247,277</u>	<u>1,487,164</u>	<u>33,633,689</u>	<u>678,051</u>
Total net assets - ending	<u>\$ 23,899,964</u>	<u>\$ 9,178,104</u>	<u>\$ 1,493,374</u>	<u>\$ 34,571,442</u>	<u>\$ 1,306,057</u>

CITY OF MARSHALLTOWN, IOWA
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
PROPRIETARY FUNDS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds				Governmental
	Water	Storm	Enterprise -	Total	Activities -
	Pollution Control	Sewer	Nonmajor		Internal Service Funds
Cash flows from operating activities					
Cash received from customers	\$ 4,288,705	\$ 301,633	\$ 216,129	\$ 4,806,467	\$ 2,110,425
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services	(1,388,014)	(74,260)	(341,376)	(1,803,650)	(1,770,960)
Cash payments to employees for services	(1,158,952)	(199,276)	(316,034)	(1,674,262)	-
Other operating revenue	<u>300,111</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>300,111</u>	<u>251,579</u>
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	<u>2,041,850</u>	<u>28,097</u>	<u>(441,281)</u>	<u>1,628,666</u>	<u>591,044</u>
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities					
Transfers from other funds	-	-	151,256	151,256	-
Grants received	73	-	290,628	290,701	-
Other noncapital financing received	31,261	-	-	31,261	-
Increase in due from other funds	-	-	(238)	(238)	(3,367)
Decrease in due to other funds	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(2,600)</u>
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities	<u>31,334</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>441,646</u>	<u>472,980</u>	<u>(5,967)</u>
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities					
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	-	2,151	2,151	-
Acquisition and construction of property and equipment	(809,637)	(6,512)	-	(816,149)	-
Payment of debt	(566,000)	-	-	(566,000)	-
Interest paid	<u>(191,372)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(191,372)</u>	<u>-</u>
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities	<u>(1,567,009)</u>	<u>(6,512)</u>	<u>2,151</u>	<u>(1,571,370)</u>	<u>-</u>
Cash flows from investing activities					
Interest received on investment securities	<u>227,213</u>	<u>21,409</u>	<u>14,372</u>	<u>262,994</u>	<u>66,651</u>
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	733,388	42,994	16,888	793,270	651,728
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning	<u>4,124,292</u>	<u>284,967</u>	<u>437,477</u>	<u>4,846,736</u>	<u>1,122,251</u>
Cash and cash equivalents, ending	<u>\$ 4,857,680</u>	<u>\$ 327,961</u>	<u>\$ 454,365</u>	<u>\$ 5,640,006</u>	<u>\$ 1,773,979</u>

(continued)

CITY OF MARSHALLTOWN, IOWA
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (continued)
PROPRIETARY FUNDS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds				Governmental
	Water Pollution Control	Storm Sewers	Enterprise - Nonmajor	Total	Activities - Internal Service Funds
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities					
Operating income (loss)	<u>\$ 954,151</u>	<u>\$ (212,592)</u>	<u>\$ (493,397)</u>	<u>\$ 248,162</u>	<u>\$ 567,627</u>
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities					
Depreciation	1,184,012	233,236	79,125	1,496,373	-
Changes in assets and liabilities					
Increase in receivables	(295,709)	(1,988)	(36,636)	(334,333)	-
Decrease (increase) in inventories and prepaid items	(243)	(866)	(78)	(1,187)	4,344
Increase in accounts payable	214,232	3,364	3,185	220,781	16,813
Increase in accrued liabilities	7,044	6,943	6,520	20,507	-
Increase (decrease) in due to other governments	(21,637)	-	-	(21,637)	1,461
Increase in unearned revenue	-	-	-	-	799
Total	<u>1,087,699</u>	<u>240,689</u>	<u>52,116</u>	<u>1,380,504</u>	<u>23,417</u>
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	<u>\$ 2,041,850</u>	<u>\$ 28,097</u>	<u>\$ (441,281)</u>	<u>\$ 1,628,666</u>	<u>\$ 591,044</u>
Noncash capital activities					
Contributions of capital assets from other funds and outside sources	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 124,019</u>	<u>\$ 41,830</u>	<u>\$ 165,849</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

CITY OF MARSHALLTOWN, IOWA
STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS
FIDUCIARY FUNDS
JUNE 30, 2008

	Police Pension Trust	Agency Funds
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 633	\$ 408,511
Accrued interest	-	650
	<u>633</u>	<u>409,161</u>
Total assets		
Liabilities		
Accrued payroll and payroll benefits	-	230,065
Due to Friends of the Library	-	159,475
Due to Sleuth User Group	-	15,987
Due to other governments	-	3,634
	<u>-</u>	<u>409,161</u>
Total liabilities		
Net assets		
Held in trust for pension benefits	<u>\$ 633</u>	

CITY OF MARSHALLTOWN, IOWA
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS
FIDUCIARY FUNDS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

	<u>Police Pension Trust</u>
Additions	
Contributions, employer	\$ 8,036
Deductions	
Benefits	<u>7,562</u>
Change in net assets	474
Net assets - beginning	<u>159</u>
Net assets - ending	<u>\$ 633</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CITY OF MARSHALLTOWN, IOWA
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Marshalltown, Iowa (City) was incorporated in 1863 under the laws of the state of Iowa, later amended in July 1975, under the City Home Rule Act. The City operates by ordinance under the Mayor-Council form of government and provides such services as are authorized by its charter to advance the welfare, health, comfort, safety, and convenience of the City and its inhabitants.

The accounting and reporting policies of the City relating to the accompanying financial statements conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) applicable to state and local governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following represents the more significant accounting and reporting policies and practices used in the preparation of these financial statements:

Reporting Entity

For financial reporting purposes, the City of Marshalltown, Iowa, has included all funds, organizations, agencies, boards, commissions, and authorities. The City has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the City are such that exclusion would cause the City's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the City to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens, on the City.

These financial statements present the City of Marshalltown, Iowa (the primary government) and its component units. The following component units are entities which are legally separate from the City, but are financially accountable to the City or whose relationship with the City is such that exclusion would cause the City's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Discretely presented component units are reported in separate columns in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the City.

Discretely Presented Component Units: The Marshalltown Water Works (Water Works) was established to operate the City's water works facilities. The Water Works is governed by a three-member board of trustees appointed by the Mayor. A financial benefit/burden relationship exists between the City and the Water Works in that the City is authorized by statute to issue general obligation debt for a City utility and may certify taxes for the payment of the debt. The Water Works is presented as a proprietary fund type and has a June 30 year-end.

The Marshalltown Convention and Visitors Bureau (Bureau) was established to promote and develop the visitor and convention business and for economic development within the community. The Bureau is governed by a nine-member board of directors comprised of two members appointed solely by the City Council, two members appointed solely by the Executive Board of the Chamber of Commerce and five members appointed jointly by the City Council and Executive Board of the Chamber of Commerce, from the general public (one member) and the hospitality industry (four members). The Bureau may not borrow money or issue bonds without written permission of the City. The Bureau is presented as a proprietary fund type and has a May 31 year-end.

CITY OF MARSHALLTOWN, IOWA
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2008

Complete financial statements for each of the individual component units may be obtained at the respective entity's administrative office as follows:

Marshalltown Water Works
205 East State Street
Marshalltown, Iowa 50158

Marshalltown Convention and Visitors Bureau
709 South Center Street
Marshalltown, Iowa 50158

Jointly Governed Organizations: The City also participates in several jointly governed organizations for which the City is not financially accountable or that the nature and significance of the relationship with the City are such that exclusion does not cause the City's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The City Council is a member of or appoints representatives to the following boards and commissions: Mid Iowa Drug Task Force, Marshall County Emergency Management Commission, Marshall County Communication Commission, Marshall County Assessor's Conference Board and the Marshall County Solid Waste Management Commission. Financial transactions relating to these organizations are included in the City's financial statements only to the extent of the City's contributions, if any, to these organizations.

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from certain legally separate *component units* for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The Statement of Net Assets presents the City's nonfiduciary assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as net assets. Net assets are reported in three categories.

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances for bonds, notes, and other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted net assets result when constraints placed on net asset use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net assets consist of net assets not meeting the definition of the two preceding categories. Unrestricted net assets often have constraints on resources imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

CITY OF MARSHALLTOWN, IOWA
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2008

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment, including special assessments. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor governmental funds.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary fund and pension trust fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt are reported as other financing sources.

Agency fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting but have no measurement focus.

Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they have been levied, provided they are collected within 60 days after year-end. Sales taxes are considered measurable and available at the time the underlying transaction occurs provided they are collected within 60 days after year-end. Other taxes are considered measurable and available when they have been collected by the state or other levying authority. Special assessments receivable are recognized at the time of their levy. The related revenue is recognized at the time the assessment is due or collected. Licenses and permits, fines and forfeitures, and miscellaneous revenues are generally recognized as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recognized as earned.

CITY OF MARSHALLTOWN, IOWA
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2008

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *Road Use Tax Fund* is used to account for the operations of street related expenses. Financing is provided by the City's share of state gasoline taxes, which are received on a per capita basis. State law requires these revenues to be received and disbursed in a special fund.

The *HUD Programs Fund* is used to account for the operations of a Federal Section 8 rental voucher assistance program, a grant from HUD to assist with security deposits and first month's rent program, and lead abatement program.

The *Local Option Sales Tax Fund* is used to account for the sale and service taxes collected to be applied to general property tax relief, and for storm sewer maintenance and improvements and related street repairs.

The *Tax Increment Financing Fund* is used to account for revenue taxes levied for specific uses within the designated district. Specific uses may include the construction of infrastructure and payments associated with debt and other development agreements.

The *Property Tax Fund* is used to account for property tax collections for the emergency fund levy and employee benefits, which are then transferred to the general fund.

The *Debt Service Fund* is used to account for the servicing of general obligation debt.

The *Public Works and Other Projects Fund* is used to account for resources used in the acquisition and construction of capital facilities and other fixed assets with the exception of those that are financed through the Culture and Recreation Projects Fund, Airport Projects Fund, or through proprietary funds.

The *Culture and Recreation Projects Fund* is used to account for resources used in the acquisition and construction of capital facilities and other capital assets associated with the City's culture and recreation function.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The *Water Pollution Control Fund* is used to account for the operation and maintenance of the City's wastewater treatment facility and sanitary sewer. Services are supported primarily by user charges.

The *Storm Sewer Fund* is used to account for the operation of the City's storm sewers. Services are supported primarily by user charges.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

Internal service funds account for group insurance benefits, occupational insurance benefits, flexible benefits, and workmen's compensation benefits provided to other departments on a cost reimbursement basis.

CITY OF MARSHALLTOWN, IOWA
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2008

The Police Pension Trust Fund is used to account for pensions of disabled and retired policemen as provided by Chapter 410 of the Code of Iowa.

Agency funds function primarily as a clearing mechanism for cash resources which are collected by the City, held as such for a brief period and then disbursed to the authorized recipient. The agency funds of the City are used for payroll clearing activities, and to hold investments for the Friends of the Library.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the *option* of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The City has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the City's water pollution control function and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Under terms of grant agreements, the City funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net assets available to finance the program. It is the City's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants and then by general revenues.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise funds and of the City's internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments. The City maintains a cash and investment pool. These pooled deposits are invested in interest-bearing cash accounts or certificates of deposit. Interest on the pooled cash and investments is recognized as revenue when earned and allocated to the funds on a systematic basis. However, interest of the Road Use Tax Fund is credited directly to the General Fund. Cash and investments are separately held by the discretely presented component units for which interest is also recognized as revenue when earned.

Investments are reported at fair value. Securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates. The City invests in the Iowa Public Agency Investment Trust which is a 2a7-like pool. The Iowa Public Agency Investment Trust is a common law trust established under Iowa law and is administrated by an appointed investment management company. The fair value of the position in the trust is the same as the value of the shares.

CITY OF MARSHALLTOWN, IOWA
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2008

Property Tax Receivable, Including Tax Increment Financing. Property tax, including tax increment financing, in governmental funds is accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Property tax receivable is recognized on the levy or lien date, which is the date that the tax asking is certified by the City to the County Board of Supervisors. Current year delinquent property taxes receivable represents unpaid taxes from the current year. The succeeding year property tax receivable represents taxes certified by the City to be collected in the next fiscal year for the purposes set out in the budget for the next fiscal year. By statute, the City is required to certify its budget to the County Auditor by March 15 of each year for the subsequent fiscal year. However, by statute, the tax asking and budget certification for the following fiscal year becomes effective on the first day of that year. Although the succeeding year property tax receivable has been recorded, the related revenue is deferred and will not be recognized as revenue until the year for which it is levied.

The County Treasurer bills and collects taxes for the City. Taxes for the year ended June 30, 2008, were certified with the County during the preceding fiscal year and were due in two equal installments by September 30, 2007 and March 31, 2008. Any County collections on the 2007-2008 tax levy remitted to the City within sixty days subsequent to June 30, 2008, are recorded as property tax revenues. Taxes not collected and remitted to the City within sixty days subsequent to June 30, 2008, are delinquent and have been recorded as receivables. This amount is recorded as deferred revenue in the governmental funds but is recognized as revenue in the government-wide financial statements.

Accounts Receivable and Unbilled Usage. Accounts receivable are recorded at the time the service is billed. Unbilled usage for service consumed between periodic scheduled billing dates is estimated and is recognized as revenue in the period in which the service is provided.

Due From and Due to Other Funds. Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

Due From Other Governments. Due from other governments represents various shared revenues, grants, and reimbursements from other governments. Shared revenues are recognized during the period when received by the collecting authority, the State of Iowa. Federal grant revenue is recognized when expenditures for the purpose of the grant have been incurred in the government-wide financial statements and as long as it meets the measurable and available criteria in the governmental fund statements.

Inventories and Prepaid Items. Inventories of materials and supplies in the proprietary fund types are stated at cost (first-in, first-out).

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items. Reported prepaid items in governmental funds are equally offset by a fund balance reserve, which indicates they are unavailable for appropriation.

CITY OF MARSHALLTOWN, IOWA
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2008

Restricted Assets. Funds set aside for the payment of City enterprise and component unit revenue bonds are classified as restricted assets since their use is restricted by applicable bond indentures. Other restricted assets include funds for customer deposits restricted for application to unpaid customer accounts or for refund to customers.

Deferred Revenue in Governmental Funds. Although certain revenues are measurable, they may not be available. Available means collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Deferred revenue represents the amount of assets that have been recognized, but the related revenue has not been recognized since the assets are not collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Deferred revenue consists of property tax receivable, special assessments receivable, succeeding year property tax receivable, and other receivables not collected within sixty days after year-end.

Unearned revenue in the Statement of Net Assets consists of succeeding year property tax and tax increment financing receivable that will not be recognized as revenue until the year for which they are levied.

Compensated Absences. City employees accumulate a limited amount of earned but unused vacation, compensatory time and sick leave hours for subsequent use or for payment upon termination, death, or retirement. Accumulated sick leave is generally paid at 25%, not to exceed 1,440 hours for municipal fire employees and 1,040 hours for all others, upon retirement if the employee has at least 15 years of service. All vacation and sick leave is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary financial statements. Governmental funds record the earned vacation and vested sick leave hours as an expenditure of the current year to the extent it is paid during the year. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements. The compensated absences liability has been computed based on rates of pay in effect as of June 30, 2008.

Water Works employees accumulate a limited amount of earned but unused vacation hours for subsequent use or for payment upon termination, retirement, or death. The liability is recorded on the statement of net assets based on rates of pay in effect as of June 30, 2008.

Long-Term Obligations. In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight line method.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

CITY OF MARSHALLTOWN, IOWA
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2008

Fund Equity. In the governmental fund financial statements, reservations of fund balance represent amounts that are not appropriable or are legally restricted for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change. In the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund financial statements, restrictions of net assets are limited to outside third-party restrictions.

Capital Assets. Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (\$50,000 for infrastructure) and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. All land is recorded regardless of cost. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. All infrastructure of the City has been recorded to date.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government is depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	<u>Years</u>
Land improvements	10-30
Buildings and structures	30-50
Equipment and vehicles	5-30
Sanitary sewers and lift stations	30-50
Infrastructure	20-50

Property, plant and equipment of the Water Works is depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives.

	<u>Years</u>
Plants, wells, and storage	10-40
Distribution property	50-99
Meters	10-20
Vehicles	5
Equipment	7-10

Statement of Cash Flows – Cash Equivalents. For purposes of the statement of cash flows for the proprietary funds and the component units, all short-term cash investments that are highly liquid (including restricted assets) are considered to be cash equivalents. Cash equivalents are readily convertible to known amounts of cash, and at the day of purchase they have a maturity date no longer than three months.

CITY OF MARSHALLTOWN, IOWA
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 2 – BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

The budgetary comparison and related disclosures are reported as Required Supplementary Information. During the year ended June 30, 2008, disbursements did not exceed the amount budgeted.

NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits. On June 30, 2008, the carrying amount of the City’s deposits was \$16,288,299 and the bank balances were \$16,707,938. The City’s deposits in banks at June 30, 2008, were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by the State Sinking Fund in accordance with Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa. This chapter provides for additional assessments against the depositories to insure there will be no loss of public funds.

As of June 30, 2008, the City’s carrying amount of deposits, related bank balances, and other cash, including fiduciary funds, were as follows:

	<u>Carrying Amount</u>	<u>Bank Balance</u>
Demand deposits	\$ 2,784,799	\$ 3,207,938
Certificates of deposits	13,500,000	13,500,000
Petty cash	3,500	-
Total	<u>\$ 16,288,299</u>	<u>\$ 16,707,938</u>

The City invests in the Diversified portfolio of the Iowa Public Agency Investment Trust (IPAIT). IPAIT was created pursuant to Iowa Code Chapter 28E in 1987 to enable eligible Iowa public agencies to safely and effectively invest their available operating and reserve funds. The Diversified portfolio has followed established money market mutual fund investment parameters designed to maintain a \$1 per unit net asset value since inception and was registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) in accordance with 17 C.F.R. Section 270,2a-7 in May 1993. The Diversified Fund was among the first local government investment pools in the country to do so and has been formally regulated by the SEC since that time. The fair value of the City's position in the IPAIT pool is the same as the value of the pool. The City's investment in the Diversified portfolio at June 30, 2008 was \$4,507,900.

The Marshalltown Water Works’ carrying amount of deposits was \$1,843,587 all of which was covered by federal depository insurance or insured by the state through pooled collateral, State Sinking Funds and by the state’s ability to assess for lost funds.

The Convention and Visitors Bureau’s deposits carrying amount and bank balance amount was \$153,244 all of which was covered by federal depository insurance.

The City and the Water Works are authorized by statute to invest public funds in obligations of the United States government, its agencies and instrumentalities; certificates of deposit or other evidences of deposit at federally insured depository institutions approved by the City Council or Board of Trustees and the Treasurer of the State of Iowa; prime eligible bankers acceptances; certain high rated commercial paper; perfected repurchase agreements; certain registered open-end management investment companies; certain joint investment trusts; and warrants or improvement certificates of a drainage district.

CITY OF MARSHALLTOWN, IOWA
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2008

Interest Rate Risk. The City's investment policy limits the investments of operating funds (funds expected to be expended in the current budget year or within fifteen months of receipt) in instruments that mature within 397 days. Funds not identified as operating funds may be invested in instruments with maturities longer than 397 days, but the maturities shall be consistent with the needs and use of the City. The City did not hold any instruments with a maturity greater than 397 days during the year.

Credit Risk. The City's investment policy limits investments in commercial paper and other corporate debt to the top two highest classifications. The City did not invest in any commercial paper or other corporate debt during the year. The City's investment in IPAIT is unrated.

Concentration of Credit Risk. The City's investment policy does not allow for a prime bankers' acceptance or commercial paper and other corporate debt balances to be greater than ten percent of its total deposits and investments. The policy also limits the amount that can be invested in a single issue to five percent of its total deposits and investments. The City held no such investments during the year.

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The City's deposits are entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by the State Sinking Fund in accordance with Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa. This chapter provides for additional assessments against the depositories to insure there will be no loss of public funds.

Custodial Credit Risk – Investments. For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City had no custodially-held investments during the year.

NOTE 4 – INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS

Interfund balances as of June 30, 2008, consisted of the following:

Due to general fund from	
Road use tax	\$ 173,435
HUD programs	201,303
Local option sales tax	7,476
Property tax	412,697
Public works and other projects	4,950
Nonmajor governmental funds	<u>77,369</u>
Total due to general fund	<u>\$ 877,230</u>
Due to HUD Programs from	
Property tax	<u>\$ 999</u>
Due to property tax fund from	
Local option sales tax	<u>\$ 582,135</u>
Due to nonmajor enterprise fund	
Local option sales tax	<u>\$ 2,216</u>

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CITY OF MARSHALLTOWN, IOWA
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2008

Due to internal service fund
 Internal service fund \$ 3,367

The interfund balances result from time lag between the time expenditures were incurred and when the actual transfer is made.

Due to/from primary government and component unit:

Receivable Entity	Payable Entity	Amount
Primary Government:	Component Unit:	
Governmental Fund, General Fund	Water Works	\$ 11,941
Enterprise Fund, Water Pollution Control	Water Works	203,073
Enterprise Fund, Storm Sewer	Water Works	24,998

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2008, consisted of the following:

Transfers to general fund from	
Road use tax	\$ 908,884
Local option sales tax	7,477
Property tax	2,997,605
Public works and other projects	<u>526,563</u>
Total transfers to general fund	<u>\$ 4,440,529</u>
Transfers to HUD programs fund from	
Property tax	<u>\$ 23,180</u>
Transfers to property tax fund from	
Local option sales tax	<u>\$ 2,154,314</u>
Transfers to debt service fund from	
Tax increment financing	<u>\$ 481,588</u>
Transfers to public works and other projects fund from	
Road use tax	\$ 267,243
Culture and recreation projects	<u>45,000</u>
Total transfers to public works and other projects fund	<u>\$ 312,243</u>
Transfers to nonmajor governmental funds from	
General fund	\$ 56,612
Public works and other projects	34,000
Non major governmental funds	<u>4,011</u>
Total transfers to nonmajor governmental funds	<u>\$ 94,623</u>

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CITY OF MARSHALLTOWN, IOWA
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2008

Transfers to nonmajor enterprise funds from
 General \$ 151,256

Transfers are used to (1) move property tax revenues from the fund that state statute requires to collect them to the fund that expends the associated expenditure, (2) offset public works salaries within the general fund with road use tax dollars collected, and (3) move a portion of local option sales tax to the fund that is receiving the property tax relief.

NOTE 5 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2008, was as follows:

	Balance June 30, 2007	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2008
Primary Government				
Governmental activities				
Capital assets, not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 3,237,855	\$ 128,648	\$ -	\$ 3,366,503
Construction in progress	<u>1,687,625</u>	<u>5,945,187</u>	<u>(1,143,388)</u>	<u>6,489,424</u>
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	<u>4,925,480</u>	<u>6,073,835</u>	<u>(1,143,388)</u>	<u>9,855,927</u>
Capital assets, being depreciated				
Buildings and structures	7,906,889	-	(24,519)	7,882,370
Land improvements	1,388,074	-	-	1,388,074
Equipment and vehicles	11,881,297	630,102	(466,674)	12,044,725
Infrastructure	<u>28,984,109</u>	<u>419,831</u>	<u>(21,758)</u>	<u>29,382,182</u>
Total capital assets, being depreciated	<u>50,160,369</u>	<u>1,049,933</u>	<u>(512,951)</u>	<u>50,697,351</u>
Less accumulated depreciation for				
Buildings and structures	(3,048,175)	(185,664)	22,336	(3,211,503)
Land improvements	(299,807)	(75,160)	-	(374,967)
Equipment and vehicles	(5,678,330)	(701,160)	428,427	(5,951,063)
Infrastructure	<u>(11,380,891)</u>	<u>(1,047,828)</u>	<u>4,955</u>	<u>(12,423,764)</u>
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>(20,407,203)</u>	<u>(2,009,812)</u>	<u>455,718</u>	<u>(21,961,297)</u>
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	<u>29,753,166</u>	<u>(959,879)</u>	<u>(57,233)</u>	<u>28,736,054</u>
Governmental activities capital assets, net	<u>\$ 34,678,646</u>	<u>\$ 5,113,956</u>	<u>\$ (1,200,621)</u>	<u>\$ 38,591,981</u>

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CITY OF MARSHALLTOWN, IOWA
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2008

	Balance June 30, 2007	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2008
Business-type activities				
Capital assets, not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 575,024	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 575,024
Construction in progress	193,527	690,170	(183,037)	700,660
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	<u>768,551</u>	<u>690,170</u>	<u>(183,037)</u>	<u>1,275,684</u>
Capital assets, being depreciated				
Buildings and structures	11,167,092	13,856	-	11,180,948
Land improvements	1,879,895	-	-	1,879,895
Equipment and vehicles	13,250,576	185,104	(54,794)	13,380,886
Sanitary sewers and lift stations	15,578,528	-	-	15,578,528
Infrastructure	10,891,889	307,056	-	11,198,945
Total capital assets, being depreciated	<u>52,767,980</u>	<u>506,016</u>	<u>(54,794)</u>	<u>53,219,202</u>
Less accumulated depreciation for				
Buildings and structures	(3,857,607)	(344,074)	-	(4,201,681)
Land improvements	(1,181,831)	(70,411)	-	(1,252,242)
Equipment and vehicles	(8,137,311)	(527,088)	54,794	(8,609,605)
Sanitary sewers and lift stations	(3,769,757)	(332,687)	-	(4,102,444)
Infrastructure	(2,453,918)	(222,113)	-	(2,676,031)
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>(19,400,424)</u>	<u>(1,496,373)</u>	<u>54,794</u>	<u>(20,842,003)</u>
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	<u>33,367,556</u>	<u>(990,357)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>32,377,199</u>
Business-type activities capital assets, net	<u>\$ 34,136,107</u>	<u>\$ (300,187)</u>	<u>\$ (183,037)</u>	<u>\$ 33,652,883</u>

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CITY OF MARSHALLTOWN, IOWA
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2008

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities	
Public safety	\$ 248,436
Public works	1,344,210
Health and social services	1,465
Culture and recreation	384,403
Community and economic development	11,890
General government	<u>19,408</u>
Total depreciation expense – governmental activities	<u>\$ 2,009,812</u>
Business-type activities	
Water pollution control	\$ 1,184,012
Storm sewer	233,236
Compost facility	12,495
Bus transit	<u>66,630</u>
Total depreciation expense – business-type activities	<u>\$ 1,496,373</u>

NOTE 6 – LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of changes in the City’s long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2008:

	Balance June 30, 2007	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2008	Due Within One Year
Governmental activities					
Compensated absences payable	\$ 807,223	\$ 217,866	\$ 231,356	\$ 793,733	\$ 188,635
General obligation bonds and notes payable	15,920,724	15,455,000	9,433,840	21,941,884	2,563,841
Urban renewal tax increment revenue bonds and notes payable	<u>3,923,438</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>3,923,438</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
	<u>20,651,385</u>	<u>15,672,866</u>	<u>13,588,634</u>	<u>22,735,617</u>	<u>2,752,476</u>

CITY OF MARSHALLTOWN, IOWA
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2008

	Balance June 30, 2007	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2008	Due Within One Year
Business-type activities					
Compensated absences payable	\$ 144,341	\$ 36,728	\$ 24,942	\$ 156,127	\$ 24,835
Enterprise funds, revenue bonds payable	1,815,000	-	260,000	1,555,000	260,000
Sewer revenue capital loan note payable	4,346,000	-	306,000	4,040,000	315,000
	<u>6,305,341</u>	<u>36,728</u>	<u>590,942</u>	<u>5,751,127</u>	<u>599,835</u>
Total	<u>\$26,956,726</u>	<u>\$15,709,594</u>	<u>\$14,179,576</u>	<u>\$28,486,744</u>	<u>\$ 3,352,311</u>

For the governmental activities compensated absences are generally liquidated by the general fund.

The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt for the discretely presented component unit – Water Works for the year ended June 30, 2008:

	Balance June 30, 2007	Additions	Retirements	Balance June 30, 2008	Due Within One Year
Revenue bonds payable	\$ 365,000	-	\$ 365,000	-	-

Bonded Debt. Details of the City's bonds and notes payable as of June 30, 2008, are as follows:

	Interest Rates	Govern- mental Activities	Business- type Activities	Total
General obligation bonds and notes				
2002B Essential corporate purpose refunding bonds, issued April 1, 2002	4.05	\$ 465,000	-	\$ 465,000
2003A Essential corporate purpose refunding bonds, issued April 1, 2003	2.95-3.75	1,905,000	-	1,905,000
2004A Essential corporate purpose, issued June 1, 2004	5.50-6.00	1,900,000	-	1,900,000
Equipment loan note, issued February 1, 2005	-	96,884	-	96,884
2005B Essential corporate purpose refunding bonds, issued April 1, 2005	3.25-3.65	900,000	-	900,000

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CITY OF MARSHALLTOWN, IOWA
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2008

	Interest Rates	Govern- mental Activities	Business- type Activities	Total
2006A Capital loan notes, issued June 1, 2006	4.15-4.38	\$ 1,220,000	\$ -	\$ 1,220,000
2008A Essential corporate purpose refunding bonds, issued April 1, 2008	3.50	8,990,000	-	8,990,000
2008B Essential corporate purpose, issued April 1, 2008	3.50-4.00	5,000,000	-	5,000,000
2008C Essential corporate purpose refunding bonds, issued April 1, 2008	3.50	<u>1,465,000</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,465,000</u>
Total general obligation bonds and notes		<u>21,941,884</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>21,941,884</u>
Revenue bonds and notes				
Water Pollution Control capital loan notes, Series 2003, issued May 15, 2003	3.00	-	4,040,000	4,040,000
Water Pollution Control refunding bonds, Series 2005A, issued April 1, 2005	3.55-3.85	<u>-</u>	<u>1,555,000</u>	<u>1,555,000</u>
Total revenue bonds and notes		<u>-</u>	<u>5,595,000</u>	<u>5,595,000</u>
Total long-term debt		<u>\$ 21,941,884</u>	<u>\$ 5,595,000</u>	<u>\$ 27,536,884</u>

The resolutions providing for the issuance of the City's revenue bonds include the following provisions:

- (1) The bonds will only be redeemed from the future earnings of the enterprise activity and the bond holders hold a lien on the future earnings of the fund.
- (2) Sufficient monthly transfers shall be made to a separate sewer revenue bond and interest sinking fund for the purpose of making the bond principal and interest payments when due.
- (3) Additional monthly transfers shall be made to a separate sewer revenue debt service reserve fund until a specific minimum balance has been accumulated. This account is restricted for the purpose of paying bond principal and interest payments due when insufficient money is available in the sinking fund.
- (4) Additional monthly transfers to a sewer improvement fund shall be made until a specific minimum balance has been accumulated. This account is restricted for the purpose of paying for any additional improvements, extensions or repairs to the system. This account may be used to pay principal or interest on the bonds when there shall be insufficient money in the sinking fund and the reserve fund and the cost of extraordinary maintenance expenses or repairs, renewals, and replacements not included in the annual budget for capital improvements.

CITY OF MARSHALLTOWN, IOWA
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2008

The urban renewal tax increment revenue bonds were issued for the purpose of defraying a portion of the costs of carrying out urban renewal projects of the City. The bonds are not a general obligation of the City. The bonds are payable solely from the income and proceeds of the Urban Renewal Tax Increment Fund, which has been established as a special revenue fund of the City, and the taxes are to be paid into the fund in accordance with Chapter 403.19 of the Code of Iowa. The proceeds of the urban renewal tax increment revenue bonds shall be expended only for purposes which are consistent with the plans of the City's urban renewal area.

Future Requirements to Maturity. Principal and interest requirements to maturity for the City's bonds and notes outstanding as of June 30, 2008, are as follows:

Years Ending June 30	General Obligation Bonds and Notes		Water Pollution Control Revenue Bonds	
	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2009	\$ 2,563,841	\$ 846,297	\$ 260,000	\$ 56,753
2010	2,393,840	709,972	260,000	47,523
2011	2,333,841	626,839	260,000	38,293
2012	2,353,840	544,468	260,000	29,063
2013	2,228,841	460,039	255,000	19,573
2014-2018	8,417,681	1,158,155	260,000	10,010
2019-2023	1,650,000	196,000	-	-
Total	\$ 21,941,884	\$ 4,541,770	\$ 1,555,000	\$ 201,215

Years Ending June 30	Water Pollution Control Capital Loan Note		Total Business-type Activities	
	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2009	\$ 315,000	\$ 121,200	\$ 575,000	\$ 177,953
2010	325,000	111,750	585,000	159,273
2011	335,000	102,000	595,000	140,293
2012	345,000	91,950	605,000	121,013
2013	355,000	81,600	610,000	101,173
2014-2018	1,941,000	241,650	2,201,000	251,660
2019	424,000	12,720	424,000	12,720
Total	\$ 4,040,000	\$ 762,870	\$ 5,595,000	\$ 964,085

Current Refundings. The City issued \$10,455,000 of general obligation refunding bonds to provide the resources to refinance two essential corporate purpose general obligation bonds, 1999A, and 2002A issues, and the 1999C Urban Renewal Tax increment revenue bonds. This current refunding was undertaken to reduce total debt service payments. The result of refunding these three issues reduced debt service payments by \$1,004,536 over the lives of the issues. The net present value benefit to the City is \$639,814. These savings can be attributed to the restructuring of the repayment schedule and reduction in the interest rates.

CITY OF MARSHALLTOWN, IOWA
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2008

Legal Debt Margin. The City's legal debt margin as of June 30, 2008, is as follows:

Regular realty valuations	\$ 1,027,939,554
Utility valuations	107,436,245
Incremental valuations	<u>54,807,718</u>
Total actual valuations applicable to debt	<u>\$ 1,190,183,517</u>
Debt limit - 5% of total actual valuations applicable to debt	<u>\$ 59,509,176</u>
Amount of debt applicable to limitation	
General obligation bonds and notes	\$ 21,941,884
Less funds available from	
Debt service fund	232,719
Tax increment financing	<u>438,585</u>
Total debt applicable to debt margin	<u>21,270,580</u>
Legal debt margin	<u>\$ 38,238,596</u>

NOTE 7 – PENSION AND RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

The City has three pension and retirement systems that cover substantially all of its employees. These systems are the Municipal Fire and Police Retirement System of Iowa, Chapter 410 Police Pension System, and the Iowa Public Employees Retirement System. The Water Works, a component unit, maintains the Marshalltown Water Works Supplemental Retirement Pension System.

Municipal Fire and Police Retirement System of Iowa. The City contributes to the Municipal Fire and Police Retirement System of Iowa (the Plan), which is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by a Board of Trustees. The Plan provides retirement, disability, and death benefits which are established by state statute to plan members and beneficiaries. The Plan issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to Municipal Fire and Police Retirement System of Iowa, 7155 Lake Drive, West Des Moines, Iowa 50263.

Plan members are required to contribute 9.35% of earnable compensation and the City was required to contribute 25.48% for the year ended June 30, 2008, 27.75% for 2007, and 28.21% for 2006, of earnable compensation. Contribution requirements are established by state statute. The City's contributions to the Plan for the years ended June 30, 2008, 2007, and 2006, were \$882,493, \$928,981, and \$899,448, respectively, which met the required minimum contribution for each year.

Chapter 410 Police Pension System. Chapter 410 of the Code of Iowa creates a retirement system for police officers of any City qualified to participate under this Chapter. Any duly appointed member of the police department whose appointment occurred before March 2, 1934, or police who had been making payments of membership fees and assessments prior to July 1, 1971, may be a member of the system. The pension plan is accounted for by the City in the Pension Trust Fund.

CITY OF MARSHALLTOWN, IOWA
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The plan, a single-employer defined benefit pension plan, is administered by the Police Pension Board of Trustees and provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. The benefits are established under state statute and provide for full retirement benefits at age 50 with 22 years or more of service. Full benefits are equal to fifty percent of the monthly salary at retirement or disability and twenty-five percent of the monthly salary at death.

There is one active beneficiary in the plan. The plan is normally funded through a property tax levy, and currently the City expects to continue to levy the tax as long as the benefit is required to be paid equal to the required contributions for the year. This year there were sufficient funds on hand negating the need for an additional levy. The City's contributions to the retirement system for the years ended June 30, 2008, 2007, and 2006, were \$7,562, \$7,360, and \$7,133, respectively.

Iowa Public Employees Retirement System (IPERS). The City contributes to the Iowa Public Employees Retirement System (IPERS) which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the state of Iowa. IPERS provides retirement and death benefits which are established by state statute to plan members and beneficiaries. IPERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to IPERS, P.O. Box 9117, Des Moines, Iowa 50306-9117.

Plan members are required to contribute 3.90% of their annual covered salary and the City is required to contribute 6.05% of annual covered salary. Contribution requirements are established by state statute. The City's contributions to IPERS for the years ended June 30, 2008, 2007, and 2006, were \$278,688, \$256,434, and \$248,170, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

Marshalltown Water Works Supplemental Retirement Pension System. The Marshalltown Water Works Supplemental Retirement Pension System (Plan) is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that covers all full-time Water Works employees. The plan provides retirement, death, and disability benefits to plan members. The plan is administered by American Trust and Savings Bank. The Supplemental Retirement Pension System does not have an audited report available for review.

The plan was established by the Marshalltown Water Works Board of Trustees on September 30, 1953. The plan was restated and amended on January 1, 1986. The contribution requirements of plan members and the Water Works are established by the Board of Trustees and may be amended by the Board of Trustees at any time. Contribution percentages are actuarially determined rates. Plan members are required to contribute 3.25% of their annual covered salary. The Water Works is required to contribute 6.75% of annual covered payroll.

The Water Works annual pension cost and net pension obligation to the plan for the current year were as follows:

Annual required contribution	\$	34,708
Annual pension cost		34,708
Contributions made		34,708
Increase in net pension obligation		-
Net pension obligations, beginning of year		-
Net pension obligations, end of year		-

CITY OF MARSHALLTOWN, IOWA
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The annual required contribution for the current year was estimated based on the April 1, 2004, actuarial valuation using the frozen entry age actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions included (a) 8.0% investment rate of return and (b) projected salary increases of 5%. Both (a) and (b) include an inflation component and postretirement benefit increases of 0%. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as an open period, level dollar. The information disclosing the remaining years to amortize is not available to the City.

Three-Year Trend Information			
Fiscal Year Ending	Annual Pension Cost (APC)	Percentage of APC Contributed	Net Pension Obligation
June 30, 2008	\$ 34,708	100.0%	\$ -
June 30, 2007	31,193	100.0%	-
June 30, 2006	29,456	100.0%	-

For employees who choose not to participate in the Marshalltown Water Works Supplemental Retirement Pension System (Plan), the Water Works contributes to the Iowa Public Employees Retirement System (IPERS) which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the state of Iowa. IPERS provides retirement and death benefits which are established by state statute to plan members and beneficiaries. IPERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to IPERS, P.O. Box 9117, Des Moines, Iowa 50306-9117.

Plan members are required to contribute 3.90% of their annual covered salary and the Water Works is required to contribute 6.05% of annual covered salary. Contribution requirements are established by state statute. The Water Works' contributions to IPERS for the years ended June 30, 2008, 2007, and 2006, were \$23,482, \$22,694 and \$22,471, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

NOTE 8 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The City provides post employment life and healthcare benefits, as allowed by Chapter 509A of the Code of Iowa, to all City employees (bargaining unit and non bargaining unit) who retire from the City. Upon normal retirement, as defined by the respective retirement system or disability retirement as defined under Chapter 411 of the Code of Iowa, all employees with at least 15 years of continuous service are eligible for the City to pay one-half of the City's group health insurance monthly premiums. Currently, 57 retirees, 4 surviving spouses, and 1 former employee have maintained the City's group health and accident insurance coverage, of which 49 meet the eligibility requirements for the City to pay one-half or a portion of the cost of such insurance. Expenditures for postemployment health care benefits are recognized on a monthly basis when the premiums are paid. During the year ended June 30, 2008, the City paid \$433,458 in premiums for postemployment health care coverage, of which \$234,460 was reimbursed to the City by the insured individuals and \$198,998 represents the City's cost of the coverage.

CITY OF MARSHALLTOWN, IOWA
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2008

Effective July 1, 2008, the City will pay one-half of the monthly City group health insurance premium until the retired employee is eligible for Medicare. Dependents of retirees retiring on or after July 1, 2008, who are not eligible for Medicare coverage will be allowed to remain in the City's group insurance benefit plans until the earliest of these events: 1) The spouse or other dependent becomes eligible for Medicare or 2) two years from the date of the City's retiree became eligible for Medicare, during which two years the spouse or other eligible covered dependents will be billed at the same percentage of premium to which the employee was entitled upon his/her retirement from the City. Currently, six City employees are not eligible for Medicare and will be allowed to remain in the City's group insurance benefit plan indefinitely.

NOTE 9 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is a member in the Iowa Communities Assurance Pool (the Pool), as allowed by Chapter 670.7 of the Code of Iowa. The Pool is a local government risk-sharing pool whose over 563 members include various governmental entities throughout the State of Iowa. The Pool was formed in August 1986 for the purpose of managing and funding third-party liability claims against its members. The Pool provides coverage and protection in the following categories: general liability, automobile liability, automobile physical damage, public officials' liability, police professional liability, property, inland marine, and boiler/machinery. There have been no reductions in insurance coverage from prior years.

Each member's annual casualty contributions to the Pool fund current operations and provide capital. Annual operating contributions are those amounts necessary to fund, on a cash basis, the Pool's general and administrative expenses, claims, claims expenses, and reinsurance expenses due and payable in the current year, plus all or any portion of any deficiency in capital. Capital contributions are made during the first six years of membership and are maintained to equal 200% of the total current members' basis rates or to comply with the requirements of any applicable regulatory authority having jurisdiction over the Pool.

The Pool uses reinsurance and excess risk-sharing agreements to reduce its exposure to large losses. The Pool retains general, automobile, police professional and public officials' liability risks up to \$350,000 per claim. Claims exceeding \$350,000 are reinsured in an amount not to exceed \$2,650,000 per claim for a total of \$3,000,000 in coverage and \$5,000,000 in aggregate per year. For members requiring specific coverage from \$3,000,000 to \$10,000,000, such excess coverage is also reinsured. The City of Marshalltown has elected \$6,000,000 in coverage. Property and automobile physical damage risks are retained by the Pool up to \$100,000 each occurrence, each location, with excess coverage reinsured on an individual-member basis.

The Pool's intergovernmental contract with its members provides that in the event a casualty claim or series of claims exceeds the amount of risk-sharing protection provided by the member's risk-sharing certificate, or in the event that a series of casualty claims exhaust total members' equity plus any reinsurance and any excess risk-sharing recoveries, then payment of such claims shall be the obligation of the respective individual member. The City does not report a liability for losses in excess of reinsurance or excess risk-sharing recoveries unless it is deemed probable that such losses have occurred and the amount of such losses can be reasonably estimated. Accordingly, at June 30, 2008, no liability has been recorded in the City's financial statements. As of June 30, 2008, settled claims have not exceeded the risk pool or reinsurance coverage since the Pool's inception.

CITY OF MARSHALLTOWN, IOWA
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2008

Members agree to continue membership in the Pool for a period of not less than one full year. After such period, a member who has given sixty days' prior written notice may withdraw from the Pool. Upon withdrawal, payments for all claims and claims expenses become the sole responsibility of the withdrawing member, regardless of whether a claim was incurred or reported prior to the member's withdrawal. Members withdrawing within the first six years of membership may receive a partial refund of their capital contributions. If a member withdraws after the sixth year, the member is refunded 100% of its capital contributions. However, the refund is reduced by an amount equal to the annual operating contribution which the withdrawing member would have made for the one-year period following withdrawal.

Members who elect property coverage make annual operating contributions which are necessary to fund, on a cash basis, the Pool's general and administrative expenses and reinsurance premiums, all of which are due and payable in the current year, plus all or any portion of any deficiency in capital. Any year-end operating surplus is transferred to capital. Deficiencies in operations are offset by transfers from capital and, if insufficient, by the subsequent year's member contributions. The City opted to purchase property and casualty coverage from Chub and not participate in the risk pool. With this carrier the City of Marshalltown has a \$37,119,826 blanket limit for premises, \$1,055,394 for Inland Marine Contractor's equipment, and \$6,500,000 for Inland Marine Builders risk limit. As a commercial carrier, no additional liability is recorded in the financial statements of the City.

The City has established a Group Insurance Benefits Fund for insuring health benefits provided to City employees and covered dependents which is included as an internal service fund. Health benefits were self-insured up to a specific stop loss amount of \$80,000 and an aggregate stop loss of approximately \$2,134,050 for 2008. Coverage from a private insurance company is maintained for losses in excess of the aggregate stop loss amount. All claims handling procedures are performed by a third-party claims administrator. Reported claims as of June 30, 2008, as well as incurred but not reported claims, have been accrued as a liability based upon the claims administrator's estimate and are included in accounts payable. The liability does not include any allocated or unallocated claim adjustment expenses.

All operating funds of the City participate in the program and make payments to the Group Insurance Benefits Fund based on actuarial estimates of the amounts needed to pay prior and current year claims.

The City has established an Occupational Insurance Benefits Fund to self insure for workers' compensation benefits for all currently employed police officers and firefighters and police officers and firefighters who have retired due to an accidental disability prior to December 1992, in accordance with Chapter 411.15 of the Code of Iowa. The General Fund is charged for benefits paid to police officers and firefighters by the Occupational Insurance Benefits Fund, which is also accounted for as an internal service fund. Reported claims as of June 30, 2008, as well as incurred but not reported claims, have been accrued as a liability based upon the City's best estimate and are included in accounts payable. The liability does not include any allocated or unallocated claim adjustment expenses. There is no stop loss insurance for this coverage.

The claims liabilities of \$353,943 in the Group Insurance Benefits Fund and \$661 in the Occupational Insurance Benefits Fund are based on the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 10, which requires that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. The entire amounts will be paid within one year of yearend.

CITY OF MARSHALLTOWN, IOWA
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2008

Changes in reported liabilities for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2008 and 2007, are summarized as follows:

	Group Insurance Benefits Fund	Occupational Insurance Benefits Fund
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Liabilities as of June 30, 2006	\$ 364,929	\$ 1,471
Claims and changes in estimates during fiscal year 2007	1,643,648	76,474
Claim payments	<u>(1,671,254)</u>	<u>(77,553)</u>
Liabilities as of June 30, 2007	337,323	392
Claims and changes in estimates during fiscal year 2008	1,340,464	64,721
Claim payments	<u>(1,323,844)</u>	<u>(64,452)</u>
	<u>\$ 353,943</u>	<u>\$ 661</u>

NOTE 10 – INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT REVENUE BONDS

From time to time, the City has issued Industrial Revenue Bonds to provide financial assistance to private sector entities for the acquisition and construction of industrial and commercial facilities deemed to be in the public interest. The bonds are secured by the property financed and are payable solely from payments received on the underlying mortgage loans. Upon repayment of the bonds, ownership of the acquired facilities transfers to the private sector entity served by the bond issuance. Neither the City, the state, nor any political subdivision thereof is obligated in any manner for repayment of the bonds.

Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements. As of June 30, 2008, there was one issue of Industrial Revenue Bonds outstanding with an aggregate principal amount payable of \$650,000.

NOTE 11 – DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The City offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all regular City employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. Participation in the plan is optional. The deferred compensation is not available to employees, until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. The plan complies with IRC Section 457(g), which allows for the plan to hold its assets in trust. Under these requirements, the City does not own the amount deferred by employees and, therefore, the liability and corresponding investment are not reflected in the financial statements. Under privately negotiated contracts, the City contributes to the deferred compensation plans (457) for two employees. During this fiscal year, the City contributed a total of \$13,956 to their plans.

During this fiscal year, the City also made payroll IRAs available to its employees in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 401. This plan is also available to all regular City employees. Participation is optional and withdrawals are governed by current IRS regulations.

CITY OF MARSHALLTOWN, IOWA
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 12 – COMMITMENTS

The City has recognized as a liability only that portion of construction contracts representing construction completed through June 30, 2008. The City has additional commitments for signed construction contracts of approximately \$6,198,893 as of June 30, 2008.

NOTE 13 – MAJOR CUSTOMER

The financial statements of the Water Pollution Control Enterprise Fund include sales and receivables from Swift and Company, a major customer, of \$1,838,451 and \$284,519, respectively.

NOTE 14 – LITIGATION

The City is a defendant in several claims and lawsuits. In the opinion of the City Attorney and management, the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.

NOTE 15 – DEFICIT BALANCES

At June 30, 2008, funds with deficit balances were as follows:

Special Revenue Funds – Grant Fund	\$	69,096
Internal Service Funds – Flexible Benefits		3,367

These deficit balances are the result of funds due from other governments which were deferred because they were received after the accrual period was over.

NOTE 16 – MARSHALLTOWN FRIENDS OF THE LIBRARY

The Friends of the Library have campaigned to raise funds for the construction of the new library as can be seen in the financial report as an agency fund. At the end of the fiscal year, the group had contributed over \$1.3 million to the project. The construction is reflected in the Culture and Recreation Capital Project fund.

CITY OF MARSHALLTOWN, IOWA
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 17 – NEW GOVERNMENTAL ACCOUNTING STANDARDS BOARD (GASB) STANDARDS

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued six statements not yet implemented by the City of Marshalltown. The statements which might impact the City of Marshalltown are as follows:

Statement No. 45, *Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*, issued June 2004, will be effective for the City for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2009. This statement establishes standards for the measurement, recognition, and display of OPEB expense/expenditures and related liabilities (assets), note disclosures and, if applicable, required supplementary information in the financial reports of state and local governmental employers.

Statement No. 47, *Accounting for Termination Benefits*, issued June 2005, establishes accounting standards for termination benefits. For termination benefits provided through an existing defined benefit OPEB plan, the provisions of this statement should be implemented simultaneously with the requirements of Statement No. 45. For all other termination benefits, this statement is effective for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006.

Statement No. 49, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pollution Remediation Obligations*, issued November 2006, will be effective for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2009. This statement establishes standards for accounting and financial reporting for obligations to address the current or potential detrimental effects of existing pollution.

Statement No. 51, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Intangible Assets*, issued June 2007, will be effective for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2010. This statement requires that all intangible assets not specifically excluded by its scope be classified as capital assets.

Statement No. 52, *Land and Other Real Estate Held as Investments by Endowments*, issued November 2007, will be effective for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2009. This statement establishes consistent standards for the reporting of land and other real estate held as investments by essentially similar entities.

Statement No. 53, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Derivative Instruments*, issued June 2008, will be effective for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2010. This statement addresses the recognition, measurement, and disclosure of information regarding derivative instruments entered into by state and local governments.

The City's management has not yet determined the effect these statements will have on the City's financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CITY OF MARSHALLTOWN, IOWA
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
MARSHALLTOWN WATER WORKS SUPPLEMENTAL RETIREMENT PENSION SYSTEM

Schedule of Funding Progress

Actuarial Valuation Date *	Fair Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (b)	Unfunded (Over funded) AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	AAL/UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll [(b-a)/c]
April 1, 2008	\$ 1,279,541	\$ 2,011,092	\$ 731,551	63.62%	\$ 491,042	149.0%
April 1, 2007	1,353,974	1,950,980	597,006	69.40%	442,044	135.1%
April 1, 2006	1,310,753	1,951,458	640,705	67.17%	443,801	144.4%

The information presented in the required supplementary schedule was determined as part of the actuarial valuation at the dates indicated. Additional information follows:

1. The cost method used to determine the ARC is the frozen entry age method.
2. The assets are shown at fair value.
3. Economic assumptions are as follows: investment return rate of 8%, salary increase of 5%, inflation rate of 0%.
4. The amortization method is open period, assumed level dollar.

* The last actuarial valuation was performed on April 1, 2007. Estimated values have been calculated as of April 1, 2008 and 2006.

CITY OF MARSHALLTOWN, IOWA
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND
CHANGES IN BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL (CASH BASIS)
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AND ENTERPRISE FUNDS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

	Actual			Budgeted Amounts		Final to Actual Variance
	Governmental Funds	Enterprise Funds	Total	Original Budget	Final Budget	
Receipts						
Property taxes	\$ 7,842,737	\$ -	\$ 7,842,737	\$ 8,143,010	\$ 8,143,010	\$ (300,273)
TIF revenues	1,950,137	-	1,950,137	1,925,000	1,925,000	25,137
Other city taxes	4,267,858	-	4,267,858	3,957,243	4,043,243	224,615
Use of money and property	373,243	5,127	378,370	315,775	315,350	63,020
Licenses and permits	638,803	294,257	933,060	584,525	834,154	98,906
Intergovernmental	7,087,222	259,244	7,346,466	7,618,846	8,765,470	(1,419,004)
Charges for service	812,538	4,834,612	5,647,150	5,310,009	5,526,479	120,671
Special assessments	35,510	564	36,074	13,373	15,448	20,626
Miscellaneous	1,891,953	231,065	2,123,018	2,229,943	2,362,848	(239,830)
Other financing sources	15,475,490	2,151	15,477,641	5,000,000	15,462,800	14,841
Total receipts	<u>40,375,491</u>	<u>5,627,020</u>	<u>46,002,511</u>	<u>35,097,724</u>	<u>47,393,802</u>	<u>(1,391,291)</u>
Disbursements						
Public safety	7,731,389	-	7,731,389	7,605,847	8,206,043	474,654
Public works	3,423,133	-	3,423,133	3,737,124	4,521,278	1,098,145
Health and social services	1,288,550	-	1,288,550	1,190,144	1,934,581	646,031
Culture and recreation	2,446,920	-	2,446,920	2,508,240	2,738,610	291,690
Community and economic development	1,849,815	-	1,849,815	2,168,916	1,910,515	60,700
General government	1,087,484	-	1,087,484	1,173,725	1,202,984	115,500
Debt service	14,210,095	-	14,210,095	2,992,791	14,223,791	13,696
Capital projects	6,184,438	-	6,184,438	8,817,516	9,074,387	2,889,949
Business-type activities	-	4,985,119	4,985,119	5,360,898	5,804,905	819,786
Total disbursements	<u>38,221,824</u>	<u>4,985,119</u>	<u>43,206,943</u>	<u>35,555,201</u>	<u>49,617,094</u>	<u>6,410,151</u>
Excess (deficiency) of receipts over (under) disbursements	<u>2,153,667</u>	<u>641,901</u>	<u>2,795,568</u>	<u>(457,477)</u>	<u>(2,223,292)</u>	<u>5,018,860</u>
Transfers						
Transfers in	8,404,629	151,018	8,555,647	7,906,003	10,864,606	2,308,959
Transfers out	<u>(8,555,647)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(8,555,647)</u>	<u>(7,906,003)</u>	<u>(10,864,606)</u>	<u>(2,308,959)</u>
Total transfers	<u>(151,018)</u>	<u>151,018</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Net change in fund balances	2,002,649	792,919	2,795,568	(457,477)	(2,223,292)	5,018,860
Fund balances, beginning	<u>10,973,131</u>	<u>4,846,737</u>	<u>15,819,868</u>	<u>12,048,889</u>	<u>15,819,868</u>	<u>-</u>
Fund balances, ending	<u>\$ 12,975,780</u>	<u>\$ 5,639,656</u>	<u>\$ 18,615,436</u>	<u>\$ 11,591,412</u>	<u>\$13,596,576</u>	<u>\$ 5,018,860</u>

CITY OF MARSHALLTOWN, IOWA
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE – BUDGET TO GAAP RECONCILIATION
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

	Governmental Funds			Proprietary Funds Enterprise		
	Cash Basis	Accrual	Modified	Cash Basis	Accrual	Accrual Basis
		Adjustments	Accrual Basis		Adjustments	
Revenues	\$ 40,375,491	\$ (217,156)	\$ 40,158,335	\$ 5,627,020	\$ 514,632	\$ 6,141,652
Expenditures/expenses	<u>38,221,824</u>	<u>134,323</u>	<u>38,356,147</u>	<u>4,985,119</u>	<u>370,036</u>	<u>5,355,155</u>
Net	2,153,667	(351,479)	1,802,188	641,901	144,596	786,497
Transfers	(151,018)	(238)	(151,256)	151,018	238	151,256
Beginning fund balances/net assets	<u>10,973,131</u>	<u>798,944</u>	<u>11,772,075</u>	<u>4,846,737</u>	<u>28,786,952</u>	<u>33,633,689</u>
Ending fund balances/net assets	<u>\$ 12,975,780</u>	<u>\$ 447,227</u>	<u>\$ 13,423,007</u>	<u>\$ 5,639,656</u>	<u>\$28,931,786</u>	<u>\$ 34,571,442</u>

CITY OF MARSHALLTOWN, IOWA
NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION –
BUDGETARY REPORTING
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

The budgetary comparison is presented as Required Supplementary Information in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 41 for governments with significant budgetary perspective differences resulting from not being able to present budgetary comparisons for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund.

In accordance with the Code of Iowa, the City Council annually adopts a budget on the cash basis following required public notice and hearing for all funds. The annual budget may be amended during the year utilizing similar statutorily prescribed procedures. Encumbrances are not recognized on the cash basis budget and appropriations lapse at year end.

Formal and legal budgetary control is based upon nine (9) major classes of disbursements known as functions, not by fund or fund type. These nine functions are: public safety, public works, health and social services, culture and recreation, community and economic development, general government, debt service, capital projects and business-type activities. Function disbursements required to be budgeted include disbursements for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Debt Service Fund, Capital Projects Funds and Enterprise Funds. Although the budget document presents function disbursements by fund type, the legal level of control is at the aggregated function level, not by fund. During the year, one budget amendment was prepared with the required public hearing. The amendment increased budgeted disbursements by \$14,061,893.

During the year ended June 30, 2008, no function disbursements exceeded the amount budgeted.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

E-911 Surcharge – To account for activity associated with the 911 Communication Commission.

Grant Fund – To account for various state and federal grant activities.

Special Contributions – To reflect activities associated with donations and special contributions to various City departments.

Other – To account for other various revenues, seized assets, City tort liability, special assessments and economic development gift funding.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Airport Projects – To account for ongoing projects at the municipal airport.

PERMANENT FUND

Campground Foundation – A permanent fund for the improvement of Riverview Park Campground.

CITY OF MARSHALLTOWN, IOWA
COMBINING BALANCE SHEET
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
JUNE 30, 2008

	<u>Special</u>	
	<u>E-911</u>	
	<u>Surcharge</u>	<u>Grant Fund</u>
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 335,952	\$ -
Receivables		
Accounts and unbilled usage	-	-
Interest	2,936	-
Due from other funds	-	-
Due from other governments	73,783	182,153
Prepaid items	<u>18,331</u>	<u>1,298</u>
Total assets	<u>\$ 431,002</u>	<u>\$ 183,451</u>
Liabilities and fund balances		
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$ 6,691	\$ 50,852
Accrued payroll and payroll benefits	-	2,081
Retainage payable	-	-
Deferred revenue		
Other	-	122,245
Due to other funds	<u>-</u>	<u>77,369</u>
Total liabilities	<u>6,691</u>	<u>252,547</u>
Fund balances		
Reserved for		
Prepaid items	18,331	1,298
Endowments	-	-
Capital Projects	-	-
Unreserved	<u>405,980</u>	<u>(70,394)</u>
Total fund balances	<u>424,311</u>	<u>(69,096)</u>
Total liabilities and fund balances	<u>\$ 431,002</u>	<u>\$ 183,451</u>

<u>Revenue Funds</u>		<u>Capital Project Fund</u>	<u>Permanent Fund</u>	<u>Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds</u>	
<u>Special Contributions</u>	<u>Other</u>	<u>Airport Projects</u>	<u>Campground Foundation</u>		
\$ 84,271	\$ 184,444	\$ 19,946	\$ 2,693	\$ 627,306	
-	-	-	-	-	
214	480	-	-	3,630	
-	-	-	-	-	
-	-	20,226	-	276,162	
216	-	-	-	19,845	
<u>\$ 84,701</u>	<u>\$ 184,924</u>	<u>\$ 40,172</u>	<u>\$ 2,693</u>	<u>\$ 926,943</u>	
\$ 9,598	\$ 299	\$ 11,667	\$ -	\$ 79,107	
129	-	-	-	2,210	
-	-	20,992	-	20,992	
-	-	-	-	122,245	
-	-	-	-	77,369	
<u>9,727</u>	<u>299</u>	<u>32,659</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>301,923</u>	
216	-	-	-	19,845	
-	-	-	2,693	2,693	
-	-	7,513	-	7,513	
<u>74,758</u>	<u>184,625</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>594,969</u>	
<u>74,974</u>	<u>184,625</u>	<u>7,513</u>	<u>2,693</u>	<u>625,020</u>	
<u>\$ 84,701</u>	<u>\$ 184,924</u>	<u>\$ 40,172</u>	<u>\$ 2,693</u>	<u>\$ 926,943</u>	

CITY OF MARSHALLTOWN, IOWA
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND
BALANCES
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

	<u>Special</u>	
	<u>E-911</u>	
	<u>Surcharge</u>	<u>Grant Fund</u>
Revenues		
Other city taxes	\$ 260,188	\$ -
Use of money and property	11,853	122
Intergovernmental	-	236,647
Charges for service	-	-
Special assessments	-	-
Miscellaneous	-	-
	<u>272,041</u>	<u>236,769</u>
Expenditures		
Current		
Public safety	230,803	304,389
Public works	-	-
Health and social services	-	53,198
Culture and recreation	-	-
	<u>230,803</u>	<u>357,587</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)		
expenditures	<u>41,238</u>	<u>(120,818)</u>
Other financing sources (uses)		
Transfers in	-	56,612
Transfers out	-	-
	<u>-</u>	<u>56,612</u>
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>-</u>	<u>56,612</u>
Net change in fund balances	41,238	(64,206)
Fund balances (deficit) - beginning	<u>383,073</u>	<u>(4,890)</u>
Fund balances (deficit) - ending	<u>\$ 424,311</u>	<u>\$ (69,096)</u>

<u>Revenue Funds</u>		<u>Capital Project Fund</u>	<u>Permanent Fund</u>	<u>Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds</u>
<u>Special Contributions</u>	<u>Other</u>	<u>Airport Projects</u>	<u>Campground Foundation</u>	
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 260,188
916	7,889	-	92	20,872
-	-	417,081	-	653,728
60,892	60	-	-	60,952
-	317	-	-	317
<u>53,406</u>	<u>41,835</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>95,241</u>
<u>115,214</u>	<u>50,101</u>	<u>417,081</u>	<u>92</u>	<u>1,091,298</u>
17,251	73,040	-	-	625,483
-	-	101,054	-	101,054
-	-	-	-	53,198
<u>120,650</u>	<u>14,137</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>134,787</u>
<u>137,901</u>	<u>87,177</u>	<u>101,054</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>914,522</u>
<u>(22,687)</u>	<u>(37,076)</u>	<u>316,027</u>	<u>92</u>	<u>176,776</u>
4,011	-	34,000	-	94,623
<u>-</u>	<u>(4,011)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(4,011)</u>
<u>4,011</u>	<u>(4,011)</u>	<u>34,000</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>90,612</u>
(18,676)	(41,087)	350,027	92	267,388
<u>93,650</u>	<u>225,712</u>	<u>(342,514)</u>	<u>2,601</u>	<u>357,632</u>
<u>\$ 74,974</u>	<u>\$ 184,625</u>	<u>\$ 7,513</u>	<u>\$ 2,693</u>	<u>\$ 625,020</u>

NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Compost Facility – To account for the operation and maintenance of the City’s facility for yard wastes. Services are supported primarily by user charges.

Bus Transit – To account for the City’s mass transit operations. Services are supported primarily from transit property taxes accounted for and transferred from the General Fund, intergovernmental revenues, and user charges.

Recreation Concessions – To account for the concessions activity of the municipal swimming pool and coliseum. Services are supported by user fees.

CITY OF MARSHALLTOWN, IOWA
COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS
NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS
JUNE 30, 2008

	<u>Compost Facility</u>	<u>Bus Transit</u>	<u>Recreation Concessions</u>	<u>Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds</u>
Assets				
Current assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 7,417	\$ 357,570	\$ 89,378	\$ 454,365
Receivables				
Accounts and unbilled usage	1,896	2,341	-	4,237
Interest	-	1,912	192	2,104
Due from other funds	-	2,216	-	2,216
Due from other governments	-	37,359	-	37,359
Inventories	4,137	-	-	4,137
Prepaid items	89	9,900	156	10,145
	<u>13,539</u>	<u>411,298</u>	<u>89,726</u>	<u>514,563</u>
Total current assets				
Noncurrent assets				
Capital assets				
Land	10,437	-	-	10,437
Land improvements	235,361	7,735	-	243,096
Buildings and structures	26,919	677,129	-	704,048
Equipment and vehicles	99,931	696,728	-	796,659
Accumulated depreciation	(214,172)	(519,429)	-	(733,601)
	<u>158,476</u>	<u>862,163</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,020,639</u>
Total noncurrent assets				
Total assets	<u>172,015</u>	<u>1,273,461</u>	<u>89,726</u>	<u>1,535,202</u>
Liabilities				
Current liabilities				
Accounts payable	3,622	6,762	6,215	16,599
Accrued payroll and payroll benefits	749	6,885	2,097	9,731
Compensated absences	-	3,510	-	3,510
	<u>4,371</u>	<u>17,157</u>	<u>8,312</u>	<u>29,840</u>
Total current liabilities				
Noncurrent liabilities				
Compensated absences	-	11,988	-	11,988
	<u>4,371</u>	<u>29,145</u>	<u>8,312</u>	<u>41,828</u>
Total liabilities				
Net assets				
Invested in capital assets	158,476	862,163	-	1,020,639
Unrestricted	9,168	382,153	81,414	472,735
	<u>\$ 167,644</u>	<u>\$ 1,244,316</u>	<u>\$ 81,414</u>	<u>\$ 1,493,374</u>
Total net assets				

CITY OF MARSHALLTOWN, IOWA
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET
ASSETS
NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

	<u>Compost Facility</u>	<u>Bus Transit</u>	<u>Recreation Concessions</u>	<u>Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds</u>
Operating revenues				
Charges for service	\$ 26,155	\$ 129,841	\$ 61,986	\$ 217,982
Operating expenses				
Salaries and benefits	17,261	283,121	22,172	322,554
Services and supplies	59,408	212,528	37,764	309,700
Depreciation	12,495	66,630	-	79,125
Total operating expenses	<u>89,164</u>	<u>562,279</u>	<u>59,936</u>	<u>711,379</u>
Operating income (loss)	<u>(63,009)</u>	<u>(432,438)</u>	<u>2,050</u>	<u>(493,397)</u>
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)				
Federal and state grants	-	290,628	-	290,628
Interest income	485	10,519	2,738	13,742
Gain on disposal of fixed assets	-	2,151	-	2,151
Net nonoperating revenues	<u>485</u>	<u>303,298</u>	<u>2,738</u>	<u>306,521</u>
Income (loss) before capital contributions and transfers	(62,524)	(129,140)	4,788	(186,876)
Capital contributions	33,080	8,750	-	41,830
Transfers in	-	151,256	-	151,256
Change in net assets	(29,444)	30,866	4,788	6,210
Total net assets - beginning	<u>197,088</u>	<u>1,213,450</u>	<u>76,626</u>	<u>1,487,164</u>
Total net assets - ending	<u>\$ 167,644</u>	<u>\$ 1,244,316</u>	<u>\$ 81,414</u>	<u>\$ 1,493,374</u>

CITY OF MARSHALLTOWN, IOWA
COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

	<u>Compost Facility</u>	<u>Bus Transit</u>	<u>Recreation Concessions</u>	<u>Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds</u>
Cash flows from operating activities				
Cash received from customers	\$ 25,404	\$ 128,739	\$ 61,986	\$ 216,129
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services	(57,374)	(245,133)	(38,869)	(341,376)
Cash payments to employees for services	<u>(16,874)</u>	<u>(277,278)</u>	<u>(21,882)</u>	<u>(316,034)</u>
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	<u>(48,844)</u>	<u>(393,672)</u>	<u>1,235</u>	<u>(441,281)</u>
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities				
Transfers from other funds	-	151,256	-	151,256
Grants received	-	290,628	-	290,628
Increase in due from other funds	<u>-</u>	<u>(238)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(238)</u>
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	<u>-</u>	<u>441,646</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>441,646</u>
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities				
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	<u>-</u>	<u>2,151</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,151</u>
Cash flows from investing activities				
Interest received on investment securities	<u>485</u>	<u>10,924</u>	<u>2,963</u>	<u>14,372</u>
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(48,359)	61,049	4,198	16,888
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning	<u>55,776</u>	<u>296,521</u>	<u>85,180</u>	<u>437,477</u>
Cash and cash equivalents, ending	<u>\$ 7,417</u>	<u>\$ 357,570</u>	<u>\$ 89,378</u>	<u>\$ 454,365</u>

(continued)

CITY OF MARSHALLTOWN, IOWA
COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (continued)
NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

	<u>Compost Facility</u>	<u>Bus Transit</u>	<u>Recreation Concessions</u>	<u>Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds</u>
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities				
Operating income (loss)	\$ (63,009)	\$ (432,438)	\$ 2,050	\$ (493,397)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities				
Depreciation	12,495	66,630	-	79,125
Changes in assets and liabilities				
Increase in receivables	(751)	(35,885)	-	(36,636)
Decrease (increase) in inventories and prepaid items	(1,435)	1,336	21	(78)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	3,469	842	(1,126)	3,185
Increase in accrued liabilities	387	5,843	290	6,520
Total adjustments	<u>14,165</u>	<u>38,766</u>	<u>(815)</u>	<u>52,116</u>
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	<u>\$ (48,844)</u>	<u>\$ (393,672)</u>	<u>\$ 1,235</u>	<u>\$ (441,281)</u>

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Group Insurance Benefits – To account for employee health insurance premiums and claim payments.

Occupational Insurance Benefits – To account for medical claims associated with work related injuries and disabled policemen and firemen.

Flexible Benefits – To account for the employee flexible benefit plan resources and claims.

Workmen's Compensation Deductible – To account for workmen's compensation deductible insurance claims.

CITY OF MARSHALLTOWN, IOWA
COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS
INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS
JUNE 30, 2008

	Group Insurance Benefits	Occupational Insurance Benefits	Flexible Benefits	Workmen's Compensation Deductible	Total
Assets					
Current assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,105,847	\$ 627,983	\$ -	\$ 40,149	\$ 1,773,979
Receivables					
Interest	3,726	1,399	-	-	5,125
Due from other funds	3,367	-	-	-	3,367
Due from other governments	590	-	-	-	590
Prepaid items	20,166	14	-	-	20,180
	<u>1,133,696</u>	<u>629,396</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>40,149</u>	<u>1,803,241</u>
Liabilities					
Current liabilities					
Accounts payable	353,943	661	-	73	354,677
Unearned revenue	139,140	-	-	-	139,140
Due to other funds	-	-	3,367	-	3,367
	<u>493,083</u>	<u>661</u>	<u>3,367</u>	<u>73</u>	<u>497,184</u>
Total net assets (deficit) - unrestricted	<u>\$ 640,613</u>	<u>\$ 628,735</u>	<u>\$ (3,367)</u>	<u>\$ 40,076</u>	<u>\$ 1,306,057</u>

CITY OF MARSHALLTOWN, IOWA
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS
INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

	Group Insurance Benefits	Occupational Insurance Benefits	Flexible Benefits	Workmen's Compensation Deductible	Total
Operating revenues					
Charges for service	\$ 1,919,603	\$ 122,026	\$ 67,997	\$ -	\$ 2,109,626
Miscellaneous	<u>251,512</u>	<u>67</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>251,579</u>
Total operating revenues	<u>2,171,115</u>	<u>122,093</u>	<u>67,997</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,361,205</u>
Operating expenses					
Services and supplies	13,381	-	-	-	13,381
Claims paid	1,340,464	64,721	65,397	2,541	1,473,123
Health insurance premiums	212,878	190	-	-	213,068
Miscellaneous	<u>92,983</u>	<u>1,023</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>94,006</u>
Total operating expenses	<u>1,659,706</u>	<u>65,934</u>	<u>65,397</u>	<u>2,541</u>	<u>1,793,578</u>
Operating income (loss)	511,409	56,159	2,600	(2,541)	567,627
Nonoperating revenues					
Interest income	<u>30,412</u>	<u>28,928</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,039</u>	<u>60,379</u>
Change in net assets	541,821	85,087	2,600	(1,502)	628,006
Total net assets (deficit) - beginning	<u>98,792</u>	<u>543,648</u>	<u>(5,967)</u>	<u>41,578</u>	<u>678,051</u>
Total net assets (deficit) - ending	<u>\$ 640,613</u>	<u>\$ 628,735</u>	<u>\$ (3,367)</u>	<u>\$ 40,076</u>	<u>\$ 1,306,057</u>

CITY OF MARSHALLTOWN, IOWA
COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

	Group Insurance Benefits	Occupational Insurance Benefits	Flexible Benefits	Workmen's Compensation Deductible	Total
Cash flows from operating activities					
Cash received from customers	\$ 1,920,402	\$ 122,026	\$ 67,997	\$ -	\$ 2,110,425
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services	(1,637,543)	(65,403)	(65,397)	(2,617)	(1,770,960)
Other operating revenue	251,512	67	-	-	251,579
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	<u>534,371</u>	<u>56,690</u>	<u>2,600</u>	<u>(2,617)</u>	<u>591,044</u>
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities					
Increase in due from other funds	(3,367)	-	-	-	(3,367)
Decrease in due to other funds	-	-	(2,600)	-	(2,600)
Net cash used by noncapital financing activities	(3,367)	-	(2,600)	-	(5,967)
Cash flows from investing activities					
Interest received on investment securities	28,970	36,309	-	1,372	66,651
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	559,974	92,999	-	(1,245)	651,728
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning	545,873	534,984	-	41,394	1,122,251
Cash and cash equivalents, ending	<u>\$ 1,105,847</u>	<u>\$ 627,983</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 40,149</u>	<u>\$ 1,773,979</u>
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities					
Operating income (loss)	\$ 511,409	\$ 56,159	\$ 2,600	\$ (2,541)	\$ 567,627
Changes in assets and liabilities					
Decrease in prepaid items	4,082	262	-	-	4,344
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	16,620	269	-	(76)	16,813
Increase in unearned revenue	799	-	-	-	799
Increase in due to other governments	1,461	-	-	-	1,461
Total	<u>22,962</u>	<u>531</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(76)</u>	<u>23,417</u>
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	<u>\$ 534,371</u>	<u>\$ 56,690</u>	<u>\$ 2,600</u>	<u>\$ (2,617)</u>	<u>\$ 591,044</u>

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Agency funds are used to account for funds where the City acts as custodian. Agency funds are:

Payroll Fund – For the internal accounting of payroll and associated liability payments.

Friends of the Library – To account for investments for the Friends of the Library.

Sleuth User Group – To account for membership fees and operations for public safety user group.

Other – To account for other miscellaneous activities associated with City agencies.

CITY OF MARSHALLTOWN, IOWA
COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES
ALL AGENCY FUNDS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

	Balance June 30, 2007	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2008
PAYROLL FUND				
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 215,352	\$ 25,877,649	\$ 25,862,936	\$ 230,065
LIABILITIES				
Accrued payroll and payroll benefits	\$ 215,352	\$ 25,877,649	\$ 25,862,936	\$ 230,065
FRIENDS OF THE LIBRARY				
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 821,081	\$ 699,456	\$ 1,361,712	\$ 158,825
Accrued interest	9,808	9,130	18,288	650
Total assets	<u>\$ 830,889</u>	<u>\$ 708,586</u>	<u>\$ 1,380,000</u>	<u>\$ 159,475</u>
LIABILITIES				
Due to Friends of the Library	\$ 76,091	\$ 708,586	\$ 625,202	\$ 159,475
Due to City	754,798	-	754,798	-
Total liabilities	<u>\$ 830,889</u>	<u>\$ 708,586</u>	<u>\$ 1,380,000</u>	<u>\$ 159,475</u>
SLEUTH USER GROUP				
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ -	\$ 18,840	\$ 2,853	\$ 15,987
LIABILITIES				
Due to Sleuth User Group	\$ -	\$ 18,840	\$ 2,853	\$ 15,987
OTHER				
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,298	\$ 12,499	\$ 13,163	\$ 3,634
LIABILITIES				
Due to other governments	\$ 4,298	\$ 12,499	\$ 13,163	\$ 3,634

(continued)

CITY OF MARSHALLTOWN, IOWA
COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES
ALL AGENCY FUNDS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

	Balance June 30, 2007	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2008
ALL AGENCY FUNDS				
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,040,731	\$ 26,608,444	\$ 27,240,664	\$ 408,511
Accrued interest	9,808	9,130	18,288	650
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Total assets	<u>\$ 1,050,539</u>	<u>\$ 26,617,574</u>	<u>\$ 27,258,952</u>	<u>\$ 409,161</u>
LIABILITIES				
Accrued payroll and payroll benefits	\$ 215,352	\$ 25,877,649	\$ 25,862,936	\$ 230,065
Due to Friends of the Library	76,091	708,586	625,202	159,475
Due to Sleuth User Group	-	18,840	2,853	15,987
Due to City	754,798	-	754,798	-
Due to other governments	4,298	12,499	13,163	3,634
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Total liabilities	<u>\$ 1,050,539</u>	<u>\$ 26,617,574</u>	<u>\$ 27,258,952</u>	<u>\$ 409,161</u>

LONG-TERM DEBT

CITY OF MARSHALLTOWN, IOWA
SCHEDULE OF BOND MATURITIES
JUNE 30, 2008

Issue	Year Ending June 30	Interest Rates	Interest	Principal
Governmental Activities				
General Obligation				
2002B Essential corporate purpose refunding bonds, issued April 1, 2002	2009	4.05%	\$ 18,832	\$ 465,000
			<u>18,832</u>	<u>465,000</u>
2003A Essential corporate purpose refunding bonds, issued April 1, 2003	2009	2.95%	64,318	365,000
	2010	3.15%	53,550	380,000
	2011	3.40%	41,580	390,000
	2012	3.60%	28,320	370,000
	2013	3.75%	15,000	400,000
			<u>202,768</u>	<u>1,905,000</u>
2004A Essential corporate purpose, issued June 1, 2004	2009	5.50%	82,488	5,000
	2010	5.75%	82,213	5,000
	2011	5.75%	81,925	5,000
	2012	5.75%	81,638	5,000
	2013	4.75%	81,350	150,000
	2014	4.10%	74,225	350,000
	2015	4.20%	59,875	360,000
	2016	4.30%	44,755	375,000
	2017	4.40%	28,630	395,000
	2018	4.50%	11,250	250,000
			<u>628,349</u>	<u>1,900,000</u>
Equipment loan note, issued February 1, 2005	2009	0.00%	-	13,841
	2010	0.00%	-	13,840
	2011	0.00%	-	13,841
	2012	0.00%	-	13,840
	2013	0.00%	-	13,841
	2014	0.00%	-	13,840
	2015	0.00%	-	13,841
			<u>-</u>	<u>96,884</u>
2005B Essential corporate purpose refunding bonds, issued April 1, 2005	2009	3.25%	31,050	300,000
	2010	3.35%	21,300	100,000
	2011	3.50%	17,950	200,000
	2012	3.65%	10,950	300,000
			<u>81,250</u>	<u>900,000</u>

(continued)

CITY OF MARSHALLTOWN, IOWA
SCHEDULE OF BOND MATURITIES (continued)
JUNE 30, 2008

Issue	Year Ending June 30	Interest Rates	Interest	Principal
Governmental Activities (continued)				
General Obligation (continued)				
2006A Capital loan notes, issued June 1, 2006	2009	4.15%	\$ 51,040	\$ 155,000
	2010	4.25%	44,484	160,000
	2011	4.30%	37,684	165,000
	2012	4.35%	30,460	175,000
	2013	4.35%	22,739	180,000
	2014	4.38%	14,766	190,000
	2015	4.38%	6,454	195,000
			207,627	1,220,000
2008A Essential corporate purpose refunding bonds, issued April 1, 2008	2009	3.50%	340,871	-
	2010	3.50%	314,650	1,085,000
	2011	3.50%	276,675	1,000,000
	2012	3.50%	241,675	1,155,000
	2013	3.50%	201,250	1,150,000
	2014	3.50%	161,000	1,200,000
	2015	3.50%	119,000	1,150,000
	2016	3.50%	78,750	1,150,000
	2017	3.50%	38,500	1,100,000
			1,772,371	8,990,000
2008B Essential corporate purpose, issued April 1, 2008	2009	3.50%	202,150	335,000
	2010	3.50%	174,875	335,000
	2011	3.50%	163,150	335,000
	2012	3.50%	151,425	335,000
	2013	3.50%	139,700	335,000
	2014	3.50%	127,975	335,000
	2015	3.50%	116,250	335,000
	2016	3.50%	104,525	335,000
	2017	4.00%	92,800	335,000
	2018	4.00%	79,400	335,000
	2019	4.00%	66,000	335,000
	2020	4.00%	52,600	335,000
	2021	4.00%	39,200	335,000
	2022	4.00%	25,800	335,000
	2023	4.00%	12,400	310,000
			1,548,250	5,000,000
2008C Essential corporate purpose refunding bonds, issued April 1, 2008	2009	3.50%	55,548	925,000
	2010	3.50%	18,900	315,000
	2011	3.50%	7,875	225,000
			82,323	1,465,000

(continued)

CITY OF MARSHALLTOWN, IOWA
SCHEDULE OF BOND MATURITIES (continued)
JUNE 30, 2008

Issue	Year Ending June 30	Interest Rates	Interest	Principal
Governmental Activities (continued)				
General Obligation (continued)				
Total general obligation	2009		\$ 846,297	\$ 2,563,841
	2010		709,972	2,393,840
	2011		626,839	2,333,841
	2012		544,468	2,353,840
	2013		460,039	2,228,841
	2014		377,966	2,088,840
	2015		301,579	2,053,841
	2016		228,030	1,860,000
	2017		159,930	1,830,000
	2018		90,650	585,000
	2019		66,000	335,000
	2020		52,600	335,000
	2021		39,200	335,000
	2022		25,800	335,000
	2023		12,400	310,000
			<u>\$ 4,541,770</u>	<u>\$ 21,941,884</u>
Enterprise Funds				
Water Pollution Control, capital loan notes, issued				
May 15, 2003	2009	3.00%	121,200	315,000
	2010	3.00%	111,750	325,000
	2011	3.00%	102,000	335,000
	2012	3.00%	91,950	345,000
	2013	3.00%	81,600	355,000
	2014	3.00%	70,950	366,000
	2015	3.00%	59,970	377,000
	2016	3.00%	48,660	388,000
	2017	3.00%	37,020	399,000
	2018	3.00%	25,050	411,000
	2019	3.00%	12,720	424,000
			<u>762,870</u>	<u>4,040,000</u>
Water Pollution Control, refunding bonds, issued				
April 1, 2005	2009	3.55%	56,753	260,000
	2010	3.55%	47,523	260,000
	2011	3.55%	38,293	260,000
	2012	3.65%	29,063	260,000
	2013	3.75%	19,573	255,000
	2014	3.85%	10,010	260,000
			<u>201,215</u>	<u>1,555,000</u>

(continued)

CITY OF MARSHALLTOWN, IOWA
SCHEDULE OF BOND MATURITIES (continued)
JUNE 30, 2008

Issue	Year Ending June 30	Interest Rates	Interest	Principal
Enterprise Funds (continued)				
Total enterprise funds				
	2009		\$ 177,953	\$ 575,000
	2010		159,273	585,000
	2011		140,293	595,000
	2012		121,013	605,000
	2013		101,173	610,000
	2014		80,960	626,000
	2015		59,970	377,000
	2016		48,660	388,000
	2017		37,020	399,000
	2018		25,050	411,000
	2019		12,720	424,000
			<u>\$ 964,085</u>	<u>\$ 5,595,000</u>

STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED)

CITY OF MARSHALLTOWN, IOWA

STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City's statistical comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

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Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

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Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.

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Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

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Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.

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Operating Information

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.

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Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial report for the relevant year. The City implemented GASB Statement 34 in 2003; schedules presenting government-wide information include information beginning in that year.

CITY OF MARSHALLTOWN, IOWA
NET ASSETS BY COMPONENT
LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	Fiscal Year					
	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003
Governmental activities						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$19,020,002	\$14,837,533	\$10,902,193	\$ 9,538,473	\$ 7,585,973	\$14,182,084
Restricted	3,466,011	3,093,281	2,465,406	1,401,272	976,110	2,408,818
Unrestricted	<u>8,744,229</u>	<u>9,609,800</u>	<u>8,572,318</u>	<u>8,412,821</u>	<u>8,036,183</u>	<u>7,318,392</u>
Total governmental activities net assets	<u>\$31,230,242</u>	<u>\$27,540,614</u>	<u>\$21,939,917</u>	<u>\$19,352,566</u>	<u>\$16,598,266</u>	<u>\$23,909,294</u>
Business-type activities						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$28,057,883	\$27,975,107	\$28,081,324	\$28,091,451	\$27,579,870	\$18,870,233
Restricted	949,146	949,930	1,382,713	1,285,042	1,424,373	1,625,224
Unrestricted	<u>5,564,413</u>	<u>4,708,652</u>	<u>3,531,327</u>	<u>3,462,591</u>	<u>2,862,230</u>	<u>2,811,086</u>
Total business-type activities net assets	<u>\$34,571,442</u>	<u>\$33,633,689</u>	<u>\$32,995,364</u>	<u>\$32,839,084</u>	<u>\$31,866,473</u>	<u>\$23,306,543</u>
Primary Government						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$47,077,885	\$42,812,640	\$38,983,517	\$37,629,924	\$35,165,843	\$33,052,317
Restricted	4,415,157	4,043,211	3,848,119	2,686,314	2,400,483	4,034,042
Unrestricted	<u>14,308,642</u>	<u>14,318,452</u>	<u>12,103,645</u>	<u>11,875,412</u>	<u>10,898,413</u>	<u>10,129,478</u>
Total primary government net assets	<u>\$65,801,684</u>	<u>\$61,174,303</u>	<u>\$54,935,281</u>	<u>\$52,191,650</u>	<u>\$48,464,739</u>	<u>\$47,215,837</u>

Note: The City began to report accrual information when it implemented GASB Statement 34 in fiscal year 2003.

CITY OF MARSHALLTOWN, IOWA
CHANGES IN NET ASSETS
LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	Fiscal Year					
	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003
Expenses						
Governmental activities:						
Public safety	\$ 7,542,266	\$ 7,221,486	\$ 7,343,575	\$ 6,718,838	\$ 7,334,477	\$ 6,704,841
Public works	5,083,392	4,002,011	3,938,080	4,975,532	4,132,829	4,067,481
Health and social services	1,273,679	1,404,277	1,361,077	1,336,175	783,075	455,506
Culture and recreation	2,900,972	2,477,842	2,893,559	2,356,111	2,669,207	2,462,897
Community and economic development	1,795,613	1,992,572	1,694,889	1,743,784	2,495,685	1,744,724
General government	1,120,708	1,271,344	1,028,482	975,510	1,038,353	1,083,663
Interest on long term debt	841,587	910,061	921,460	1,037,688	984,214	1,137,323
Total governmental activities expenses	<u>20,558,217</u>	<u>19,279,593</u>	<u>19,181,122</u>	<u>19,143,638</u>	<u>19,437,840</u>	<u>17,656,435</u>
Business-type activities:						
Water pollution control	4,127,563	3,935,556	4,096,849	4,153,055	3,677,871	3,563,400
Storm sewer	516,213	451,013	423,426	472,913	408,532	-
Compost	89,164	37,472	44,066	47,634	35,357	40,971
Transit	562,279	501,321	438,430	419,640	492,115	531,734
Concessions	59,936	53,291	54,725	44,416	58,824	14,900
Total business-type activities expenses	<u>5,355,155</u>	<u>4,978,653</u>	<u>5,057,496</u>	<u>5,137,658</u>	<u>4,672,699</u>	<u>4,151,005</u>
Total primary government expenses	<u>\$ 25,913,372</u>	<u>\$ 24,258,246</u>	<u>\$ 24,238,618</u>	<u>\$ 24,281,296</u>	<u>\$ 24,110,539</u>	<u>\$ 21,807,440</u>
Program Revenues						
Governmental activities						
Charges for service:						
Public safety	\$ 186,932	\$ 550,576	\$ 104,082	\$ 257,712	\$ 172,460	\$ 104,795
Public works	446,564	663,753	636,645	401,644	643,004	483,067
Health and social services	66,515	68,541	-	-	-	-
Culture and recreation	469,169	488,282	687,079	632,892	651,286	350,488
Community and economic development	312,835	184,928	230,674	307,867	272,422	301,441
Other activities	159,155	83,055	171,517	122,900	112,633	163,010
Operating grants and contributions	6,006,627	5,739,079	5,440,505	5,265,563	5,510,052	4,887,463
Capital grants and contributions	1,570,148	2,898,828	1,461,418	971,519	517,296	697,162
Total governmental activities program revenues	<u>9,217,945</u>	<u>10,677,042</u>	<u>8,731,920</u>	<u>7,960,097</u>	<u>7,879,153</u>	<u>6,987,426</u>
Business-type activities						
Charges for service:						
Water pollution control	4,915,786	4,051,010	3,657,366	3,649,510	3,593,272	3,613,023
Storm sewer	303,621	334,058	327,807	306,892	274,397	-
Compost	26,155	22,405	26,627	35,620	41,526	43,914
Transit	129,841	85,433	118,473	123,760	136,637	102,802
Concessions	61,986	61,732	67,014	59,149	71,121	25,764
Operating grants and contributions	290,701	253,130	453,792	273,126	198,530	185,399
Capital grants and contributions	165,849	239,065	227,315	1,276,587	472,261	473,479
Total business-type activities program revenues	<u>5,893,939</u>	<u>5,046,833</u>	<u>4,878,394</u>	<u>5,724,644</u>	<u>4,787,744</u>	<u>4,444,381</u>
Total primary government program revenues	<u>\$ 15,111,884</u>	<u>\$ 15,723,875</u>	<u>\$ 13,610,314</u>	<u>\$ 13,684,741</u>	<u>\$ 12,666,897</u>	<u>\$ 11,431,807</u>

(continued)

CITY OF MARSHALLTOWN, IOWA
CHANGES IN NET ASSETS (continued)
LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	Fiscal Year					
	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003
Net (Expense)/Revenue						
Governmental activities	\$ (11,340,272)	\$ (8,602,551)	\$ (10,449,202)	\$ (11,183,541)	\$ (11,558,687)	\$ (10,669,009)
Business-type activities	538,784	68,180	(179,102)	586,986	115,045	293,376
Total primary government net expense	<u>\$ (10,801,488)</u>	<u>\$ (8,534,371)</u>	<u>\$ (10,628,304)</u>	<u>\$ (10,596,555)</u>	<u>\$ (11,443,642)</u>	<u>\$ (10,375,633)</u>
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Assets						
Governmental activities:						
Taxes						
Property	\$ 7,821,311	\$ 7,523,858	\$ 7,006,898	\$ 6,660,061	\$ 6,413,043	\$ 6,179,720
Other	5,735,724	5,697,114	4,928,051	5,891,242	5,067,338	5,335,391
Unrestricted						
State generated revenues	368,341	343,333	383,643	401,992	415,760	925,838
Investment earnings	602,711	655,348	477,315	288,581	167,696	217,902
Miscellaneous revenues	653,069	297,817	385,881	726,918	540,411	624,720
Transfers	(151,256)	(314,222)	(145,235)	(120,380)	(8,356,589)	(101,045)
Total governmental activities	<u>15,029,900</u>	<u>14,203,248</u>	<u>13,036,553</u>	<u>13,848,414</u>	<u>4,247,659</u>	<u>13,182,526</u>
Business-type activities:						
Investment earnings	245,562	255,923	190,147	113,190	88,296	142,525
Miscellaneous revenues	2,151	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers	151,256	314,222	145,235	120,380	8,356,589	101,045
Total business-type activities	<u>398,969</u>	<u>570,145</u>	<u>335,382</u>	<u>233,570</u>	<u>8,444,885</u>	<u>243,570</u>
Total primary government	<u>\$ 15,428,869</u>	<u>\$ 14,773,393</u>	<u>\$ 13,371,935</u>	<u>\$ 14,081,984</u>	<u>\$ 12,692,544</u>	<u>\$ 13,426,096</u>
Change in Net Assets						
Governmental activities	\$ 3,689,628	\$ 5,600,697	\$ 2,587,351	\$ 2,664,873	\$ (7,311,028)	\$ 2,513,517
Business-type activities	937,753	638,325	156,280	820,556	8,559,930	536,946
Total primary government	<u>\$ 4,627,381</u>	<u>\$ 6,239,022</u>	<u>\$ 2,743,631</u>	<u>\$ 3,485,429</u>	<u>\$ 1,248,902</u>	<u>\$ 3,050,463</u>

Note:

A storm sewer enterprise fund was established in fiscal year ended June 30, 2004. Prior to this time, expenditures were reflected in the governmental activities under public works. The capital assets of the storm sewer division were reflected as a transfer to the enterprise fund from the governmental activities.

CITY OF MARSHALLTOWN, IOWA
PROGRAM REVENUES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM
LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

Function/Program	Program Revenues by Fiscal Year					
	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003
Governmental activities						
Public safety	\$ 969,752	\$ 1,198,228	\$ 764,806	\$ 846,528	\$ 795,550	\$ 615,517
Public works	3,342,003	4,322,473	4,009,030	2,868,644	3,374,676	3,249,541
Health and social services	975,487	1,021,964	1,088,238	841,310	513,723	152,900
Culture and recreation	1,862,073	2,068,851	949,630	1,433,444	1,180,190	943,008
Community and economic development	1,909,475	1,982,471	1,823,109	1,868,320	1,914,974	1,866,125
General government	<u>159,155</u>	<u>83,055</u>	<u>97,107</u>	<u>101,851</u>	<u>100,040</u>	<u>160,335</u>
Total governmental activities	<u>\$ 9,217,945</u>	<u>\$ 10,677,042</u>	<u>\$ 8,731,920</u>	<u>\$ 7,960,097</u>	<u>\$ 7,879,153</u>	<u>\$ 6,987,426</u>
Business-type activities						
Water pollution control	\$ 4,915,859	\$ 4,196,643	\$ 3,689,112	\$ 4,066,813	\$ 3,640,858	\$ 3,734,990
Storm sewer	427,640	417,245	523,472	1,225,894	378,956	-
Compost	59,235	22,405	26,627	35,620	41,526	43,914
Transit	429,219	348,808	572,169	337,168	655,283	639,713
Concessions	<u>61,986</u>	<u>61,732</u>	<u>67,014</u>	<u>59,149</u>	<u>71,121</u>	<u>25,764</u>
Total business-type activities	<u>\$ 5,893,939</u>	<u>\$ 5,046,833</u>	<u>\$ 4,878,394</u>	<u>\$ 5,724,644</u>	<u>\$ 4,787,744</u>	<u>\$ 4,444,381</u>

CITY OF MARSHALLTOWN, IOWA
FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	Fiscal Year									
	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001	2000	1999
General Fund										
Reserved	\$ 254,813	\$ 260,504	\$ 254,337	\$ 270,400	\$ 317,580	\$ 325,475	\$ 284,565	\$ 256,815	\$ 215,382	\$ 219,104
Unreserved	<u>3,719,837</u>	<u>3,201,762</u>	<u>2,781,078</u>	<u>2,577,724</u>	<u>2,307,482</u>	<u>2,230,910</u>	<u>2,115,730</u>	<u>1,829,731</u>	<u>2,651,797</u>	<u>3,049,424</u>
Total general fund	<u>3,974,650</u>	<u>3,462,266</u>	<u>3,035,415</u>	<u>2,848,124</u>	<u>2,625,062</u>	<u>2,556,385</u>	<u>2,400,295</u>	<u>2,086,546</u>	<u>2,867,179</u>	<u>3,268,528</u>
All Other Governmental Funds										
Reserved	7,071,466	3,117,481	2,517,279	1,477,447	1,055,046	2,492,954	679,169	711,030	743,169	531,322
Unreserved reported in:										
Special revenue funds	2,376,891	3,256,828	2,923,224	3,371,161	4,580,157	4,327,815	4,379,485	4,390,771	4,192,641	3,402,017
Capital projects funds	<u>-</u>	<u>1,935,500</u>	<u>1,838,524</u>	<u>1,961,127</u>	<u>1,255,549</u>	<u>1,287,332</u>	<u>6,733,517</u>	<u>1,659,095</u>	<u>2,469,731</u>	<u>4,585,192</u>
Total all other governmental funds	<u>9,448,357</u>	<u>8,309,809</u>	<u>7,279,027</u>	<u>6,809,735</u>	<u>6,890,752</u>	<u>8,108,101</u>	<u>11,792,171</u>	<u>6,760,896</u>	<u>7,405,541</u>	<u>8,518,531</u>
Total fund balances of governmental funds	<u>\$ 13,423,007</u>	<u>\$ 11,772,075</u>	<u>\$ 10,314,442</u>	<u>\$ 9,657,859</u>	<u>\$ 9,515,814</u>	<u>\$ 10,664,486</u>	<u>\$ 14,192,466</u>	<u>\$ 8,847,442</u>	<u>\$ 10,272,720</u>	<u>\$ 11,787,059</u>

CITY OF MARSHALLTOWN, IOWA
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30,					
	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003
Revenues						
Taxes	\$ 14,053,501	\$ 13,698,670	\$ 12,373,299	\$ 12,974,773	\$ 11,876,045	\$ 11,943,200
Use of money and property	617,026	688,991	508,604	342,424	228,610	271,522
Licenses and permits	365,034	303,126	289,329	341,082	321,265	352,363
Intergovernmental	7,587,326	6,106,617	6,744,295	6,089,537	6,076,477	6,108,639
Charges for service	874,706	909,103	863,341	892,894	1,050,035	768,745
Special assessments	28,083	206,510	210,278	317	317	34,074
Miscellaneous	1,157,194	1,760,370	519,519	656,367	736,949	580,653
Total revenues	<u>24,682,870</u>	<u>23,673,387</u>	<u>21,508,665</u>	<u>21,297,394</u>	<u>20,289,698</u>	<u>20,059,196</u>
Expenditures						
Public safety	7,588,682	7,165,536	6,898,394	6,568,961	7,121,973	6,341,434
Public works	3,913,315	2,922,597	2,438,572	3,706,520	1,732,511	1,174,940
Health and social services	1,284,767	1,421,014	1,340,728	1,340,928	784,624	449,028
Culture and recreation	2,552,969	2,145,963	2,526,524	2,012,136	2,293,991	2,196,006
Community and economic development	1,462,263	1,987,416	1,682,136	1,727,405	2,487,721	1,664,266
General government	1,082,742	1,122,209	1,227,899	1,158,880	2,429,108	2,639,542
Capital outlay	5,923,147	2,351,022	3,436,407	1,581,034	4,928,180	7,053,729
Debt service						
Principal	2,152,278	2,041,190	1,795,178	2,101,062	1,983,850	1,515,000
Interest and other fiscal charges	1,190,984	932,281	928,425	1,065,517	1,009,082	1,241,506
Total expenditures	<u>27,151,147</u>	<u>22,089,228</u>	<u>22,274,263</u>	<u>21,262,443</u>	<u>24,771,040</u>	<u>24,275,451</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	<u>(2,468,277)</u>	<u>1,584,159</u>	<u>(765,598)</u>	<u>34,951</u>	<u>(4,481,342)</u>	<u>(4,216,255)</u>
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Sale of governmental assets	20,465	13,299	67,416	489,574	105,050	-
Debt issued	15,455,000	-	1,500,000	1,932,441	3,300,000	3,957,038
Payment of refunded bonds	(11,205,000)	-	-	(2,100,000)	-	(3,350,000)
Premium (discount) and accrued interest on debt issued	-	-	-	-	19,073	2,139
Transfers in	7,506,477	7,596,884	6,266,978	6,535,905	6,579,422	5,551,670
Transfers out	<u>(7,657,733)</u>	<u>(7,736,709)</u>	<u>(6,412,213)</u>	<u>(6,656,285)</u>	<u>(6,670,875)</u>	<u>(5,652,715)</u>
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>4,119,209</u>	<u>(126,526)</u>	<u>1,422,181</u>	<u>201,635</u>	<u>3,332,670</u>	<u>508,132</u>
Net change in fund balances	<u>\$ 1,650,932</u>	<u>\$ 1,457,633</u>	<u>\$ 656,583</u>	<u>\$ 236,586</u>	<u>\$ (1,148,672)</u>	<u>\$ (3,708,123)</u>
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	15.7%	15.1%	14.5%	16.1%	15.1%	16.0%

CITY OF MARSHALLTOWN, IOWA

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS, EXCLUDING CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS PRIOR FOUR FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	2002	2001	2000	1999
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ 10,399,173	\$ 9,680,281	\$ 10,072,573	\$ 9,121,503
Use of money and property	318,771	561,913	496,762	377,407
Licenses and permits	368,173	273,959	272,179	230,645
Intergovernmental	5,279,495	4,911,482	4,829,315	4,800,775
Charges for service	621,387	535,874	509,159	475,590
Special assessments	23,007	4,939	124,423	4,550
Miscellaneous	321,675	427,891	319,039	380,801
Total revenues	<u>17,331,681</u>	<u>16,396,339</u>	<u>16,623,450</u>	<u>15,391,271</u>
Expenditures				
Community protection	6,669,862	6,233,200	5,845,373	5,697,063
Human development	236,778	1,734,570	1,755,480	1,570,223
Home and community environment	5,208,025	3,817,988	3,169,304	3,565,351
Policy and administration	1,024,559	993,940	920,702	842,972
Capital outlay	-	1,126,152	1,271,064	833,720
Debt service				
Principal	11,255,000	1,730,569	1,591,462	6,140,200
Interest and other fiscal charges	1,011,517	979,624	1,053,454	1,006,087
Total expenditures	<u>25,405,741</u>	<u>16,616,043</u>	<u>15,606,839</u>	<u>19,655,616</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	<u>(8,074,060)</u>	<u>(219,704)</u>	<u>1,016,611</u>	<u>(4,264,345)</u>
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in	15,607,198	13,498,269	13,241,877	12,686,854
Transfers out	<u>(5,170,867)</u>	<u>(4,952,762)</u>	<u>(4,027,023)</u>	<u>(2,917,695)</u>
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>10,436,331</u>	<u>8,545,507</u>	<u>9,214,854</u>	<u>9,769,159</u>
Net change in fund balances	<u>\$ 2,362,271</u>	<u>\$ 8,325,803</u>	<u>\$ 10,231,465</u>	<u>\$ 5,504,814</u>
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	48.3%	17.5%	18.4%	38.0%

Note: Effective with fiscal 1998, the state-shared revenues passed through the County have been reclassified from property taxes to intergovernmental revenues. Therefore, the collections have decreased compared to prior years. Effective with fiscal 2001, utilities are paying an excise tax rather than property taxes. The excise tax is included with other City taxes.

CITY OF MARSHALLTOWN, IOWA
TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

Fiscal year	Property Tax	Tax Increment Financing Tax	Utility Excise Tax	Utility Franchise Fee	Hotel/Motel Tax	Local Option Sales Tax	911 Surcharge	Mobile Home Tax	Total
2002-03	\$ 6,194,625	\$ 1,510,366	\$ 1,090,939	\$ 190,260	\$ 189,548	\$ 2,525,515	\$ 223,384	\$ 18,563	\$ 11,943,200
2003-04	6,415,158	1,597,111	890,749	189,286	168,290	2,392,555	204,609	18,287	11,876,045
2004-05	6,659,496	2,312,752	862,169	189,343	171,263	2,528,335	234,253	17,162	12,974,773
2005-06	7,005,288	1,482,011	829,047	195,360	212,989	2,387,873	244,697	16,034	12,373,299
2006-07	7,526,150	1,795,068	868,036	198,668	199,910	2,818,990	277,194	14,654	13,698,670
2007-08	7,820,995	1,935,170	844,407	229,721	290,531	2,657,617	260,185	14,875	14,053,501

CITY OF MARSHALLTOWN, IOWA
GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008
(MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASES OF ACCOUNTING)

Fiscal year	Property Tax	Tax Increment Financing Tax	Utility ExciseTax	Utility Franchise Fee	Hotel/Motel Tax	Local Option Sales Tax	911 Surcharge	Mobile Home Tax	Total
2002-03	\$ 6,194,625	\$ 1,510,366	\$ 1,090,939	\$ 190,260	\$ 189,548	\$ 2,525,515	\$ 223,384	\$ 18,563	\$ 11,943,200
2003-04	6,415,158	1,597,111	890,749	189,286	168,290	2,392,555	204,609	18,287	11,876,045
2004-05	6,659,496	2,312,752	862,169	189,343	171,263	2,528,335	234,253	17,162	12,974,773
2005-06	7,005,288	1,482,011	829,047	195,360	212,989	2,387,873	244,697	16,034	12,373,299
2006-07	7,526,150	1,795,068	868,036	198,668	199,910	2,818,990	277,194	14,654	13,698,670
2007-08	7,820,995	1,935,170	844,407	229,721	290,531	2,657,617	260,185	14,875	14,053,501

Source: City Financial Records

CITY OF MARSHALLTOWN, IOWA
ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

Levy Year	Fiscal Year	Residential Property	Commercial Property	Industrial Property	Total Regular Realty	TIF	Agland Realty	Total Taxable Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate	Estimated Actual Gross Value	Taxable Assessed Value as a Percentage of Actual Gross Value
1997	1998-99				\$ 540,034,614	\$ 26,124,924	\$ 2,977,942	\$ 569,137,480	16.11196	\$796,344,614	71.469%
1998	1999-00				557,295,805	35,447,957	2,999,894	595,743,656	15.11361	812,532,582	73.319%
1999	2000-01				475,219,315	46,453,635	3,207,378	524,880,328	12.60867	767,305,731	68.406%
2000	2001-02				482,730,476	44,573,485	3,310,601	530,614,562	12.96936	764,667,955	69.391%
2001	2002-03				494,310,987	61,244,207	3,230,403	558,785,597	12.96979	858,407,782	65.096%
2002	2003-04	\$ 302,312,215	\$ 157,828,361	\$ 41,051,206	501,191,782	55,196,316	3,218,650	559,606,748	13.08945	859,393,224	65.116%
2003	2004-05	310,460,051	160,487,151	36,753,595	507,700,797	71,047,100	2,502,624	581,250,521	13.37877	941,222,235	61.755%
2004	2005-06	318,918,021	172,425,422	46,225,042	537,568,485	44,482,642	2,464,569	584,515,696	13.37878	1,040,972,285	56.151%
2005	2006-07	333,119,910	210,662,117	50,595,114	594,377,141	51,716,709	2,469,617	648,563,467	12.94049	1,051,707,358	61.668%
2006	2007-08	341,564,905	270,177,904	57,589,054	669,331,863	54,807,718	2,534,103	726,673,684	12.93500	1,186,917,748	61.224%

Rollback Factors by Class

Fiscal Year	Gas & Electric	Tax Exempt Property	Residential	Agricultural	Commercial	Railroad
1998-99		77,542,410	54.85250	96.42060	97.36060	97.36060
1999-00		79,623,089	56.26510	100.00000	100.00000	
2000-01	\$ 82,272,233	79,424,978	51.66760	96.33800	98.77320	98.77320
2001-02	82,653,397	82,264,656	51.38740	100.00000	100.00000	
2002-03	84,141,000	88,347,820	48.45580	100.00000	97.77010	97.77010
2003-04	86,485,422	89,988,114	47.96420	100.00000	100.00000	
2004-05	90,789,115	92,101,046	45.99600	100.00000	99.25740	99.25700
2005-06	67,936,113	116,039,112	47.96420	100.00000	100.00000	
2006-07	67,247,692	116,058,327	45.99600	100.00000	99.15090	99.15090
2007-08	64,804,167	117,919,100	45.55960	100.00000	100.00000	100.00000

Source: Marshall County Auditor's Office

Notes: Effective with the January 1, 1999 valuations, Alliant Energy, the local gas and electric provider, is assessed a utility excise tax instead of taxes based upon property valuations.

Each year the State of Iowa assigns a rollback factor to calculate the percent of assessed value which will be taxable.

This rate is assigned per property classification and can fluctuate each year. Industrial property is taxed at 100% of its gross assessed value.

CITY OF MARSHALLTOWN, IOWA
TAX RATES – DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED) (PER \$1,000 ASSESSED VALUATIONS)

Levy year Jan 1,	Collection Year	Marshall County	Community Schools	Marshalltown	City Assessor	Community College	County Extension	State of Iowa	Total
1997	1998-99	6.80708	15.80058	16.11196	0.33387	1.05028	0.08701	0.00500	40.19578
1998	1999-00	6.06076	15.16492	15.11361	0.36848	1.01627	0.08416	0.00500	37.81320
1999	2000-01	5.98332	16.42885	12.60867	0.37346	0.82674	0.08256	0.00500	36.30860
2000	2001-02	6.15739	16.25058	12.96936	0.36356	0.83104	0.08044	0.00500	36.65737
2001	2002-03	6.01644	16.21217	12.96979	0.35227	0.85117	0.07832	0.00400	36.48416
2002	2003-04	6.08852	16.19581	13.08945	0.34538	0.92000	0.07677	0.00400	36.71993
2003	2004-05	6.56545	17.30327	13.37877	0.35723	0.98700	0.08143	0.00400	38.67715
2004	2005-06	6.73583	18.28730	13.37878	0.34571	0.93175	0.07992	0.00400	39.76329
2005	2006-07	6.60870	18.13123	12.94049	0.32273	0.98001	0.07509	0.00400	39.06225
2006	2007-08	7.60000	18.07061	12.93500	0.31708	1.81770	0.10587	0.00350	40.84976

Source: Marshall County Auditor's Office

**CITY OF MARSHALLTOWN, IOWA
 PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS
 CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO**

Taxpayer	Jan 1, 2006		Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value	Jan 1, 1997		Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value
	Taxable Assessed Value Payable 07- 08	Rank		Taxable Assessed Value Payable 98- 99	Rank	
Interstate Power and Light Co	\$ 98,575,149	1	14.6%			
MMSC, Ventures Inc	19,140,886	2	2.8%			
Lennox Industries Inc	14,684,500	3	2.2%	\$ 21,503,357	3	2.7%
Marshall Town Center Partners	12,315,627	4	1.8%	7,943,800	5	1.0%
Walmart, Real Estate Business	11,365,164	5	1.7%	3,691,161	10	0.5%
Emerson Process Mgt/Fisher Controls	10,812,010	6	1.6%	23,638,169	2	2.9%
Swift & Company (SIPC0 in 96-97)	9,118,774	7	1.4%	13,644,909	4	1.7%
Trilog/Embers of Marshalltown	6,128,054	8	0.9%			
Inns of Iowa Ltd	6,116,082	9	0.9%	4,283,712	8	0.5%
Marshalltown Medical and Sugerical	5,245,690	10	0.8%			
IES Utilities				87,668,852	1	10.8%
Packaging Corporation of America				5,076,585	6	0.7%
Embers of Marshalltown				4,425,000	7	0.5%
U.S. West Communications				3,976,352	9	0.5%
	<u>\$ 193,501,936</u>		<u>28.7%</u>	<u>\$ 175,851,897</u>		<u>21.8%</u>

Note: Alliant Energy (IES Utilities), the local gas and electric provider, is now assessed a utility excise tax instead of taxes based upon their property valuation. The gas and electric assessed property value for January 1, 2006 was \$68,595,523.

CITY OF MARSHALLTOWN, IOWA
SALES TAX
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

<u>Calendar Year</u>	<u>Taxable Retail Sales</u>	<u>No. of Businesses</u>
1998	\$ 321,765,151	3,490
1999	323,776,666	3,363
2000	309,653,376	3,282
2001	333,741,450	3,189
2002	326,679,780	3,017
2003	315,705,482	2,923
2004	317,256,826	2,902
2005	320,099,470	2,896
2006	334,897,482	3,982
2007	349,978,209	3,937

Source: Iowa Department of Revenue Sales and Use Tax Report based on fiscal year ending March 31 following succeeding the calendar year.

CITY OF MARSHALLTOWN, IOWA
RATIO OF ANNUAL DEBT SERVICE EXPENDITURES FOR GENERAL DEBT TO TOTAL
GENERAL EXPENDITURES – GENERAL, SPECIAL REVENUE, AND DEBT SERVICE
FUNDS
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

Collection year	Levy year	Current levy	Collections & State		Percent of levy collected*	State Credits Shown in Intergovernmental
			Credits in the Current Year			
1998-99	1997	\$ 8,830,340	\$ 9,052,925		102.52%	\$ 753,506
1999-00	1998	8,668,373	8,750,099		100.94%	691,703
2000-01	1999	6,151,536	6,309,799		102.57%	599,799
2001-02	2000	6,395,110	6,384,130		99.83%	428,580
2002-03	2001	6,588,225	6,596,381		100.12%	401,756
2003-04	2002	6,767,269	6,802,125		100.52%	386,967
2004-05	2003	7,013,159	7,059,320		100.66%	399,824
2005-06	2004	7,363,490	7,382,393		100.26%	377,105
2006-07	2005	7,690,645	7,894,457		102.65%	368,307
2007-08	2006	8,143,010	8,161,520		100.23%	340,525

Note:

Effective with fiscal year 1998, the state-shared revenues passed through the County have been reclassified from property taxes to intergovernmental revenue. The current levy column is based upon both levy and state shared property tax credits. Collections in current year column include both property tax collections and state shared property tax credits classified as intergovernmental revenue.

Information is not available for prior year collections based upon each levy year. Therefore all collections are included in one column.

Effective with fiscal 2001, utilities are paying an excise tax rather than property taxes.

Source: General Purpose Financial Statements

*Collections include delinquent taxes which result in collection rates greater than 100 percent.

State credits	Less prior year		Add current year		Adjusted balance
	Cash basis	accrual	accrual		
1998-99	\$ 765,345	\$ (13,647)	\$ 1,808	\$	753,506
1999-00	672,718	(1,808)	20,793		691,703
2000-01	608,869	(20,793)	11,723		599,799
2001-02	427,299	(11,723)	13,004		428,580
2002-03	407,362	(13,004)	7,398		401,756
2003-04	386,672	(7,398)	7,693		386,967
2004-05	388,392	(7,693)	19,125		399,824
2005-06	375,228	(19,125)	21,002		377,105
2006-07	368,453	(19,125)	20,856		370,184
2007-08	341,202	(20,856)	20,179		340,525

CITY OF MARSHALLTOWN, IOWA
RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities			Total Primary Government	Personal Income	Percentage of Personal Income	Population	Per Capita
	General Obligation Bonds	Notes Payable	Urban Renewal Tax Increment Revenue Bonds and Notes	Revenue Bonds	Sewer Revenue Capital Loan Note Payable						
1999	\$ 16,875,000	\$ 470,000	\$ 4,475,000	\$ 8,075,000	\$ -	\$ 29,895,000	\$ 16,632	1,797	25,925	\$ 1,153	
2000	15,675,000	150,000	4,435,000	7,450,000	-	27,710,000	17,003	1,630	26,009	1,065	
2001	14,185,000	50,000	4,330,000	6,790,000	-	25,355,000	17,823	1,423	26,019	974	
2002	19,745,000	-	4,290,000	6,210,000	-	30,245,000	18,643	1,622	26,030	1,162	
2003	18,435,000	-	4,692,038	5,435,000	621,705	29,183,743	19,463	1,499	26,040	1,121	
2004	18,995,000	-	5,448,188	4,020,000	4,122,638	32,585,826	20,283	1,607	26,051	1,251	
2005	17,405,000	138,404	4,637,129	3,330,000	4,348,000	29,858,533	21,103	1,415	26,060	1,146	
2006	17,465,000	124,564	4,295,788	2,585,000	4,347,000	28,817,352	21,926	1,314	26,068	1,105	
2007	15,810,000	110,724	3,923,438	1,815,000	4,346,000	26,005,162	22,855	1,138	26,073	997	
2008	21,845,000	96,884	-	1,555,000	4,040,000	27,536,884	22,919	1,201	26,073	1,056	

Source: DemographicsNow

CITY OF MARSHALLTOWN, IOWA
RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	General Bonded Debt Outstanding			Percentage of Estimated Actual Taxable Value of Property	Per Capita
	General Obligation Bonds	Notes Payable	Total		
1999	\$ 16,875,000	\$ 470,000	\$ 17,345,000	2.19	\$ 1,042.87
2000	15,675,000	150,000	15,825,000	1.95	930.72
2001	14,185,000	50,000	14,235,000	1.86	798.69
2002	19,745,000	-	19,745,000	2.58	1,059.11
2003	18,435,000	-	18,435,000	2.15	947.18
2004	18,995,000	-	18,995,000	2.21	936.50
2005	17,405,000	138,404	17,543,404	1.79	831.32
2006	17,465,000	124,564	17,589,564	1.87	802.22
2007	15,810,000	110,724	15,920,724	1.34	610.62
2008	21,845,000	96,884	21,941,884	1.85	841.56

CITY OF MARSHALLTOWN, IOWA
DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT
AS OF JUNE 30, 2008

Name of Governmental Unit	Debt Outstanding	Percentage Applicable to Marshalltown	City of Marshalltown Share of Debt
Iowa Valley Schools	\$ 38,980,000	21.87%	\$ 8,524,926
Marshalltown Community School District	26,260,000	85.06%	22,336,756
Marshall County	3,040,000	56.91%	1,730,064
	<u>68,280,000</u>		<u>32,591,746</u>
City of Marshalltown	21,941,884	100.00%	21,941,884
	<u>\$ 90,221,884</u>		<u>\$ 54,533,630</u>

Source:

State of Iowa Treasurer's Office

CITY OF MARSHALLTOWN, IOWA
LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Fiscal Year Ending June 30,									
	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001	2000	1999
Gross assessed valuations:										
Regular realty	\$ 1,027,939,554	\$ 1,001,496,418	\$ 898,088,147	\$ 867,672,511	\$ 804,677,548	\$ 793,933,172	\$ 716,783,869	\$ 717,519,561	\$ 774,036,481	\$ 767,129,346
Utility	107,436,245	104,349,219	98,401,496	90,789,115	86,485,422	84,141,000	82,653,397	82,272,233	-	-
Incremental	54,807,718	51,716,709	44,485,642	71,047,100	55,196,316	61,244,207	44,573,485	46,453,635	35,447,957	26,124,924
Total actual valuations applicable to debt	1,190,183,517	1,157,562,346	1,040,975,285	1,029,508,726	946,359,286	939,318,379	844,010,751	846,245,429	809,484,438	793,254,270
Debt limit - 5% of total actual valuations applicable to debt	59,509,176	57,878,117	52,048,764	51,475,436	47,317,964	46,965,919	42,200,538	42,312,271	40,474,222	39,662,714
Amount of debt applicable to limitation:										
General obligation bonds and notes	21,941,884	15,920,724	17,589,564	17,543,404	18,995,000	18,435,000	19,745,000	14,235,000	15,825,000	17,345,000
Urban renewal tax increment revenue bonds	-	3,923,438	4,295,788	4,637,126	5,448,188	4,692,038	4,290,000	4,330,000	4,435,000	4,475,000
Total debt applicable to limitation	21,941,884	19,844,162	21,885,352	22,180,530	24,443,188	23,127,038	24,035,000	18,565,000	20,260,000	21,820,000
Less:										
Funds available from:										
Debt service	232,719	281,555	238,506	217,083	542,533	568,175	596,133	670,450	554,693	351,088
Special revenue	438,585	632,232	998,446	615,975	187,331	713,951	270,840	213,563	181,014	155,253
Total debt applicable to debt margin	21,270,580	18,930,375	20,648,400	21,347,472	23,713,324	21,844,912	23,168,027	17,680,987	19,524,293	21,313,659
Legal debt margin	\$ 38,238,596	\$ 38,947,742	\$ 31,400,364	\$ 30,127,964	\$ 23,604,640	\$ 25,121,007	\$ 19,032,511	\$ 24,631,284	\$ 20,949,929	\$ 18,349,055

CITY OF MARSHALLTOWN, IOWA
PLEDGED – REVENUE COVERAGE
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

Water Pollution Control				Debt Service Requirements			
<u>Year</u>	<u>Gross Revenue</u>	<u>Expenses (1)</u>	<u>Available For Debt Service</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest & other debt expense</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Coverage</u>
1998-99	\$ 3,475,081	\$ 1,844,893	\$ 1,630,188	\$ 420,000	\$ 451,637	\$ 871,637	1.87
1999-00	3,452,591	1,872,024	1,580,567	625,000	330,152	955,152	1.65
2000-01	3,693,270	1,994,830	1,698,440	660,000	376,281	1,036,281	1.64
2001-02	3,768,757	2,123,166	1,645,591	690,000	356,418	1,046,418	1.57
2002-03	3,755,193	2,279,904	1,475,289	775,000	314,179	1,089,179	1.35
2003-04	3,693,877	2,323,665	1,370,212	1,415,000	333,572	1,748,572	0.78
2004-05	3,802,434	2,581,717	1,220,717	2,823,483	331,773	3,155,256	0.39
2005-06	3,831,282	2,612,861	1,218,421	746,000	274,290	1,020,290	1.19
2006-07	4,279,994	2,484,430	1,795,564	771,000	246,351	1,017,351	1.76
2007-08	5,128,279	2,746,362	2,381,917	566,000	197,189	763,189	3.12

(1) Total operating expenses, less depreciation.

Sources: City Financial Records and Water Works Financial Records

**CITY OF MARSHALLTOWN, IOWA
DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)**

Calendar Year	Median Age (Zip 50158)	School Enrollment		Unemployment Percent
		Public	Private	
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
1999	39.7	4,941	247	2.40
2000	39.7	4,916	248	2.70
2001	39.0	4,964	248	2.90
2002	39.0	4,939	235	3.80
2003	39.0	4,913	234	5.40
2004	39.2	4,895	194	5.80
2005	39.4	4,913	182	5.10
2006	39.5	5,030	187	3.80
2007	40.4	5,035	185	4.00
2007	40.2	5,065	235	4.80

Note: Total personal income information for the City of Marshalltown is not available.

Sources:

- (1) The Community Sourcebook of ZIP codes
- (2) Marshalltown Community School District
- (3) Marshalltown Catholic School
- (4) Job Service of Iowa: <http://www.iowaworkforce.org>

NA: Information was not available at time of printing

CITY OF MARSHALLTOWN, IOWA
PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS
CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO (UNAUDITED)

Employer	Industry	2008- Employees	1999- Employees
(JBS) Swift & Company	Pork processors	2,200	2,000
Lennox Industries, Inc	Furnace and air conditioning manufacturer	1,065	1,300
Emerson Process Mgt/Fisher Controls	Valves and regulators manufacturer	1,200	1,100
Iowa Veteran's Home	Hospital care facility	1,000	945
Marshalltown Community School District	Education	915	850
Marshalltown Medical and Surgical Center	Hospital	715	700
Wal-Mart*	Retail	325	
Marshalltown Community College	Education	245	
HyVee Food Stores *	Grocery store	340	350
McFarland Clinic PC	Medical clinic	223	
City of Marshalltown*	Municipal government	198	176
Marshall County	County government	166	285
Kiowa Corporation	Aluminum and zinc die casting		170

Note: Total employment information for the City of Marshalltown is not available. Consequently, each employer's percentage of total employment can not be calculated.

Source: Marshalltown Chamber of Commerce

* Includes full time, part time and seasonal employees

CITY OF MARSHALLTOWN, IOWA
FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Function/Program	Full-time-Equivalent Employees as of June 30									
	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001	2000	1999
Public Safety	101.94	100.13	98.13	103.63	96.46	100.42	100.90	101.66	101.47	100.38
Public Works	19.88	18.31	18.69	18.87	20.13	22.80	22.95	22.78	21.55	21.94
Health and Social Services	7.14	7.78	7.33	8.11	7.68	5.78	5.10	4.36	3.71	2.89
Culture and Recreation	26.17	25.28	25.08	28.85	34.13	36.55	33.87	25.09	25.46	26.01
Community and Economic Development	3.09	3.15	2.92	2.94	3.75	3.88	3.69	4.99	4.91	5.51
General Government	18.16	17.89	17.85	18.55	18.47	19.71	19.00	19.45	19.10	20.00
Business-Type	30.70	30.34	29.75	30.70	30.87	29.19	27.97	27.71	27.41	26.85
Capital Projects	0.02	0.45	0.19	0.15	0.65	0.08	-	-	-	-
Total	<u>207.10</u>	<u>203.33</u>	<u>199.94</u>	<u>211.80</u>	<u>212.14</u>	<u>218.41</u>	<u>213.48</u>	<u>206.04</u>	<u>203.61</u>	<u>203.58</u>

CITY OF MARSHALLTOWN, IOWA
OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Function/Program	Fiscal Year				
	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004
General Government					
Building Permits:					
New Construction:					
Number of permits	39	49	40	50	55
Value of permits	22,522,000	11,058,000	9,260,000	11,054,000	13,441,000
Remodeling, repairs and additions:					
Number of permits	149	131	131	126	120
Value of permits	25,418,400	17,893,700	11,758,000	20,799,600	7,489,900
Police					
Physical arrests	N/A	3,833	2,415	2,681	2,705
Violations:					
Parking	N/A	7,073	7,858	8,570	8,433
Traffic	N/A	6,005	6,585	6,245	6,660
Drunk driving	N/A	240	220	228	148
Narcotics	N/A	130	274	291	290
Fire					
Emergency responses	N/A	2,052	1,996	1,879	1,862
Fires extinguished	N/A	61	49	44	59
Inspections	N/A	412	461	555	386
Parks and recreation					
Adult team sports					
Leagues	4	4	16	15	14
Participation	2,201	2,312	2,711	2,434	2,854
Youth activities					
Programs	35	35	N/A	32	25
Participation	7,268	7,625	N/A	8189	5413
Library					
Volumes in collection	91,914	90,561	88,362	82,269	83,931
Total volumes borrowed	253,855	231,420	215,953	200,652	190,749
Sewage system					
Per million					
Daily average treatment in gallons	7.38	5.89	4.92	4.57	5.60
Maximum daily capacity of treatment plant in thousands of gallons	17,440	17,440	13,040	13,040	13,040
Sewer customers served	9,435	9,448	9,426	9,723	10,774
					*
* computer software was counting sewer credit meters					
Sewer rates in effect					
Base charge per month	\$9.51	\$9.51	\$9.51	\$9.51	\$9.51
Flow charge per 100 cubic feet	\$1.63	\$1.55	\$1.47	\$1.31	\$1.31
Transit					
Total route miles	105,435	102,109	96,458	113,037	122,256
# of passengers	111,849	88,431	112,885	115,158	127,139
General Elections - November of each year					
Registered voters	17,015	17,015	29,795	28,549	27,333
Number of votes cast	N/A	8,296	19,447	19,340	19,233
Percentage of registered voters voting	N/A	48.76%	65.27%	67.74%	70.37%

Ending June 30,				
2003	2002	2001	2000	1999
87	59	51	48	34
19,684,000	28,425,000	11,574,000	5,804,800	12,607,000
139	191	179	206	182
15,805,900	13,421,600	7,467,600	16,727,900	5,085,600
2,466	3,011	2,710	2,582	N/A
11,901	8,680	10,401	9,718	10,269
4,486	4,647	7,486	9,177	8,199
151	148	158	111	169
260	253	239	162	133
1,887	1,966	2,072	1,952	1,885
75	62	56	68	71
226	324	269	345	376
14	13	13	13	12
2,854	2,607	2,591	2,589	2,620
25	21	23	25	22
5344	3807	4514	6731	5386
79,264	77,201	74,312	69,265	68,778
192,004	174,292	168,084	177,846	176,218
4.66	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
13,040	13,040	13,040	13,040	13,040
10,774	9,264	9,261	9,168	9,507
*				
\$9.51	\$9.51	\$8.36	\$8.36	\$8.36
\$1.31	\$1.31	\$1.12	\$1.12	\$1.12
141,955	134,446	131,743	126,065	122,169
131,807	134,784	136,920	114,595	93,522
N/A	26,078	N/A	25,427	N/A
2,493	14,186	3,254	17,760	2,636
N/A	54.40%	N/A	69.85%	N/A

CITY OF MARSHALLTOWN, IOWA
CAPITAL ASSET AND EMPLOYMENT STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Function/Program	Fiscal Year				
	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004
Police					
# of stations	1	1	1	1	1
# of employees	58	59	59	59	59
Non- dispatch	45	46	46	46	46
Dispatch	13	13	13	13	13
Fire					
# of stations	1	1	1	1	1
# of employees	29	30	30	29	31
Parks and recreation					
Park areas					
# parks	26	26	26	26	24
# acres	328	328	207	207	207
Athletics					
# Baseball/softball fields	6	6	5	5	5
# Soccer/football fields	6	6	6	6	6
# Tennis courts	4	4	6	6	6
Other					
# playgrounds	17	17	22	18	18
Miles of bike trails	8	8	8	8	8
# Swimming pools	1	1	1	1	1
Public works					
Streets:					
Paved	157.4	157.4	157.4	157.2	156.8
Unpaved	5.8	5.8	5.8	5.8	5.8
Sewage system					
Number of treatment plants	1	1	1	1	1
Miles of sewers					
Storm	57.1	56.4	56.1	54.6	54.6
Sanitary	145.7	145.3	144.6	144.4	143.2
Transit					
# of buses	10	10	10	10	10
Education - Public and private					
Number of elementary schools	7	7	7	7	7
Number of elementary school instructors	203	137	179	189	156
Number of secondary schools	2	3	3	3	3
Number of secondary school instructors	147	240	172	175	205
Cemeteries					
Number of facilities	2	2	2	2	2
Number of acres					
Developed	135	135	135	135	135
Undeveloped	80	80	80	80	80
Hospitals					
Number of hospitals	1	1	1	1	1
Number of beds	125	125	125	125	125

Ending June 30,				
2003	2002	2001	2000	1999
1	1	1	1	1
59	57	60	61	60
n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
1	1	1	1	1
31	33	32	32	31
24	24	24	24	24
207	207	207	207	207
5	5	5	5	5
6	6	6	6	6
6	6	6	6	6
18	18	18	18	18
8	8	8	8	8
1	1	2	2	2
156.5	155.6	155	152.9	152.6
5.8	5.8	5.8	5.8	5.4
1	1	1	1	1
54.5	54	37	36.6	36.3
142.9	142.3	142	126.5	126.2
10	10	10	10	9
6	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
140	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
3	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
210	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
2	2	2	2	2
135	135	135	135	135
80	80	80	80	80
n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a

CITY OF MARSHALLTOWN, IOWA
WATER POLLUTION CONTROL
HISTORIC EARNINGS
LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS

	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003
Revenues:						
Sewer Rental	\$ 4,584,414	\$ 3,923,869	\$ 3,535,609	\$ 3,488,658	\$ 3,445,984	\$ 3,499,800
Interest Income	212,420	228,888	173,820	108,425	86,945	142,074
Grants	73	96	96	44,499	13,660	96
Miscellaneous	331,372	127,141	121,757	160,852	147,288	113,223
Total revenues	5,128,279	4,279,994	3,831,282	3,802,434	3,693,877	3,755,193
Expenses:						
Costs of Service	2,746,362	2,484,430	2,612,861	2,673,383	2,341,278	2,279,904
Depreciation	1,184,012	1,188,396	1,198,715	1,147,899	979,579	959,963
Debt Service	763,189	1,021,961	1,031,273	1,042,773	1,772,014	1,098,533
Total expenses	4,693,563	4,694,787	4,842,849	4,864,055	5,092,871	4,338,400
Net Income (Loss)	\$ 434,716	\$ (414,793)	\$ (1,011,567)	\$ (1,061,621)	\$ (1,398,994)	\$ (583,207)

WATER POLLUTION CONTROL HISTORIC COVERAGE
LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS

	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003
Net Income (Loss)	\$ 434,716	\$ (414,793)	\$ (1,011,567)	\$ (1,061,621)	\$ (1,398,994)	\$ (583,207)
Add depreciation	1,184,012	1,188,396	1,198,715	1,147,899	979,579	959,963
Add debt retirement	763,189	1,021,961	1,031,273	1,042,773	1,772,014	1,098,533
Net income available for debt service	\$ 2,381,917	\$ 1,795,564	\$ 1,218,421	\$ 1,129,051	\$ 1,352,599	\$ 1,475,289
Historic debt service	\$ 763,189	\$ 1,021,961	\$ 1,031,273	\$ 1,042,773	\$ 1,772,014	\$ 1,098,533
Historic coverage	3.12	1.80	1.18	1.08	0.76	1.34
Projected max future debt	\$ 752,953	\$ 762,363	\$ 995,769	\$ 1,008,089	\$ 998,726	\$ 1,009,166
Projected coverage	3.16	2.42	1.22	1.12	1.35	1.46

CITY OF MARSHALLTOWN, IOWA
WATER POLLUTION CONTROL
NUMBER OF CUSTOMERS BY TYPE
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Year	Residential	Multi-Family	Commercial	Industrial	Total	Incr (Decr)
1999	8,215	433	826	60	9,534	27
2000	7,956	424	745	43	9,168	(366)
2001	8,051	422	744	44	9,261	93
2002	8,040	419	757	48	9,264	3
2003	7,794	469	815	46	9,124	(140)
2004	8,149	486	851	45	9,531	407
2005	8,487	436	758	42	9,723	192
2006	8,221	420	739	46	9,426	(297)
2007	8,243	416	743	46	9,448	22
2008	8,229	418	741	47	9,435	(13)

Note: Due to computer modification in fiscal year 2003, a more accurate count can be ascertained.

Prior years included credit meters. Information based upon number of meters.

Source: Marshalltown Water Works

CITY OF MARSHALLTOWN, IOWA
WATER POLLUTION CONTROL
PRESENT NET ASSETS
AS OF JUNE 30, 2008

Sewer Revenue Operating and Maintenance Accounts	\$	324,513
Sewer Revenue Sinking Reserve Fund Account		62,746
Sewer Revenue Improvement Fund Account		250,000
Additional Capital Replacement Fund Account		2,403,763
Sewer Revenue Reserve Fund Account		636,400
Undesignated		<u>2,002,425</u>
Total Water Pollution Control Net Assets	\$	<u>5,679,847</u>

CITY OF MARSHALLTOWN, IOWA
WATER POLLUTION CONTROL
MAJOR USERS – TWO YEAR COMPARISON

	2008			2007		
	Avg Gallons Per Month	Monthly Bill	Ranking	Avg Gallons Per Month	Monthly Bill	2006 Ranking
JBS Swift & Company	52,143,025	\$ 142,567	1	51,115,750	\$ 118,157	1
IA Veterans Home	2,916,203	6,104	2	2,717,359	5,398	2
Emerson Processing/Fisher Controls	1,233,016	2,587	3	1,144,689	2,280	3
Marshalltown Community School District	916,549	1,925	4	881,643	1,758	4
Starlite Mobile Home Park	908,571	1,908	5	736,219	1,470	8
Marshalltown Medical & Surgical Center	837,074	1,759	6	864,252	1,723	5
Sunset Village Mobile Home Park	678,374	1,427	7	495,737	923	11
Lennox Manufacturing Inc	652,879	1,374	8	820,057	1,636	7
Packaging Corporation	652,007	1,372	9	643,280	1,285	9
Rainbow Carwash I & III	647,145	1,362	10	634,865	1,269	10
Marshalltown Company				827,413	1,650	6

Source: City Financial Records and Marshalltown Water Works

COMPLIANCE SECTION



CPAs & BUSINESS ADVISORS

**REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING
AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT
OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH
GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS**

To the Honorable Mayor and
Members of the City Council
City of Marshalltown, Iowa

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Marshalltown, Iowa, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2008, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 23, 2008. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. The financial statements of the Marshalltown Convention and Visitors Bureau were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in the internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, as discussed below, we identified a deficiency in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be a significant deficiency and a material weakness.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of the control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the City's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America such that there is more than a remote likelihood a misstatement of the City's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the City's internal control. We consider the deficiency in internal control described in Part II of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs to be a significant deficiency in internal control over financial reporting.

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A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the City's internal control.

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in the internal control that might be significant deficiencies and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all significant deficiencies that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, we believe item II-A-08 is a material weakness.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Comments involving statutory and other legal matters about the City's operations for the year ended June 30, 2008, are based exclusively on knowledge obtained from procedures performed during our audit of the financial statements of the City of Marshalltown, Iowa, and are reported in Part IV of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. Since our audit was based on tests and samples, not all transactions that might have had an impact on the comments were necessarily audited. The comments involving statutory and other legal matters are not intended to constitute legal interpretations of those statutes.

The City's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. While we have expressed our conclusion on the City's response, we did not audit the City's response, and accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

This report, a public record by law, is intended solely for the information and use of the officials, employees, and citizens of the City of Marshalltown, Iowa, and other parties to whom the City of Marshalltown, Iowa, may report, including federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities. This report is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

We would like to acknowledge the many courtesies and assistance extended to us by personnel of the City of Marshalltown, Iowa, during the course of our audit. Should you have any questions concerning any of the above matters, we shall be pleased to discuss them with you at your convenience.

The image shows a handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Eide Bailly LLP". The signature is written in a cursive, flowing style.

Dubuque, Iowa
December 23, 2008



CPAs & BUSINESS ADVISORS

**REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE
TO EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER
COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133**

To the Honorable Mayor and
Members of the City Council
City of Marshalltown, Iowa

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the City of Marshalltown, Iowa, with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 *Compliance Supplement* that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2008. The City's major federal programs are identified in the summary of the independent auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the City's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the City of Marshalltown, Iowa, complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2008. However, the results of our auditing procedures disclosed an instance of noncompliance with those requirements, which is required to be reported in accordance with OMB Circular A-133 and which is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as item III-A-08.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of the City of Marshalltown, Iowa, is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.

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Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in the City's internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses as defined below. However, as discussed below, we identified a certain deficiency in internal control over compliance that we consider to be a significant deficiency and a material weakness.

A control deficiency in the City's internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the City's ability to administer a federal program such that there is more than a remote likelihood that noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the City's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented or detected by the City's internal control. We consider the deficiency in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as Item III-B-08 to be a material weakness.

The City's responses to findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. While we have expressed our conclusions on the City's responses, we did not audit the City's responses, and accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

This report, a public record by law, is intended solely for the information and use of the officials, employees, and citizens of the City of Marshalltown, Iowa, and other parties to whom the City of Marshalltown, Iowa, may report, including federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities. This report is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Eide Bailly LLP". The signature is written in a cursive, flowing style.

Dubuque, Iowa
December 23, 2008

CITY OF MARSHALLTOWN, IOWA
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

Grantor/Program	CFDA Number	Agency or Pass-through Number	Program Expenditures
Direct			
Department of Housing and Urban Development			
Section 8 Housing Choice Vouchers	14.871	IA125VO8001	\$ <u>1,616,174</u>
Lead-Based Paint Hazard Control in Privately-Owned Housing	14.900	IALHB0292-05	<u>811,972</u>
Department of Justice			
Edward Byrne Memorial Formula Grant Program	16.579	06JAG-HS-A36	2,220
Edward Byrne Memorial Formula Grant Program	16.579	07JAG-C06-A32	<u>39,933</u>
			<u>42,153</u>
Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program	16.607	162064008	<u>650</u>
Public Safety Partnership and Community Policing Grants	16.710	2003-SH-WX-0116	<u>22,410</u>
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	16.738	2006-DJ-BX-0629	<u>10,330</u>
Department of Transportation			
Airport Improvement Program	20.106	3-19-0058-08	2,469
Airport Improvement Program	20.106	3-19-0058-09	30,008
Airport Improvement Program	20.106	3-19-0058-10	18,600
Airport Improvement Program	20.106	91-06-OMIW-115	<u>2,100</u>
			<u>53,177</u>
Environmental Protection Agency			
Brownfields Assessment and Cleanup Cooperative Agreements	66.818	BF98787901	31,618
Brownfields Assessment and Cleanup Cooperative Agreements	66.818	BF98788301	<u>21,186</u>
			<u>52,804</u>
Department of Education			
Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities—State Grants	84.186	5888 DV 08	<u>3,569</u>
Department of Homeland Security			
Disaster Grants - Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters)	97.036	EMW-2007-FO-02670	<u>129,600</u>
Total Direct			<u>2,742,839</u>

(continued)

CITY OF MARSHALLTOWN, IOWA
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS (continued)
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

Grantor/Program	CFDA Number	Agency or Pass-through Number	Program Expenditures
Indirect			
Department of Housing and Urban Development			
Iowa Department of Economic Development			
Community Development Block Grants/State's Program	14.228	06-CF-017	\$ <u>558</u>
Department of Justice			
Iowa Department of Justice			
Part E - Developing, Testing and Demonstrating Promising New Programs	16.541	06-OJDO07	<u>2,450</u>
Iowa Department of Justice			
Crime Victim Assistance Division			
Violence Against Women Formula Grants	16.588	VW-08-43	<u>30,123</u>
Department of Transportation			
Iowa Department of Transportation			
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	STP-U-4797(608)--70-64	480,000
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	STP-RR00(111)--2C-64	<u>181,677</u>
			<u>661,677</u>
Formula Grants for Other Than Urbanized Areas	20.509	18-0028-479-06	592
Formula Grants for Other Than Urbanized Areas	20.509	18-0028-479-07	18,232
Formula Grants for Other Than Urbanized Areas	20.509	18-0028-479-08	<u>129,085</u>
			<u>147,909</u>
Iowa Department of Public Safety			
State and Community Highway Safety	20.600	PAP 07-03, Task 10	803
State and Community Highway Safety	20.600	PAP 07-163, Task 55	<u>3,253</u>
			<u>4,056</u>
Department of Health and Human Services			
Iowa Department of Public Health			
Primary Healthcare, Inc.			
Childhood Lead Poisoning Prevention Projects - State and Local Childhood Lead Poisoning Prevention and Surveillance of Blood Lead Levels in Children	93.197	5887LP04	<u>5,120</u>
Marshall County Coalition for Youth			
Drug-Free Communities Support Program Grants	93.276	1H79SP11427-01	<u>96,769</u>
Total indirect			<u>948,662</u>
Total			<u>\$ 3,691,501</u>

See Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

CITY OF MARSHALLTOWN, IOWA
NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 1 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the federal grant activity of the City of Marshalltown, Iowa, and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting. The information on this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

**CITY OF MARSHALLTOWN, IOWA
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008**

Part I: Summary of the Independent Auditor's Results:

- (a) Unqualified opinions were issued on the financial statements.
- (b) A significant deficiency in internal control over financial reporting was disclosed by the audit of the financial statements and was also a material weakness.
- (c) The audit did not disclose any non-compliance which is material to the financial statements.
- (d) A material weakness in internal control over the major programs was noted.
- (e) An unqualified opinion was issued on compliance with requirements applicable to the major programs.
- (f) The audit disclosed an audit finding which is required to be reported in accordance with Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Section .510(a).
- (g) Major programs were as follows:
 - CFDA Number 14.871 – Section 8 Housing Choice Vouchers
 - CFDA Number 20.205 – Highway Planning and Construction
- (h) The dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs was \$300,000.
- (i) The City of Marshalltown, Iowa, did not qualify as a low-risk auditee.

Part II: Findings Related to the Financial Statements:

SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCY/MATERIAL WEAKNESS

II-A-08 Material Audit Adjustments – During the course of our engagement, we proposed material audit adjustments to the financial statements and Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards that would not have been identified as a result of the City's existing internal controls and, therefore, could have resulted in a material misstatement of the City's financial statements and Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

Recommendation – We recognize that with a limited number of office employees and the finance department's turnover in personnel, preparation of the financial statements and Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is difficult. However, we recommend that finance staff continue to receive relevant training and that management review all documentation completed by staff for use in preparing the financial statements and Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

Response – Additional turnover in the Finance Department has curtailed the efforts to comply with internal controls. The City is committed to training and monitoring the preparation of the financial statements and Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

Conclusion – Response accepted.

CITY OF MARSHALLTOWN, IOWA
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

Part III: Findings and Questioned Costs for Federal Awards:

INSTANCE OF NON-COMPLIANCE

CFDA Number 20.205: Highway Planning and Construction
Pass-through Agency Numbers: STP-U-4797(608)--70-64 and STP-RR00(111)--2C-64
Department of Transportation
Passed Through the Iowa Department of Transportation

III-A-08 Davis-Bacon Act Noncompliance

Criteria – Federal Regulations require investigations be made of all contracts to assure compliance with the labor standard clauses. Investigation shall include interviews with employees and examinations of payroll data.

Condition – The City obtained certified payroll data from the contractors, but did not examine the payroll data. The City only performed interviews on one of the two contracts included in testing.

Cause – City staff assigned to monitor the requirements of the Davis-Bacon Act have not received the proper training needed to comply with the requirements.

Effect – Since the investigations were not made in accordance with DOL regulations, it is possible that contractors were not in compliance with the labor standards.

Recommendation – We recommend City staff attend training to obtain the required knowledge to correctly and completely monitor the requirements of the Davis Bacon Act.

Response -- In order to insure future compliance with Davis-Bacon, City staff will receive training and guidance on compliance requirements. Procedures have been put into place and responsible parties have reviewed those procedures.

Conclusion – Response accepted.

SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCY/MATERIAL WEAKNESS

III-B-08 Material Adjustments to the Schedule of Federal Awards – During the course of our engagement, we proposed material audit adjustments to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards that would not have been identified as a result of the City’s existing internal controls and, therefore, could have resulted in a material misstatement of the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards. See item II-A-08

CITY OF MARSHALLTOWN, IOWA
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

Part IV: Other Findings Related to Required Statutory Reporting:

- IV-A-08 Certified Budget – Disbursements during the year ended June 30, 2008, did not exceed the amounts budgeted.
- IV-B-08 Questionable Expenditures – We noted no expenditures that we believe may fail to meet the requirements of public purpose as defined in an Attorney General’s opinion dated April 25, 1979.
- IV-C-08 Travel Expense – No expenditures of City money for travel expenses of spouses of City officials or employees were noted.
- IV-D-08 Business Transactions – No business transactions between the City and City officials or employees were noted.
- IV-E-08 Bond Coverage – Surety bond coverage of City officials and employees is in accordance with statutory provisions. The amount of coverage should be reviewed annually to insure that the coverage is adequate for current operations.
- IV-F-08 Council Minutes – No transactions were found that we believe should have been approved in the Council minutes but were not.
- IV-G-08 Deposits and Investments – No instances of non-compliance with the deposit and investment provisions of Chapters 12B and 12C of the Code of Iowa and the City’s investment policy were noted.
- IV-H-08 Revenue Bonds – No instances of non-compliance with the provisions of the City’s revenue bond resolutions were noted.



CPAs & BUSINESS ADVISORS

To the Honorable Mayor and
Members of the City Council
City of Marshalltown, Iowa

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Marshalltown, Iowa, for the year ended June 30, 2008, and have issued our report thereon dated December 23, 2008. Professional standards require that we provide you with the following information related to our audit.

Our Responsibilities under U.S. Generally Accepted Auditing Standards and OMB Circular A-133

As stated in our engagement letter dated May 16, 2008, our responsibility, as described by professional standards, is to express opinions about whether the financial statements prepared by management with your oversight are fairly presented, in all material respects, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Our audit of the financial statements does not relieve you or management of your responsibilities.

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. We also considered internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit. Also in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, we examined, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the "U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement" applicable to each of its major federal programs for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the City's compliance with those requirements. While our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion, it does not provide a legal determination on the City's compliance with those requirements.

Planned Scope and Timing of the Audit

We performed the audit according to the planned scope and timing previously communicated to you in our engagement letter dated May 16, 2008, and in our meeting about planning matters on August 29, 2008.

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Significant Audit Findings

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by the City of Marshalltown are described in Note 1 to the financial statements. No new accounting policies were adopted, and the application of existing policies was not changed during 2008. We noted no transactions entered into by the City during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. There are no significant transactions that have been recognized in the financial statements in a different period than when the transaction occurred.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. The most sensitive estimates affecting the financial statements were:

Management's estimate of the depreciable lives is based on past history of life cycles of capital assets. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the depreciable lives in determining that they are reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Management's estimate of unbilled accounts receivable is based on water pollution control billings after year end. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the unbilled accounts receivable in determining that it is reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Management's estimate of the cost of contributed infrastructure from developers is based on estimated unit cost on City funded projects. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the contributed infrastructure costs in determining that they are reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Management's estimate of the incurred but not reported health liability is based on third-party administrator calculations and estimates. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the incurred but not reported liability in determining that it is reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

The disclosures in the financial statements are neutral, consistent, and clear.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Management has corrected all such misstatements. Material audit adjustments affected areas of receivables and capital assets.

Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, professional standards define a disagreement with management as a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated December 23, 2008.

Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the City's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Other Audit Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the City's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

Other Comments

We have included additional comments regarding future accounting pronouncements which will affect the City.

This information, a public record by law, is intended solely for the information and use of the officials, employees, and citizens of the City of Marshalltown, Iowa, and other parties to whom the City of Marshalltown, Iowa, may report, including federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities. This report is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

As always, we will be happy to discuss these or any other topics at your convenience. We would like to take this opportunity to express our appreciation to you and your staff for the fine cooperation that we received during the course of the audit. We look forward to many years of continued service to the City of Marshalltown, Iowa.



Marshalltown, Iowa
December 23, 2008

CITY OF MARSHALLTOWN

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

OTHER COMMENTS

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB)

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued six statements not yet implemented by the City of Marshalltown. The statements, which might impact the City of Marshalltown, are as follows:

Statement No. 45, *Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*, issued June 2004, will be effective for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2009. This statement establishes standards for the measurement, recognition, and display of other postemployment benefit (OPEB) expense/expenditures and related liabilities (assets), note disclosures, and, if applicable, required supplementary information in the financial reports of state and local governmental employers.

Statement No. 47, *Accounting for Termination Benefits*, issued June 2005, establishes accounting standards for termination benefits. For termination benefits provided through an existing defined benefit OPEB plan, the provisions of this statement should be implemented simultaneously with the requirements of Statement No. 45. For all other termination benefits, this statement was effective for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006.

Statement No. 49, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pollution Remediation Obligations*, issued November 2006, will be effective for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2009. This statement establishes standards for accounting and financial reporting for obligations to address the current or potential detrimental effects of existing pollution.

Statement No. 51, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Intangible Assets*, issued June 2007, will be effective for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2010. This statement requires that all intangible assets not specifically excluded by its scope be classified as capital assets.

Statement No. 52, *Land and Other Real Estate Held as Investments by Endowments*, issued November 2007, will be effective for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2009. This statement establishes consistent standards for the reporting of land and other real estate held as investments by essentially similar entities.

Statement No. 53, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Derivative Instruments*, issued June 2008, will be effective for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2010. This statement addresses the recognition, measurement, and disclosure of information regarding derivative instruments entered into by state and local governments.