

KEOKUK COUNTY, IOWA

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS

JUNE 30, 2011

KEOKUK COUNTY, IOWA

TABLE OF CONTENTS
JUNE 30, 2011

	<u>Page</u>
Officials	1
Independent Auditor's Report	2
Management's Discussion and Analysis	3-8
Basic Financial Statements:	<u>Exhibit</u>
Government-wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Assets	A 9
Statement of Activities	B 10
Governmental Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet	C 11
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Assets	D 12
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	E 13
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	F 14
Proprietary Fund Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Assets	G 15
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets	H 16
Statement of Cash Flows	I 17
Fiduciary Fund Financial Statement:	
Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities – Agency Funds	J 18
Notes to Financial Statements	19-30
Required Supplementary Information:	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Balances - Budget and Actual (Cash Basis) – All Governmental Funds	31
Budget to GAAP Reconciliation	32
Notes to Required Supplementary Information – Budgetary Reporting	33
Schedule of Funding Progress for the Retiree Health Plan	34
Other Supplementary Information:	<u>Schedule</u>
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:	
Combining Balance Sheet	1 35-36
Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	2 37-38
Agency Funds:	
Combining Schedule of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities	3 39-42
Combining Schedule of Changes in Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities	4 43-46
Schedule of Revenues by Source and Expenditures by Function – All Governmental Funds	5 47-48
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	49-50
Schedule of Findings	51-53

KEOKUK COUNTY, IOWA

OFFICIALS

<u>Name</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>Term Expires</u>
Michael Hadley	Board of Supervisors	January, 2015
Michael Berg	Board of Supervisors	January, 2013
Daryl Wood	Board of Supervisors	January, 2015
Christy Bates	County Auditor	January, 2013
Christine Kleinmeyer	County Treasurer	January, 2015
Melissa Bird	County Recorder	January, 2015
Jeff Shipley	County Sheriff	January, 2013
John E. Schroeder	County Attorney	January, 2015
Ronald Richmond	County Assessor	January, 2016

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Officials of Keokuk County, Iowa:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Keokuk County, Iowa, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of Keokuk County, Iowa's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Keokuk County, Iowa at June 30, 2011, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, for the year then ended in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated February 2, 2012 on our consideration of Keokuk County, Iowa's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Management's Discussion and Analysis, Budgetary Comparison Information and the Schedule of Funding Progress for the Retiree Health Plan on pages 3 through 8 and 31 through 34 are not required parts of the basic financial statements, but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. We did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Keokuk County, Iowa's basic financial statements. We previously audited, in accordance with standards referred to in the second paragraph of this report, the financial statements for the six years ended June 30, 2010 (which are not presented herein) and expressed unqualified opinions on those financial statements. The financial statements for the three years ended June 30, 2004 (which are not presented herein) were audited by other auditors, who expressed unqualified opinions on those financial statements. Other supplementary information included in Schedules 1 through 5 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in our audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

ANDERSON, LARKIN & CO. P.C.

Ottumwa, Iowa
February 2, 2012

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Keokuk County, Iowa, provides this Management's Discussion and Analysis of its financial statements. This narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities is for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011. We encourage readers to consider this information in conjunction with the County's financial statements, which follow.

2011 FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The County's Governmental funds' revenues increased \$4,112,853 from fiscal year 2010 to fiscal year 2011. Capital grants, contributions and restricted interest increased \$3,902,847.
- The County's Governmental funds' expenditures totaled \$1,595,308 more in fiscal year 2011 than in fiscal year 2010. Roads and transportation expenditures made up the largest increase at \$743,104.
- The County's Governmental funds' net assets increased 25.0%, or \$4,377,363, from June 30, 2010 to June 30, 2011.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

The annual report consists of a series of financial statements and other information, as follows:

Management's Discussion and Analysis introduces the basic financial statements and provides an analytical overview of the County's financial activities.

The Government-wide Financial Statements consist of a Statement of Net Assets and a Statement of Activities. These provide information about the activities of Keokuk County, Iowa as a whole and present an overall view of the County's finances.

The Fund Financial Statements tell how governmental services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements report Keokuk County, Iowa's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the most significant funds. The remaining statements provide financial information about activities for which Keokuk County, Iowa acts solely as an agent or custodian for the benefit of those outside of County government (Agency Funds).

Notes to Financial Statements provide additional information essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the basic financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the County's budget for the year and a schedule of funding progress for the retiree health plan.

Other Supplementary Information provides detailed information about the nonmajor governmental and the individual Agency Funds.

REPORTING THE COUNTY'S FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES

Government-wide Financial Statements

One of the most important questions asked about the County's finances is, "Is the County as a whole better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities report information which helps answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting and the economic resources measurement focus, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Assets presents all of the County's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as "net assets". Over time, increases or decreases in the County's net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the County's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will not result in cash flows until future fiscal periods.

The County's governmental activities are presented in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities. Governmental activities include public safety and legal services, physical health and social services, mental health, county environment and education, roads and transportation, governmental services to residents, administration, interest on long-term debt, capital projects, and non-program activities. Property tax and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The County has three kinds of funds:

1) Governmental funds account for most of the County's basic services. These focus on how money flows into and out of those funds, and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. The governmental funds include:

1. The General Fund,
2. The Special Revenue Funds, such as Mental Health, Rural Services and Secondary Roads,

These funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed, short-term view of the County's general governmental operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the County's programs.

The required financial statements for governmental funds include a balance sheet and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances.

2) Proprietary funds account for the County's Internal Service Fund, the Employee Group Health Fund. Internal Service Funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the County's various functions.

The required financial statements for proprietary funds include a statement of net assets, a statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net assets and a statement of cash flows.

- 3) Fiduciary funds are used to report assets held in a trust or agency capacity for others which cannot be used to support the County's own programs. These fiduciary funds include Agency Funds that account for agriculture extension education, emergency management services and the County Assessor, to name a few.

The required financial statement for fiduciary funds is a statement of fiduciary assets and liabilities.

Reconciliations between the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements follow the fund financial statements.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of financial position. Keokuk County, Iowa's combined net assets increased from \$17,530,294 to \$21,907,657 during the year ended June 30, 2011. The analysis that follows focuses on the changes in the net assets for governmental activities.

Net Assets of Governmental Activities

	<u>June 30, 2011</u>	<u>June 30, 2010, as restated</u>
Current and other assets	\$ 11,898,609	\$ 12,493,346
Capital assets	<u>15,555,533</u>	<u>11,008,070</u>
Total assets	<u>27,454,142</u>	<u>23,501,416</u>
Long-term liabilities	327,089	335,243
Other liabilities	<u>5,219,396</u>	<u>5,635,879</u>
Total liabilities	<u>5,546,485</u>	<u>5,971,122</u>
Net assets:		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	15,555,533	11,008,070
Restricted	5,334,803	4,853,935
Unrestricted	<u>1,017,321</u>	<u>1,668,289</u>
Total net assets	\$ <u>21,907,657</u>	\$ <u>17,530,294</u>

Net assets of Keokuk County, Iowa's governmental activities increased by \$4,377,363 (\$21,907,657 compared to \$17,530,294). The largest portion of the County's net assets is invested in capital assets (e.g., land, infrastructure, buildings and equipment), net of related debt. The debt (if any) related to the investment in capital assets is liquidated with resources other than capital assets. Restricted net assets represent resources that are subject to external restrictions, constitutional provisions or enabling legislation on how they can be used. Unrestricted net assets—the part of net assets that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation or other legal requirements—are reported at \$1,017,321 and \$1,668,289 at June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

Changes in Net Assets of Governmental Activities

	Year Ended	
	<u>June 30, 2011</u>	<u>June 30, 2010</u>
Revenues:		
Program revenues:		
Charges for service	\$ 1,321,226	\$ 1,022,652
Operating grants, contributions and restricted interest	4,994,005	4,749,545
Capital grants, contributions and restricted interest	3,902,847	-
General revenues:		
Property and other county tax	2,625,427	2,688,109
Penalty and interest on property tax	53,271	49,825
State tax credits	136,183	146,242
Unrestricted investment earnings	60,962	94,818
Loss on disposal of capital assets	(20,929)	(5,962)
Other general revenues	<u>6,663</u>	<u>221,573</u>
Total revenues	<u>13,079,655</u>	<u>8,966,802</u>

Program expenses:		
Public safety and legal services	933,914	887,392
Physical health and social services	557,001	546,504
Mental health	882,735	790,262
County environment and education	666,615	421,231
Roads and transportation	3,939,081	3,195,977
Governmental services to residents	325,813	320,149
Administration	1,396,893	942,117
Nonprogram activities	240	920
Capital projects	-	2,432
Total expenses	<u>8,702,292</u>	<u>7,106,984</u>
Change in net assets	4,377,363	1,859,818
Net assets beginning of year, as restated	<u>17,530,294</u>	<u>15,670,476</u>
Net assets end of year	\$ <u>21,907,657</u>	\$ <u>17,530,294</u>

The County decreased property tax asking for the 2012 fiscal year by 13.7%. The property and other County tax asking for the fiscal year 2012 was set at \$4,188,557, a decrease of \$664,707 from the fiscal year 2011.

INDIVIDUAL MAJOR FUND ANALYSIS

As Keokuk County, Iowa completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$6,691,446, a decrease of \$41,411 compared to last year's total of \$6,732,857. The decrease in fund balance is primarily attributable to the General Fund. The following are the major reasons for the changes in the fund balances of the major governmental funds from the prior year:

- General Fund revenues and expenditures were \$3,634,539 and \$4,042,215, respectively. The ending fund balance showed a decrease of \$407,676 from the prior year to \$2,444,723. The largest increase in expenditures was administration of \$694,790.
- The County has continued to look for ways to effectively manage the cost of mental health services. For the year, expenditures totaled \$883,459, an increase of 12.0% from the prior year. The Mental Health Fund balance at year end decreased by \$40,834 from the prior year.
- Rural Services ending fund balance increased \$176,694 from the June 30, 2010 balance (the prior year increase was \$294,811), primarily due to an increase in expenditures of \$187,012.
- Secondary Roads Fund revenues increased by \$302,566 compared to the prior year. This increase in revenues resulted in an increase in the Secondary Roads Fund ending balance of \$329,726, or 22.4%.

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

During the year ended June 30, 2011, Keokuk County, Iowa amended its budget one time.

The County underspent the total amended budget of \$10,209,094 by \$934,566 for the year ended June 30, 2011.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2011, Keokuk County had \$15,555,533 invested in a broad range of capital assets (net of depreciation), including public safety equipment, buildings, park facilities, roads and bridges. This is a net increase (including additions and deletions) of \$4,547,463, or 41.3% percent more than last year.

Capital Assets of Governmental Activities at Year End

	<u>June 30, 2011</u>	June 30, 2010, <u>as restated</u>
Land	\$ 1,011,300	\$ 1,011,300
Construction in progress	544,979	-
Buildings and improvements	682,819	717,293
Equipment and vehicles	1,735,370	1,736,903
Infrastructure	<u>11,581,065</u>	<u>7,542,574</u>
Total	\$ <u>15,555,533</u>	\$ <u>11,008,070</u>
Major additions included:		
Construction in progress	\$ 544,979	\$ -
Buildings and improvements	-	299,198
Equipment and vehicles	384,936	456,310
Infrastructure	<u>4,290,159</u>	<u>510,802</u>
Total	\$ <u>5,220,074</u>	\$ <u>1,266,310</u>

The County had depreciation expense of \$651,682 in fiscal year 2011 and total accumulated depreciation of \$4,559,772 at June 30, 2011.

The County's fiscal year 2011 capital budget included \$846,000 for capital projects, principally for road and bridge improvements and conservation projects. More detailed information about the County's capital assets is presented in Note 5 to the financial statements.

Long-Term Debt

At June 30, 2011, Keokuk County, Iowa had \$608,170 in general obligation capital loan notes and other debt outstanding compared to \$599,092 at June 30, 2010, as shown below:

Outstanding Debt of Governmental Activities at Year-End

	<u>June 30, 2011</u>	<u>June 30, 2010</u>
Capital loan notes	\$ 280,000	\$ 335,000
Compensated absences	231,081	208,849
Sick leave conversion	9,919	9,742
Net OPEB liability	<u>87,170</u>	<u>45,501</u>
Total	\$ <u>608,170</u>	\$ <u>599,092</u>

The Constitution of the State of Iowa limits the amount of general obligation debt counties can issue to 5% of the assessed value of all taxable property within the County's corporate limits. Keokuk County, Iowa's outstanding general obligation debt of \$280,000 is significantly below its constitutional debt limit of \$46,333,835. Other obligations include net OPEB liability, accrued compensated absences and sick leave conversion. Additional information about the County's long-term debt is presented in Note 7 to the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

Keokuk County, Iowa's elected and appointed officials and citizens considered many factors when setting the fiscal year 2012 budget, tax rates, and the fees charged for various County activities. One of those factors is the economy. Unemployment (as of October 2011) in the County now stands at 5.6%. This compares with the State's unemployment rate of 6.0% and the national rate of 9.0%.

Inflation in the State was somewhat lower than the national Consumer Price Index increase. The State's CPI increase was 2.86% for the twelve month period ending June 2011 compared with the national rate of 3.56%.

These indicators were taken into account when adopting the budget for fiscal year 2012. Amounts available for appropriation in the operating budget are \$10,419,661, an increase of 2.1% from the amended fiscal year 2011 budget. The amount of revenue to support the above expenditures is projected to decrease 16.0% from the amended fiscal year 2011 budget to \$8,583,064. Property and other County taxes supporting the fiscal year 2012 budget decreased \$679,159 from the amended fiscal year 2011 budget and makes up 40.69% of the revenue for the fiscal year 2012 budgeted expenditures.

If these estimates are realized, the County's budgetary operating balance is expected to decrease by the close of the 2012 fiscal year by \$1,836,597 leaving an overall reserve of approximately 44.60% of budgeted fiscal year 2012 expenditures.

CONTACTING THE COUNTY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and creditors with a general overview of Keokuk County, Iowa's finances and to show the County's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Keokuk County Auditor's Office, 101 South Main Street, Sigourney, Iowa.

KEOKUK COUNTY, IOWA

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

JUNE 30, 2011

	Governmental Activities
<u>ASSETS:</u>	
Cash and pooled investments	\$ 6,976,580
Receivables:	
Property tax:	
Delinquent	37,923
Succeeding year	4,331,837
Accounts	11,196
Special assessments	1,692
Due from other governments	28,969
Contracts receivable	148,572
Inventories	267,692
Prepaid expenses	94,148
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	<u>15,555,533</u>
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>27,454,142</u>
<u>LIABILITIES:</u>	
Accounts payable	216,773
Salaries and benefits payable	42,660
Due to other governments	169,628
Accrued interest payable	970
Deferred revenue:	
Succeeding year property tax	4,331,837
Other	176,447
Long-term liabilities:	
Portion due and payable within one year:	
Capital loan notes	50,000
Compensated absences	231,081
Portion due and payable after one year:	
Capital loan notes	230,000
Sick leave conversion	9,919
Net OPEB liability	<u>87,170</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES	<u>5,546,485</u>
<u>NET ASSETS:</u>	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	15,555,533
Restricted for:	
Supplemental levy	1,088,080
Mental health	188,294
Rural services	1,741,339
Secondary roads	1,801,957
Other purposes	515,133
Unrestricted	<u>1,017,321</u>
TOTAL NET ASSETS	<u>\$ 21,907,657</u>

KEOKUK COUNTY, IOWA

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

Functions/Programs	Expenses	Program Revenues			Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets
		Charges for Service	Operating Grants, Contributions and Restricted Interest	Capital Grants, Contributions and Restricted Interest	
Governmental activities:					
Public safety and legal services	\$ 933,914	\$ 60,358	\$ 6,652	\$ -	\$ (866,904)
Physical health and social services	557,001	232,139	70,743	-	(254,119)
Mental health	882,735	17,131	837,978	-	(27,626)
County environment and education	666,615	302,444	645,962	-	281,791
Roads and transportation	3,939,081	362,077	3,417,742	3,902,847	3,743,585
Governmental services to residents	325,813	176,222	14,928	-	(134,663)
Administration	1,396,893	170,855	-	-	(1,226,038)
Nonprogram activities	240	-	-	-	(240)
Total	<u>\$ 8,702,292</u>	<u>\$ 1,321,226</u>	<u>\$ 4,994,005</u>	<u>\$ 3,902,847</u>	<u>1,515,786</u>
General revenues:					
Property and other County tax levied for:					
General purposes					2,625,427
Penalty and interest on property tax					53,271
State tax credits					136,183
Unrestricted investment earnings					60,962
Loss on disposal of capital assets					(20,929)
Other general revenues					6,663
Total general revenues					<u>2,861,577</u>
Change in net assets					4,377,363
<u>NET ASSETS</u> - Beginning of year, as restated					<u>17,530,294</u>
<u>NET ASSETS</u> - End of year					<u>\$ 21,907,657</u>

KEOKUK COUNTY, IOWA

BALANCE SHEET
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
JUNE 30, 2011

ASSETS	General	Special Revenue			Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total
		MH-DD Services	Rural Services	Secondary Roads		
Cash and pooled investments	\$ 2,505,835	\$ 328,633	\$ 1,749,074	\$ 1,774,780	\$ 529,585	\$ 6,887,907
Receivables:						
Property tax:						
Delinquent	23,730	4,250	9,943	-	-	37,923
Succeeding year	2,710,615	485,475	1,135,747	-	-	4,331,837
Accounts	7,300	-	-	3,896	-	11,196
Special assessments	-	-	-	-	1,692	1,692
Due from other governments	28,969	-	-	-	-	28,969
Contracts receivable	-	-	-	148,572	-	148,572
Inventories	-	-	-	267,692	-	267,692
Prepaid expenses	27,281	-	-	-	-	27,281
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 5,303,730	\$ 818,358	\$ 2,894,764	\$ 2,194,940	\$ 531,277	\$ 11,743,069
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
LIABILITIES:						
Accounts payable	\$ 45,337	\$ 32,141	\$ 6,973	\$ 118,821	\$ 13,501	\$ 216,773
Salaries and benefits payable	24,175	694	762	17,029	-	42,660
Due to other governments	55,150	107,504	-	6,023	951	169,628
Deferred revenue:						
Succeeding year property tax	2,710,615	485,475	1,135,747	-	-	4,331,837
Other	23,730	4,250	9,943	251,110	1,692	290,725
TOTAL LIABILITIES	2,859,007	630,064	1,153,425	392,983	16,144	5,051,623
FUND BALANCES:						
Nonspendable:						
Inventories	-	-	-	267,692	-	267,692
Prepaid expenses	27,281	-	-	-	-	27,281
Restricted for:						
Supplemental levy	1,088,080	-	-	-	-	1,088,080
Mental Health	-	188,294	-	-	-	188,294
Rural Services	-	-	1,741,339	-	-	1,741,339
Secondary Roads	-	-	-	1,534,265	-	1,534,265
Other purposes	-	-	-	-	515,133	515,133
Unassigned	1,329,362	-	-	-	-	1,329,362
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	2,444,723	188,294	1,741,339	1,801,957	515,133	6,691,446
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 5,303,730	\$ 818,358	\$ 2,894,764	\$ 2,194,940	\$ 531,277	\$ 11,743,069

KEOKUK COUNTY, IOWA

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET -
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS
JUNE 30, 2011

Total governmental fund balances	\$ 6,691,446
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. The cost of assets is \$20,115,305 and the accumulated depreciation is \$4,559,772.	15,555,533
Other long-term assets are not available to pay current period expenditures and, therefore, are not recorded and/or deferred in the governmental funds.	188,187
The Internal Service Fund is used by management to charge the costs of the County's health and dental insurance benefit plan to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the Internal Service Fund are included in governmental activities in the statements of net assets.	81,631
Accrued interest payable on long-term liabilities is not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, is not reported as a liability in the governmental funds.	(970)
Long-term liabilities, including capital loan notes, long-term compensated absences payable, net OPEB liability and sick leave conversion, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the fund financial statements.	<u>(608,170)</u>
Net assets of governmental activities	\$ <u>21,907,657</u>

KEOKUK COUNTY, IOWA

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	General	Special Revenue			Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total
		MH-DD Services	Rural Services	Secondary Roads		
REVENUES:						
Property and other County tax	\$ 2,626,191	\$ 413,553	\$ 1,411,346	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,451,090
Interest and penalty on property tax	53,271	-	-	-	-	53,271
Intergovernmental	243,322	428,403	67,061	2,790,316	71,635	3,600,737
Licenses and permits	15,550	-	-	113,029	-	128,579
Charges for service	464,333	-	-	56	73,218	537,607
Use of money and property	163,888	669	-	7,800	222,337	394,694
Miscellaneous	67,984	-	-	138,799	2,725	209,508
Total revenues	<u>3,634,539</u>	<u>842,625</u>	<u>1,478,407</u>	<u>3,050,000</u>	<u>369,915</u>	<u>9,375,486</u>
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
Public safety and legal services	962,292	-	-	-	-	962,292
Physical health and social services	534,636	-	-	-	-	534,636
Mental health	-	883,459	-	-	-	883,459
County environment and education	239,766	-	300,445	-	44,323	584,534
Roads and transportation	-	-	-	3,638,085	-	3,638,085
Governmental services to residents	314,510	-	1,268	-	1,495	317,273
Administration	1,991,011	-	-	-	-	1,991,011
Capital projects	-	-	-	82,189	423,418	505,607
Total expenditures	<u>4,042,215</u>	<u>883,459</u>	<u>301,713</u>	<u>3,720,274</u>	<u>469,236</u>	<u>9,416,897</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	<u>(407,676)</u>	<u>(40,834)</u>	<u>1,176,694</u>	<u>(670,274)</u>	<u>(99,321)</u>	<u>(41,411)</u>
Other financial sources (uses):						
Transfers in	-	-	-	1,000,000	-	1,000,000
Transfers out	-	-	(1,000,000)	-	-	(1,000,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	-	(1,000,000)	1,000,000	-	-
Net change in fund balances	(407,676)	(40,834)	176,694	329,726	(99,321)	(41,411)
Fund balances - Beginning of year	<u>2,852,399</u>	<u>229,128</u>	<u>1,564,645</u>	<u>1,472,231</u>	<u>614,454</u>	<u>6,732,857</u>
Fund balances - End of year	<u>\$ 2,444,723</u>	<u>\$ 188,294</u>	<u>\$ 1,741,339</u>	<u>\$ 1,801,957</u>	<u>\$ 515,133</u>	<u>\$ 6,691,446</u>

KEOKUK COUNTY, IOWA

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

Net change in fund balances - Total governmental funds	\$	(41,411)
<p>Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:</p> <p>Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures while governmental activities report depreciation expense to allocate those expenditures over the life of the assets. Capital outlay expenditures exceeded depreciation expense in the current year as follows:</p>		
Expenditures for capital assets	\$ 1,317,227	
Depreciation expense	<u>(651,682)</u>	665,545
Farm to Market Funds used to construct infrastructure		3,902,847
<p>Because some revenues will not be collected for several months after the County's year end, they are not considered available revenues and are deferred and/or not recorded in the governmental funds:</p>		
Property tax and other deferred revenues		(177,749)
Repayment of long-term liabilities is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets.		55,000
In the Statement of Activities, the loss on disposition of capital assets is reported, whereas the governmental funds report the proceeds from the sale as an increase in financial resources.		(20,929)
<p>Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds, as follows:</p>		
Net OPEB liability		(41,669)
Compensated absences		(22,232)
Sick leave conversion		(177)
Interest on long-term debt		167
The Internal Service Fund is used by management to charge the costs of employee health and dental benefits to individual funds. The change in Fund Net Assets of the Internal Service Fund is reported with governmental activities.		<u>57,971</u>
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$	<u>4,377,363</u>

KEOKUK COUNTY, IOWA

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS
PROPRIETARY FUND
JUNE 30, 2011

Internal Service -
 Employee
Group Health

ASSETS

Current Assets:

Cash and cash equivalents
 Prepaid expenses

\$ 88,673
66,867

TOTAL ASSETS 155,540

LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS

Current Liabilities:

Deferred revenue

73,909

TOTAL LIABILITIES 73,909

NET ASSETS:

Unrestricted

\$ 81,631

KEOKUK COUNTY, IOWA

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS
PROPRIETARY FUND
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	<u>Internal Service - Employee Group Health</u>
<u>OPERATING REVENUES:</u>	
Charges to County operating funds and others	\$ <u>865,110</u>
<u>OPERATING EXPENSES:</u>	
Dental claims	441
Medical and dental insurance premiums	806,088
Refunds and miscellaneous expenses	<u>646</u>
Total operating expenses	<u>807,175</u>
Operating income	57,935
<u>NON-OPERATING REVENUES:</u>	
Interest on investments	<u>36</u>
CHANGE IN FUND NET ASSETS	57,971
<u>NET ASSETS</u> - Beginning of year	<u>23,660</u>
<u>NET ASSETS</u> - End of year	\$ <u>81,631</u>

KEOKUK COUNTY, IOWA
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
PROPRIETARY FUND
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	<u>Internal Service - Employee Group Health</u>
<u>CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES :</u>	
Cash received from charges to others	\$ 871,886
Cash payments for dental claims	(2,560)
Cash payments for insurance premiums	(806,888)
Cash payments for miscellaneous services	<u>(1,394)</u>
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	61,044
<u>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES :</u>	
Interest on investments	<u>36</u>
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	61,080
<u>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS</u> - Beginning of Year	<u>27,593</u>
<u>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS</u> - End of Year	\$ <u>88,673</u>
<u>RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES :</u>	
Operating income	\$ 57,935
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:	
Increase in prepaid expenses	(800)
Decrease in accounts payable	(2,867)
Increase in deferred revenue	<u>6,776</u>
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ <u>61,044</u>

KEOKUK COUNTY, IOWA

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES
AGENCY FUNDS
JUNE 30, 2011

ASSETS

Cash and pooled investments:		
County Treasurer	\$	687,386
Other County officials		192,837
Accounts Receivable		10
Property tax receivable:		
Delinquent		107,054
Succeeding year		<u>12,228,465</u>
	TOTAL ASSETS	<u>13,215,752</u>

LIABILITIES

Accounts payable		4,281
Due to other governments		13,020,886
Salaries and benefits payable		2,874
Trusts payable		<u>187,711</u>
	TOTAL LIABILITIES	<u>13,215,752</u>
	NET ASSETS	\$ <u> -</u>

KEOKUK COUNTY, IOWA

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Keokuk County, Iowa is a political subdivision of the State of Iowa and operates under the Home Rule provisions of the Constitution of Iowa. The County operates under the Board of Supervisors form of government. Elections are on a partisan basis. Other elected officials operate independently with the Board of Supervisors. These officials are the Auditor, Treasurer, Recorder, Sheriff, and Attorney. The County provides numerous services to citizens, including law enforcement, health and social services, parks and cultural activities, planning and zoning, roadway construction and maintenance, and general administrative services.

The County's financial statements are prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

A. Reporting Entity

For financial reporting purposes, Keokuk County, Iowa has included all funds, organizations, agencies, boards, commissions and authorities. The County has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the County are such that exclusion would cause the County's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the County to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the County. The County has no component units which meet the Governmental Accounting Standards Board criteria.

Jointly Governed Organizations – The County also participates in several jointly governed organizations that provide goods or services to the citizenry of the County but do not meet the criteria of a joint venture since there is no ongoing financial interest or responsibility by the participating governments. The County Board of Supervisors are members of or appoint representatives to the following boards and commissions: Keokuk County Assessor's Conference Board, Keokuk County Emergency Management Commission and Keokuk County Joint E-911 Service Board. Financial transactions of these organizations are included in the County's financial statements only to the extent of the County's fiduciary relationship with the organization and, as such, are reported in the Agency Funds of the County.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements – The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the County. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are supported by property tax, intergovernmental revenues and other nonexchange transactions.

The Statement of Net Assets presents the County's nonfiduciary assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as net assets. Net assets are reported in three categories.

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt – consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization and reduced by outstanding balances for bonds, notes and other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted net assets – result when constraints placed on net asset use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net assets – consist of net assets not meeting the definition of the two preceding categories. Unrestricted net assets often have constraints on resources imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

KEOKUK COUNTY, IOWA

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function and (2) grants, contributions and interest restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property tax and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements – Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor governmental funds.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the County. All general tax revenues and other revenues not allocated by law or contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund. From the fund are paid the general operating expenditures, the fixed charges and the capital improvement costs that are not paid from other funds.

Special Revenue:

The MH-DD Services Fund is used to account for property tax and other revenues designated to be used to fund mental health, mental retardation, and developmental disabilities services.

The Rural Services Fund is used to account for property tax and other revenues to provide services which are primarily intended to benefit those persons residing in the County outside of incorporated city areas.

The Secondary Roads Fund is used to account for the road use tax allocation from the State of Iowa, required transfers from the Special Revenue, Rural Services fund and other revenues to be used for secondary road construction and maintenance.

Additionally, the County reports the following funds:

Proprietary Fund:

An Internal Service Fund is utilized to account for the financing of goods or services purchased by one department of the County and provided to other departments or agencies on a cost reimbursement basis.

Fiduciary Funds:

Agency funds are used to account for assets held by the County as an agent for individuals, private organizations, certain jointly governed organizations, other governmental units and/or other funds.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide, proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property tax is recognized as revenue in the year for which it is levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been satisfied.

KEOKUK COUNTY, IOWA

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current year or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current year. For this purpose, the County considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end.

Property tax, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest are considered to be susceptible to accrual. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the County.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, principal and interest on long-term debt, claims and judgments and compensated absences are recorded as expenditures only when payment is due. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds from general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the County funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net assets available to finance the program. It is the County's policy to first apply cost-reimbursements grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants and then by general revenues.

When an expenditure is incurred in governmental funds which can be paid using either restricted or unrestricted resources, the County's policy is to pay the expenditure from restricted fund balance and then from less-restrictive classifications – committed, assigned and then unassigned fund balances.

The proprietary fund of the County applies all applicable GASB pronouncements, as well as the following pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless these pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements: Financial Accounting Standards Board Statements and Interpretations, Accounting Principles Board Opinions and Accounting Research Bulletins of the Committee on Accounting Procedure.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the County's Internal Service Fund is charges to other funds for sales and services. Operating expenses for Internal Service Funds include the cost of services and administrative expenses. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

The County maintains its financial records on the cash basis. The financial statements of the County are prepared by making memorandum adjusting entries to the cash basis financial records.

D. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity

The following accounting policies are followed in preparing the financial statements:

Cash, Pooled Investments and Cash Equivalents – The cash balances of most County funds are pooled and invested. Interest earned on investments is recorded in the General Fund, unless otherwise provided by law. Investments are stated at fair value except for the investment in the Iowa Public Agency Investment Trust which is valued at amortized cost and non-negotiable certificates of deposit which are stated at cost.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, all short-term cash investments that are highly liquid are considered to be cash equivalents. Cash equivalents are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and, at the date of purchase, have a maturity date no longer than three months.

KEOKUK COUNTY, IOWA

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity (Continued)

Property Tax Receivable – Property tax in governmental funds is accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Property tax receivable is recognized in these funds on the levy or lien date, which is the date the tax asking is certified by the County Board of Supervisors. Delinquent property tax receivable represents unpaid taxes for the current and prior years. The succeeding year property tax receivable represents taxes certified by the Board of Supervisors to be collected in the next fiscal year for the purposes set out in the budget for the next fiscal year. By statute, the Board of Supervisors is required to certify its budget in March of each year for the subsequent fiscal year. However, by statute, the tax asking and budget certification for the following fiscal year becomes effective on the first day of that year. Although the succeeding year property tax receivable has been recorded, the related revenue is deferred in both the government-wide and fund financial statements and will not be recognized as revenue until the year for which it is levied.

Property tax revenue recognized in these funds become due and collectible in September and March of the fiscal year with a 1½% per month penalty for delinquent payments; is based on January 1, 2009 assessed property valuations; is for the tax accrual period July 1, 2010 through June 30, 2011 and reflects the tax asking contained in the budget certified by the County Board of Supervisors in March 2010.

Due from Other Governments – Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Iowa, various shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments.

Inventories – Inventories are valued at cost using the first-in, first-out method. Inventories consist of expendable supplies held for consumption. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Capital Assets – Capital assets, which include property, equipment and vehicles, intangibles, and infrastructure assets acquired after July 1, 1980 (e.g., roads, bridges, curbs, gutters, sidewalks, and similar items which are immovable and of value only to the County), are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide Statement of Net Assets. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Reportable capital assets are defined by the County as assets with initial, individual costs in excess of the following thresholds and estimated useful lives in excess of two years.

<u>Asset Class</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Infrastructure	\$ 50,000
Land, buildings and improvements	50,000
Intangibles	5,000
Equipment and vehicles	5,000

KEOKUK COUNTY, IOWA

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity (Continued)

Capital assets of the County are depreciated/amortized using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Asset Class</u>	<u>Estimated Useful Lives (In Years)</u>
Infrastructure	40-65
Buildings and improvements	20-50
Intangibles	5-20
Equipment and vehicles	5-20

Due to Other Governments – Due to other governments represents taxes and other revenues collected by the County and payments for services which will be remitted to other governments.

Trusts Payable – Trusts payable represents amounts due to others which are held by various County officials in fiduciary capacities until the underlying legal matters are resolved.

Deferred Revenue – Although certain revenues are measurable, they are not available. Available means collected within the current year or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current year. Deferred revenue in the governmental fund financial statements represents the amount of assets that have been recognized, but the related revenue has not been recognized since the assets are not collected within the current year or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current year. Deferred revenue consists of property tax receivable and other receivables not collected within 60 days after year end.

Deferred revenue in the Statement of Net Assets consists of succeeding year property tax receivable that will not be recognized as revenue until the year for which it is levied and other receivables for which the related revenues have not yet been earned.

Compensated Absences – County employees accumulate a limited amount of earned but unused vacation and sick leave hours for subsequent use or for payment upon termination, death or retirement. A liability is recorded when incurred in the government-wide, proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental fund financial statements only for employees who have resigned or retired. The compensated absences liability has been computed based on rates of pay in effect at June 30, 2011. The compensated absences liability attributable to the governmental activities will be paid primarily by the General, MH-DD Services and Secondary Roads Funds.

Sick Leave Conversion – Upon their retirement, County employees who have 15 years of continuous County employment, and meet certain other restrictions are eligible to use 25% of their accrued sick leave to pay for future health insurance premiums for themselves, their spouse and dependents, subject to certain coverage restrictions.

Long-Term Liabilities – In the government-wide and the proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities or proprietary fund Statement of Net Assets. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the governmental fund financial statements, the face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

KEOKUK COUNTY, IOWA

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity (Continued)

Fund Equity – In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balances are classified as follows:

Nonspendable – Amounts which cannot be spent because they are in a nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – Amounts restricted to specific purposes when constraints placed on the use of the resources are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors or state or federal laws or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed – Amounts which can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints formally imposed by the Board of Supervisors through ordinance or resolution approved prior to year end. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Supervisors removes or changes the specified use by taking the same action it employed to commit those amounts.

Assigned – Amounts the Board of Supervisors intend to use for specific purposes.

Unassigned – All amounts not included in other classifications.

Net Assets – The net assets of the Internal Service, Employee Group Health Fund is designated for anticipated future catastrophic losses of the County.

E. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The budgetary comparison and related disclosures are reported as Required Supplementary Information. During the year ended June 30, 2011, disbursements exceeded the amounts budgeted in the roads and transportation function.

NOTE 2: CASH AND POOLED INVESTMENTS

The County's deposits in banks at June 30, 2011 were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by the State Sinking Fund in accordance with Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa. This chapter provides for additional assessments against the depositories to insure there will be no loss of public funds.

The County is authorized by statute to invest public funds in obligations of the United States government, its agencies and instrumentalities; certificates of deposit or other evidences of deposit at federally insured depository institutions approved by the Board of Supervisors; prime eligible banker's acceptances; certain high rated commercial paper; perfected repurchase agreements; certain registered open-end management investment companies; certain joint investment trusts; and warrants or improvement certificates of a drainage district.

Interest Rate Risk – The County's investment policy limits the investment of operating funds (funds expected to be expended in the current budget year or within 15 months of receipt) to instruments that mature within 397 days. Funds not identified as operating funds may be invested in investments with maturities longer than 397 days, but the maturities shall be consistent with the needs and use of the County.

The County's funds are all deposited in financial institution depository accounts.

NOTE 3: INTERFUND TRANSFERS

The detail of interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2011 is as follows:

<u>Transfer to</u>	<u>Transfer from</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Special Revenue: Secondary Roads	Special Revenue: Rural Services	\$ <u>1,000,000</u>

Transfers generally move resources from the fund statutorily required to collect the resources to the fund statutorily required to expend the resources.

KEOKUK COUNTY, IOWA

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 4: CONTRACTS RECEIVABLE – SECONDARY ROADS

As of June 30, 2011, the County has long-term interest-free contracts receivable from four cities for reimbursements from road paving. Summaries of the repayment schedules are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	City of Richland	City of Gibson	City of Harper	City of What Cheer	Total
2012	\$ 27,932	\$ 7,500	\$ 5,025	\$ 7,800	\$ 48,257
2013	-	2,500	1,675	7,800	11,975
2014	-	2,500	1,675	7,800	11,975
2015	-	2,500	1,675	7,800	11,975
2016	-	2,500	1,675	7,800	11,975
2017-2021	-	9,879	5,011	37,525	52,415
Total	\$ <u>27,932</u>	\$ <u>27,379</u>	\$ <u>16,736</u>	\$ <u>76,525</u>	\$ <u>148,572</u>

NOTE 5: CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2011 was as follows:

	Balance Beginning of Year, as restated	Increases and Transfers	Decreases and Transfers	Balance End of Year
Governmental Activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated/amortized:				
Land	\$ 1,011,300	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,011,300
Construction in progress	-	544,979	-	544,979
Total capital assets not being depreciated/amortized	<u>1,011,300</u>	<u>544,979</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,556,279</u>
Capital assets being depreciated/amortized:				
Buildings and improvements	1,152,358	-	-	1,152,358
Equipment and vehicles	4,374,605	384,936	167,423	4,592,118
Infrastructure, road network	<u>8,524,391</u>	<u>4,290,159</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>12,814,550</u>
Total capital assets being depreciated/amortized	<u>14,051,354</u>	<u>4,675,095</u>	<u>167,423</u>	<u>18,559,026</u>
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization for:				
Buildings and improvements	435,065	34,474	-	469,539
Equipment and vehicles	2,637,702	365,540	146,494	2,856,748
Infrastructure, road network	<u>981,817</u>	<u>251,668</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,233,485</u>
Total accumulated depreciation/amortization	<u>4,054,584</u>	<u>651,682</u>	<u>146,494</u>	<u>4,559,772</u>
Total capital assets being depreciated/amortized, net	<u>9,996,770</u>	<u>4,023,413</u>	<u>20,929</u>	<u>13,999,254</u>
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ <u>11,008,070</u>	\$ <u>4,568,392</u>	\$ <u>20,929</u>	\$ <u>15,555,533</u>

KEOKUK COUNTY, IOWA

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 5: CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Depreciation/amortization expense was charged to the following functions:

Governmental Activities:	
Public safety and legal services	\$ 71,328
Physical health and social services	17,310
County environment and education	44,707
Roads and transportation	502,430
Governmental services to residents	12,469
Administration	3,198
Nonprogram	<u>240</u>
 Total depreciation/amortization expense - Governmental activities	 \$ <u>651,682</u>

NOTE 6: DUE TO OTHER GOVERNMENTS

The County purchases services from other governmental units and also acts as a fee and tax collection agent for various governmental units. Tax collections are remitted to those governments in the month following collection. A summary of amounts due to other governments is as follows:

<u>Fund</u>	<u>Services and Collections and Delinquent Property Taxes</u>	<u>Succeeding Year Property Taxes</u>	<u>Total</u>
General	\$ 55,150	\$ -	\$ 55,150
Special Revenue:			
MH-DD	107,504	-	107,504
Secondary Roads	6,023	-	6,023
Conservation Land Acquisition	<u>951</u>	-	<u>951</u>
Total governmental funds	<u>169,628</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>169,628</u>
Agency:			
E-911	75,590	-	75,590
Fire districts	5,301	212,692	217,993
County hospital	30,488	1,115,012	1,145,500
Townships	2,729	97,370	100,099
Corporations	71,817	1,875,530	1,947,347
Schools	221,956	8,054,470	8,276,426
Area schools	13,000	457,078	470,078
County Assessor	78,073	263,512	341,585
Agriculture extension education	4,231	151,186	155,417
Auto license and use tax	245,410	-	245,410
All other	<u>43,826</u>	<u>1,615</u>	<u>45,441</u>
Total agency funds	<u>792,421</u>	<u>12,228,465</u>	<u>13,020,886</u>
	\$ <u>962,049</u>	\$ <u>12,228,465</u>	\$ <u>13,190,514</u>

KEOKUK COUNTY, IOWA

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 7: LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

A summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2011 is as follows:

	<u>Capital Loan Notes</u>	<u>Compensated Absences</u>	<u>Sick Leave Conversion</u>	<u>Net OPEB Liability</u>	<u>Total</u>
Balance – Beginning of year	\$ 335,000	\$ 208,849	\$ 9,742	\$ 45,501	\$ 599,092
Additions	-	231,081	177	41,669	272,927
Reductions	<u>55,000</u>	<u>208,849</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>263,849</u>
Balance - End of year	\$ <u>280,000</u>	\$ <u>231,081</u>	\$ <u>9,919</u>	\$ <u>87,170</u>	\$ <u>608,170</u>
Due within one year	\$ <u>50,000</u>	\$ <u>231,081</u>	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ <u>281,081</u>

Capital Loan Notes

In June 2004, the County issued \$575,000 of crossover advance refunding capital loan notes to advance refund the Series 1996 capital loan notes. The net proceeds of \$565,491 were placed in escrow and were used to redeem the Series 1996 notes on their call date of June 1, 2005.

As a result of the crossover advance refunding, the County reduced its total debt service requirements over the life of the notes by \$37,505, which resulted in a present value economic gain of \$28,831.

A summary of the County's June 30, 2011 capital loan note indebtedness is as follows:

<u>Year Ending June 30,</u>	<u>\$575,000 – Series 2004</u>		
	<u>Interest Rates</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>
2012	3.90 %	\$ 50,000	\$ 11,798
2013	4.05	55,000	9,847
2014	4.20	55,000	7,620
2015	4.35	60,000	5,310
2016	4.50	<u>60,000</u>	<u>2,700</u>
Total		\$ <u>280,000</u>	\$ <u>37,275</u>

During the year ended June 30, 2011, the County retired \$55,000 of capital loan notes.

NOTE 8: PENSION AND RETIREMENT BENEFITS

The County contributes to the Iowa Public Employees Retirement System (IPERS), which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of Iowa. IPERS provides retirement and death benefits which are established by state statute to plan members and beneficiaries. IPERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to IPERS, P.O. Box 9117, Des Moines, Iowa, 50306-9117.

Most regular plan members are required to contribute 4.50% of their annual covered salary and the County is required to contribute 6.95% of covered salary. Certain employees in special risk occupations and the County contribute an actuarially determined contribution rate. Contribution requirements are established by state statute. The County's contribution to IPERS for the years ended June 30, 2011, 2010 and 2009 were \$195,021, \$188,759 and \$178,379, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

KEOKUK COUNTY, IOWA

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 9: OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

Plan Description. The County operates a single-employer retiree benefits plan which provides medical benefits for retirees and their spouses. There are 62 active and 1 retired member in the plan. Participants must be age 55 or older at retirement.

The medical benefits are provided through a partially self-funded medical plan administered by Wellmark. Retirees under age 65 pay the same premium for the medical benefit as active employees, which results in an implicit rate subsidy and an OPEB liability.

Funding Policy. The contribution requirements of plan members are established and may be amended by the County. The County currently finances the retiree benefit plan on a pay-as-you-go basis.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation. The County's annual OPEB cost is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC) of the County, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding which, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal costs each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities over a period not to exceed 30 years.

The following table shows the components of the County's annual OPEB cost for the year ended June 30, 2011, the amounts actually contributed to the plan and changes in the County's net OPEB obligation:

Annual required contribution	\$	62,661
Interest on net OPEB obligation		1,820
Adjustment to annual required contribution		<u>(29)</u>
Annual OPEB cost		64,452
Contributions made		<u>(22,783)</u>
Increase in net OPEB obligation		41,669
Net OPEB obligation beginning of year		<u>45,501</u>
 Net OPEB obligation end of year	 \$	 <u>87,170</u>

For calculation of the net OPEB obligation, the actuary has set the transition day as July 1, 2009. The end of year net OPEB obligation was calculated by the actuary as the cumulative difference between the actuarially determined funding requirements and the actual contributions for the year ended June 30, 2011.

For the year ended June 30, 2011, the County contributed \$22,783 to the medical plan. Plan members eligible for benefits contributed \$15,984, or 41.2% of the premium costs.

The County's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan and the net OPEB obligation are summarized as follows:

<u>Year Ended June 30,</u>	<u>Annual OPEB Cost</u>	<u>Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed</u>	<u>Net OPEB Obligation</u>
2010	\$ 62,661	27.4 %	\$ 45,501
2011	64,452	35.3	87,170

Funding Status and Funding Progress. As of July 1, 2009, the most recent actuarial valuation date for the period July 1, 2010 through June 30, 2011, the actuarial accrued liability was \$557,392, with no actuarial value of assets, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$557,392. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was approximately \$2,551,784 and the ratio of the UAAL to covered payroll was 21.84%. As of June 30, 2011, there were no trust fund assets.

KEOKUK COUNTY, IOWA

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 9: OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality and the health care cost trend. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The Schedule of Funding Progress, presented as Required Supplementary Information in the section following the Notes to Financial Statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

As of July 1, 2009 actuarial valuation date, the projected unit credit actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions include a 4% discount rate based on the County's funding policy. The projected annual medical trend rate is 10%. The ultimate medical trend rate is 5%. The medical trend rate is reduced 0.5% each year until reaching the 5% ultimate trend rate.

Mortality rates are from the RP2000 Combined Mortality Table, applied on a gender-specific basis. Annual retirement and termination probabilities were determined using guidance from GASB 45 related to the use of the alternate method.

Projected claim costs of the medical plan are \$557 per month for retirees and \$1,087 per month for retirees and their spouses. The salary increase rate was assumed to be 3% per year. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll expense on an open basis over 30 years.

NOTE 10: RISK MANAGEMENT

Keokuk County, Iowa is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft; damage to and destruction of assets, errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. These risks are covered by the purchase of commercial insurance. The County assumes liability for any deductible and claims in excess of coverage limitations. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 11: EMPLOYEE HEALTH INSURANCE PLAN

The County has a minimum premium dental insurance plan, which is administered by Blue Cross and Blue Shield of Iowa. The County purchases commercial insurance to provide for aggregate stop-loss coverage for the excess of 125% of estimated claims for the plan year and specific stop-loss reinsurance coverage for the excess of \$35,000 in insured claims for any one covered individual. Settled claims did not exceed the commercial coverage in the plan year ended June 30, 2011. This plan was discontinued during the year ended June 30, 2011 and replaced with a dental insurance plan.

Monthly payments of plan contributions to the Keokuk County Employee Group Health Fund are recorded as expenditures from the operating funds. Under the administrative services agreement, monthly payments of service fees, claims processed and insurance premiums are paid to Blue Cross and Blue Shield of Iowa from the Keokuk County Employee Group Health Fund. The County records the plan assets and related liabilities of the Keokuk County Employee Group Health Fund as an Internal Service Fund. The County's contribution to the fund for both health premiums and dental premiums/claims for the year ended June 30, 2011 was \$865,110.

KEOKUK COUNTY, IOWA

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 12: PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

During the year ended June 30, 2011, it was determined that certain capital assets acquired before June 30, 2010, had not been included in the financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2010.

Net assets June 30, 2010, as previously reported	\$ 17,443,745
Adjustments to record capital assets	<u>86,549</u>
Net assets June 30, 2011, as restated	\$ <u>17,530,294</u>

NOTE 13: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent events have been reviewed through February 2, 2012, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

KEOKUK COUNTY, IOWA

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE OF
RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN BALANCES -
BUDGET AND ACTUAL (CASH BASIS) - ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	Governmental Fund Types	Budgeted Amounts		Final to Actual Variance - Positive (Negative)
	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	
<u>RECEIPTS:</u>				
Property and other County tax	\$ 4,452,901	\$ 4,880,607	\$ 4,880,607	\$ (427,706)
Interest and penalty on property tax	53,271	31,005	31,005	22,266
Intergovernmental	3,715,495	3,283,872	3,283,872	431,623
Licenses and permits	129,604	26,600	26,600	103,004
Charges for service	529,766	562,412	562,412	(32,646)
Use of money and property	413,448	493,429	1,103,429	(689,981)
Miscellaneous	209,333	138,750	325,550	(116,217)
Total receipts	<u>9,503,818</u>	<u>9,416,675</u>	<u>10,213,475</u>	<u>(709,657)</u>
<u>DISBURSEMENTS:</u>				
Public safety and legal services	919,009	931,995	931,995	12,986
Physical health and social services	533,160	658,405	668,405	135,245
Mental health	857,539	1,050,196	1,050,196	192,657
County environment and education	537,400	352,661	539,461	2,061
Roads and transportation	3,603,159	3,590,500	3,590,500	(12,659)
Governmental services to residents	316,852	342,247	342,247	25,395
Administration	1,973,438	1,640,290	2,240,290	266,852
Capital projects	533,971	846,000	846,000	312,029
Total disbursements	<u>9,274,528</u>	<u>9,412,294</u>	<u>10,209,094</u>	<u>934,566</u>
Excess of receipts over disbursements	229,290	4,381	4,381	224,909
<u>BALANCE - Beginning of year</u>	<u>6,658,618</u>	<u>5,611,592</u>	<u>5,611,592</u>	<u>1,047,026</u>
<u>BALANCE - End of year</u>	<u>\$ 6,887,908</u>	<u>\$ 5,615,973</u>	<u>\$ 5,615,973</u>	<u>\$ 1,271,935</u>

KEOKUK COUNTY, IOWA

BUDGET TO GAAP RECONCILIATION
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	<u>Governmental Funds</u>		
	<u>Cash Basis</u>	<u>Accrual Adjustments</u>	<u>Modified Accrual Basis</u>
Revenues	\$ 9,503,818	\$ (128,332)	\$ 9,375,486
Expenditures	<u>9,274,528</u>	<u>(142,369)</u>	<u>9,416,897</u>
Net	229,290	(270,701)	(41,411)
Beginning fund balances	<u>6,658,618</u>	<u>(74,239)</u>	<u>6,732,857</u>
Ending fund balances	\$ <u>6,887,908</u>	\$ <u>(196,462)</u>	\$ <u>6,691,446</u>

KEOKUK COUNTY, IOWA

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - BUDGETARY REPORTING
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

This budgetary comparison is presented as Required Supplementary Information in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 41 for governments with significant budgetary perspective differences resulting from not being able to present budgetary comparisons for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund.

In accordance with the Code of Iowa, the County Board of Supervisors annually adopts a budget on the cash basis following required public notice and hearing for all funds except blended component units, the Internal Service Fund and the Agency Funds, and appropriates the amount deemed necessary for each of the different County offices and departments. The budget may be amended during the year utilizing similar statutorily prescribed procedures. Encumbrances are not recognized on the cash basis budget and appropriations lapse at year end.

Formal and legal budgetary control is based upon 10 major classes of expenditures known as functions, not by fund. These 10 functions are: public safety and legal services, physical health and social services, mental health, county environment and education, roads and transportation, governmental services to residents, administration, nonprogram, debt service and capital projects. Function disbursements required to be budgeted include disbursements for the General Fund, the Special Revenue Funds, the Debt Service Fund and the Capital Projects Funds. Although the budget document presents function disbursements by fund, the legal level of control is at the aggregate function level, not by fund. Legal budgetary control is also based upon the appropriation to each office or department. During the year, one budget amendment increased budgeted disbursements by \$796,800. The budget amendment is reflected in the final budgeted amounts.

In addition, annual budgets are similarly adopted in accordance with the Code of Iowa by the appropriate governing body as indicated: for the County Extension Office by the County Agricultural Extension Council, for the County Assessor by the County Conference Board, for the E911 System by the Joint E911 Service Board and for Emergency Management Services by the County Emergency Management Commission.

During the year ended June 30, 2011, disbursements exceeded the amounts budgeted in the roads and transportation function.

KEOKUK COUNTY, IOWA

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS FOR THE
RETIREE HEALTH PLAN

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

<u>Year Ended June 30,</u>	<u>Actuarial Valuation Date</u>	<u>Actuarial Value of Assets (a)</u>	<u>Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (b)</u>	<u>Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)</u>	<u>Funded Ratio (a/b)</u>	<u>Covered Payroll (c)</u>	<u>UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)</u>
2010	July 1, 2009	\$ -	\$ 557,392	\$ 557,392	0%	\$ 2,452,874	22.70%
2011	July 1, 2009	\$ -	\$ 557,392	\$ 557,392	0%	\$ 2,551,784	21.84%

See Note 9 in the accompanying Notes to Financial Statements for the plan description, funding policy, annual OPEB cost, net OPEB obligation, funded status and funding progress.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

KEOKUK COUNTY, IOWA
COMBINING BALANCE SHEET
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
JUNE 30, 2011

	Special Revenue			
	<u>REAP Fund</u>	<u>County Recorder's Records Management</u>	<u>Meadowbrook Sewer Project</u>	<u>Conservation Land Acquisition</u>
<u>ASSETS</u>				
Cash and pooled investments	\$ 66,186	\$ 6,692	\$ 7,356	\$ 356,766
Receivables:				
Special assessments	-	-	1,692	-
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$ 66,186</u>	<u>\$ 6,692</u>	<u>\$ 9,048</u>	<u>\$ 356,766</u>
<u>LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY</u>				
<u>LIABILITIES:</u>				
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 13,501
Due to other governments	-	-	-	951
Deferred revenues	-	-	1,692	-
Total liabilities	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,692</u>	<u>14,452</u>
<u>FUND EQUITY:</u>				
Restricted for:				
Other purposes	<u>66,186</u>	<u>6,692</u>	<u>7,356</u>	<u>342,314</u>
Total fund equity	<u>66,186</u>	<u>6,692</u>	<u>7,356</u>	<u>342,314</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY	<u>\$ 66,186</u>	<u>\$ 6,692</u>	<u>\$ 9,048</u>	<u>\$ 356,766</u>

<u>Conservation</u>	<u>Capital Projects</u>	<u>Total</u>
\$ 76,474	\$ 16,111	\$ 529,585
<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,692</u>
\$ <u>76,474</u>	\$ <u>16,111</u>	\$ <u>531,277</u>
\$ -	\$ -	\$ 13,501
-	-	951
<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,692</u>
<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>16,144</u>
<u>76,474</u>	<u>16,111</u>	<u>515,133</u>
<u>76,474</u>	<u>16,111</u>	<u>515,133</u>
\$ <u>76,474</u>	\$ <u>16,111</u>	\$ <u>531,277</u>

KEOKUK COUNTY, IOWA

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	Special Revenue		
		County Recorder's Records Management	Meadowbrook Sewer Project
	REAP Fund		
<u>REVENUES:</u>			
Intergovernmental	\$ 12,841	\$ -	\$ -
Charges for service	-	2,052	1,812
Use of money and property	303	17	18
Miscellaneous	-	-	-
Total revenues	13,144	2,069	1,830
<u>EXPENDITURES:</u>			
Operating:			
County environment and education	-	-	-
Governmental services to residents	-	1,495	-
Capital projects	-	-	-
Total expenditures	-	1,495	-
Net change in fund balances	13,144	574	1,830
Fund balances - Beginning of year	53,042	6,118	5,526
Fund balances - End of year	\$ 66,186	\$ 6,692	\$ 7,356

Conservation Land <u>Acquisition</u>	<u>Conservation</u>	Capital Projects	<u>Total</u>
\$ -	\$ 58,794	\$ -	\$ 71,635
60,565	-	8,789	73,218
221,928	71	-	222,337
2,725	-	-	2,725
<u>285,218</u>	<u>58,865</u>	<u>8,789</u>	<u>369,915</u>
-	44,323	-	44,323
-	-	-	1,495
<u>421,203</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,215</u>	<u>423,418</u>
<u>421,203</u>	<u>44,323</u>	<u>2,215</u>	<u>469,236</u>
(135,985)	14,542	6,574	(99,321)
<u>478,299</u>	<u>61,932</u>	<u>9,537</u>	<u>614,454</u>
\$ <u>342,314</u>	\$ <u>76,474</u>	\$ <u>16,111</u>	\$ <u>515,133</u>

KEOKUK COUNTY, IOWA

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

AGENCY FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2011

<u>ASSETS</u>	County Offices		
	County Recorder	County Sheriff	County Auditor
Cash and pooled investments:			
County Treasurer	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Other County officials	7,319	28,565	156,953
Receivables:			
Accounts	-	-	-
Property tax:			
Delinquent	-	-	-
Succeeding year	-	-	-
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ <u>7,319</u>	\$ <u>28,565</u>	\$ <u>156,953</u>
<u>LIABILITIES</u>			
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Due to other governments	7,319	-	-
Salaries and benefits payable	-	-	-
Trusts payable	-	<u>28,565</u>	<u>156,953</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ <u>7,319</u>	\$ <u>28,565</u>	\$ <u>156,953</u>

<u>E-911</u>	<u>Emergency Management Services</u>	<u>Fire Districts</u>	<u>Brucellosis and Tuberculosis Eradication Fund</u>	<u>County Hospital</u>	<u>Townships</u>	<u>Corporations</u>
\$ 77,649	\$ 18,520	\$ 3,439	\$ 33	\$ 20,727	\$ 1,877	\$ 55,397
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	10	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	1,862	14	9,761	852	16,420
<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>212,692</u>	<u>1,615</u>	<u>1,115,012</u>	<u>97,370</u>	<u>1,875,530</u>
\$ <u>77,649</u>	\$ <u>18,530</u>	\$ <u>217,993</u>	\$ <u>1,662</u>	\$ <u>1,145,500</u>	\$ <u>100,099</u>	\$ <u>1,947,347</u>
\$ 2,059	\$ 1,965	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
75,590	15,893	217,993	1,662	1,145,500	100,099	1,947,347
-	672	-	-	-	-	-
<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
\$ <u>77,649</u>	\$ <u>18,530</u>	\$ <u>217,993</u>	\$ <u>1,662</u>	\$ <u>1,145,500</u>	\$ <u>100,099</u>	\$ <u>1,947,347</u>

KEOKUK COUNTY, IOWA

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

AGENCY FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2011

<u>ASSETS</u>	<u>Schools</u>	<u>Area Schools</u>	<u>County Assessor</u>	<u>Agriculture Extension Education</u>
Cash and pooled investments:				
County Treasurer	\$ 151,443	\$ 8,999	\$ 78,225	\$ 2,907
Other County officials	-	-	-	-
Receivables:				
Accounts	-	-	-	-
Property tax:				
Delinquent	70,513	4,001	2,307	1,324
Succeeding year	<u>8,054,470</u>	<u>457,078</u>	<u>263,512</u>	<u>151,186</u>
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ <u>8,276,426</u>	\$ <u>470,078</u>	\$ <u>344,044</u>	\$ <u>155,417</u>
 <u>LIABILITIES</u>				
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 257	\$ -
Due to other governments	8,276,426	470,078	341,585	155,417
Salaries and benefits payable	-	-	2,202	-
Trusts payable	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ <u>8,276,426</u>	\$ <u>470,078</u>	\$ <u>344,044</u>	\$ <u>155,417</u>

<u>Auto License and Use Tax</u>	<u>City Special Assessments</u>	<u>Tax Sale Redemption Trust</u>	<u>Anatomical Gift, Public Awareness and Transportation</u>	<u>Recorder's E-Transfer Fee</u>	<u>Total</u>
\$ 245,410	\$ 20,521	\$ 1,654	\$ 46	\$ 539	\$ 687,386
-	-	-	-	-	192,837
-	-	-	-	-	10
-	-	-	-	-	107,054
<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>12,228,465</u>
<u>\$ 245,410</u>	<u>\$ 20,521</u>	<u>\$ 1,654</u>	<u>\$ 46</u>	<u>\$ 539</u>	<u>\$ 13,215,752</u>
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,281
245,410	20,521	-	46	-	13,020,886
-	-	-	-	-	2,874
<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,654</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>539</u>	<u>187,711</u>
<u>\$ 245,410</u>	<u>\$ 20,521</u>	<u>\$ 1,654</u>	<u>\$ 46</u>	<u>\$ 539</u>	<u>\$ 13,215,752</u>

KEOKUK COUNTY, IOWA

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES
AGENCY FUNDS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

<u>ASSETS AND LIABILITIES</u>	County Offices		
	<u>County Recorder</u>	<u>County Sheriff</u>	<u>County Auditor</u>
Balances beginning of year	\$ <u>153</u>	\$ <u>25,768</u>	\$ <u>159,755</u>
Additions:			
Property and other County tax	-	-	-
State tax credits	-	-	-
E911 surcharge	-	-	-
Emergency management grants	-	-	-
Office fees and collections	176,909	-	-
Auto licenses, use tax and postage	-	-	-
Assessments	-	-	-
Interest income	-	-	-
Trusts	-	98,159	2,505
Miscellaneous	-	-	-
Total additions	<u>176,909</u>	<u>98,159</u>	<u>2,505</u>
Deductions:			
Agency remittances:			
To other funds	-	-	-
To other governments	169,743	-	-
Trusts paid out	-	95,362	5,307
Total deductions	<u>169,743</u>	<u>95,362</u>	<u>5,307</u>
Balances end of year	\$ <u>7,319</u>	\$ <u>28,565</u>	\$ <u>156,953</u>

<u>E-911</u>	<u>Emergency Management Services</u>	<u>Fire Districts</u>	<u>Brucellosis and Tuberculosis Eradication Fund</u>	<u>County Hospital</u>	<u>Townships</u>	<u>Corporations</u>
\$ <u>68,295</u>	\$ <u>18,257</u>	\$ <u>226,906</u>	\$ <u>2,509</u>	\$ <u>1,148,897</u>	\$ <u>100,755</u>	\$ <u>1,884,225</u>
-	-	188,245	1,411	989,689	85,804	1,658,570
-	-	9,419	83	51,523	5,029	99,670
88,366	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	80,025	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
602	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<u>88,968</u>	<u>80,025</u>	<u>197,664</u>	<u>1,494</u>	<u>1,041,212</u>	<u>90,833</u>	<u>1,758,240</u>
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
79,614	79,752	206,577	2,341	1,044,609	91,489	1,695,118
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<u>79,614</u>	<u>79,752</u>	<u>206,577</u>	<u>2,341</u>	<u>1,044,609</u>	<u>91,489</u>	<u>1,695,118</u>
\$ <u>77,649</u>	\$ <u>18,530</u>	\$ <u>217,993</u>	\$ <u>1,662</u>	\$ <u>1,145,500</u>	\$ <u>100,099</u>	\$ <u>1,947,347</u>

KEOKUK COUNTY, IOWA

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES
AGENCY FUNDS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

<u>ASSETS AND LIABILITIES</u>	<u>Schools</u>	<u>Area Schools</u>	<u>County Assessor</u>
Balances beginning of year	\$ <u>8,172,170</u>	\$ <u>498,018</u>	\$ <u>335,727</u>
Additions:			
Property and other County tax	7,155,228	402,436	235,197
State tax credits	373,408	22,367	11,678
E911 surcharge	-	-	-
Emergency management grants	-	-	-
Office fees and collections	-	-	169
Auto licenses, use tax and postage	-	-	-
Assessments	-	-	-
Interest income	-	-	-
Trusts	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	-	-	40,000
Total additions	<u>7,528,636</u>	<u>424,803</u>	<u>287,044</u>
Deductions:			
Agency remittances:			
To other funds	-	-	40,000
To other governments	7,424,380	452,743	238,727
Trusts paid out	-	-	-
Total deductions	<u>7,424,380</u>	<u>452,743</u>	<u>278,727</u>
Balances end of year	\$ <u>8,276,426</u>	\$ <u>470,078</u>	\$ <u>344,044</u>

Schedule 4 - (Continued)

<u>Agriculture Extension Education</u>	<u>Auto License and Use Tax</u>	<u>City Special Assessments</u>	<u>Tax Sale Redemption Trust</u>	<u>Anatomical Gift, Public Awareness and Transportation</u>	<u>Recorder's E-Transfer Fee</u>	<u>Total</u>
\$ <u>160,837</u>	\$ <u>251,705</u>	\$ <u>27,808</u>	\$ <u>1,654</u>	\$ <u>41</u>	\$ <u>1,024</u>	\$ <u>13,084,504</u>
133,561	-	-	-	-	-	10,850,141
7,227	-	-	-	-	-	580,404
-	-	-	-	-	-	88,366
-	-	-	-	-	-	80,025
-	-	-	-	-	6,082	183,160
-	3,070,688	-	-	-	-	3,070,688
-	-	35,388	-	-	-	35,388
-	-	-	-	-	-	602
-	-	-	104,816	-	-	205,480
-	-	-	-	5	-	40,005
<u>140,788</u>	<u>3,070,688</u>	<u>35,388</u>	<u>104,816</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>6,082</u>	<u>15,134,259</u>
-	-	-	-	-	-	40,000
146,208	3,076,983	42,675	-	-	6,567	14,757,526
-	-	-	104,816	-	-	205,485
<u>146,208</u>	<u>3,076,983</u>	<u>42,675</u>	<u>104,816</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>6,567</u>	<u>15,003,011</u>
\$ <u>155,417</u>	\$ <u>245,410</u>	\$ <u>20,521</u>	\$ <u>1,654</u>	\$ <u>46</u>	\$ <u>539</u>	\$ <u>13,215,752</u>

KEOKUK COUNTY, IOWA

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES BY SOURCE AND EXPENDITURES BY FUNCTION -
ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
FOR THE LAST TEN YEARS

	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>
<u>REVENUES:</u>			
Property and other County tax	\$ 4,451,090	\$ 4,491,081	\$ 4,278,362
Interest and penalty on property tax	53,271	49,825	39,162
Intergovernmental	3,600,737	3,382,091	3,164,445
Licenses and permits	128,579	119,673	20,444
Charges for service	537,607	500,348	520,652
Use of money and property	394,694	447,740	471,183
Miscellaneous	<u>209,508</u>	<u>229,827</u>	<u>188,329</u>
Total	\$ <u>9,375,486</u>	\$ <u>9,220,585</u>	\$ <u>8,682,577</u>
<u>EXPENDITURES:</u>			
Operating:			
Public safety and legal services	\$ 962,292	\$ 832,873	\$ 791,749
Physical health and social services	534,636	522,230	541,124
Mental health	883,459	788,534	910,276
County environment and education	584,534	373,943	365,580
Roads and transportation	3,638,085	3,362,003	3,628,974
Governmental services to residents	317,273	304,348	328,383
Administration	1,991,011	1,296,221	1,427,247
Nonprogram activities	-	-	-
Debt service	-	-	-
Capital projects	<u>505,607</u>	<u>318,217</u>	<u>166,091</u>
Total	\$ <u>9,416,897</u>	\$ <u>7,798,369</u>	\$ <u>8,159,424</u>

Modified Accrual Basis						
Year Ended June 30,						
2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002
\$ 4,146,427	\$ 3,908,985	\$ 3,639,988	\$ 2,911,738	\$ 2,860,621	\$ 2,768,801	\$ 2,758,773
37,434	33,216	34,828	36,550	32,710	33,782	34,431
3,250,346	3,178,938	3,448,239	3,843,007	3,589,148	3,738,618	3,745,125
27,385	27,439	17,158	19,135	19,973	17,362	17,490
559,983	540,381	731,732	551,125	307,125	234,682	336,720
520,114	416,800	226,287	128,207	157,683	177,960	178,088
201,933	191,985	194,051	225,359	99,450	62,853	49,564
<u>\$ 8,743,622</u>	<u>\$ 8,297,744</u>	<u>\$ 8,292,283</u>	<u>\$ 7,715,121</u>	<u>\$ 7,066,710</u>	<u>\$ 7,034,058</u>	<u>\$ 7,120,191</u>
\$ 815,636	\$ 927,905	\$ 889,643	\$ 878,022	\$ 906,648	\$ 808,504	\$ 798,344
650,420	634,550	606,011	593,320	656,083	611,624	724,945
929,375	885,827	747,131	716,380	662,544	775,723	835,382
370,509	427,390	442,101	423,759	386,606	370,534	361,958
3,446,243	3,744,575	3,864,764	3,414,703	3,162,779	3,009,989	2,946,331
344,202	264,485	450,361	351,043	315,607	272,542	255,619
1,132,990	1,114,387	859,312	891,944	817,056	836,562	766,973
-	312,579	3,446	8,736	-	-	6,922
-	-	42,660	582,291	32,509	7,522	184,800
185,331	546,270	420,552	1,225,509	461,306	517,624	136,411
<u>\$ 7,874,706</u>	<u>\$ 8,857,968</u>	<u>\$ 8,325,981</u>	<u>\$ 9,085,707</u>	<u>\$ 7,401,138</u>	<u>\$ 7,210,624</u>	<u>\$ 7,017,685</u>

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL
REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT
OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH
GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Officials of Keokuk County, Iowa:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Keokuk County, Iowa, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements listed in the table of contents, and have issued our report thereon dated February 2, 2012 . We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Keokuk County, Iowa's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Keokuk County, Iowa's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Keokuk County, Iowa's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses and therefore, there can be no assurance all deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weakness have been identified. However, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting we consider to be material weaknesses and other deficiencies we consider to be significant deficiencies.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of the control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility a material misstatement of the County's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies in internal control described in Part II of the accompanying Schedule of Findings as items II-A-11 and II-C-11 to be a material weaknesses.

A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies in internal control which is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiencies described in Part II of the accompanying Schedule of Findings as item II-B-11 to be a significant deficiency.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Keokuk County, Iowa's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, non-compliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of non-compliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards. However, we noted certain immaterial instances of non-compliance or other matters that are described in Part III of the accompanying Schedule of Findings.

Comments involving statutory and other legal matters about the County's operations for the year ended June 30, 2011 are based exclusively on knowledge obtained from procedures performed during our audit of the financial statements of the County. Since our audit was based on tests and samples, not all transactions that might have had an impact on the comments were necessarily audited. The comments involving statutory and other legal matters are not intended to constitute legal interpretations of those statutes.

Keokuk County, Iowa's responses to findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings. While we have expressed our conclusions on the County's responses, we did not audit Keokuk County, Iowa's responses and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

This report, a public record by law, is intended solely for the information and use of the officials, employees and citizens of Keokuk County, Iowa and other parties to whom the County may report, including federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

We would like to acknowledge the many courtesies and assistance extended to us by personnel of Keokuk County, Iowa during the course of our audit. Should you have any questions concerning any of the above matters, we shall be pleased to discuss them with you at your convenience.

ANDERSON, LARKIN & CO. P.C.

Ottumwa, Iowa
February 2, 2012

KEOKUK COUNTY, IOWA

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

PART I: SUMMARY OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S RESULTS:

- (a) Unqualified opinions were issued on the financial statements.
- (b) Significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over financial reporting were disclosed by the audit of the financial statements.
- (c) The audit did not disclose any non-compliance which is material to the financial statements.

PART II: FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:

Significant Deficiencies:

II-A-11 Segregation of Duties

Comment – During our review of the internal control structure, the existing procedures are evaluated in order to determine that incompatible duties, from a control standpoint, are not performed by the same employee. This segregation of duties helps to prevent losses from employee error or dishonesty and, therefore, maximizes the accuracy of the County's financial statements. We noted that generally one or two individuals in each of the offices identified may have control over the following areas for which no compensating controls exist:

	<u>Applicable Offices</u>
(1) All incoming mail should be opened by an employee who is not authorized to make entries to the accounting records. This employee should prepare a listing of cash and checks received. The mail should then be forwarded to the accounting personnel for processing. Later, the same listing should be compared to the cash receipts records.	Ag Extension Recorder
(2) Bank accounts should be reconciled promptly at the end of each month by an individual who does not handle or record cash.	Ag Extension Recorder
(3) Checks or warrants should be signed by an individual who does not otherwise participate in the preparation of the checks or warrants. Prior to signing, the checks or warrants and the supporting documentation should be reviewed for propriety. After signing, the checks or warrants should be mailed without allowing them to return to individuals who prepare the checks or warrants or approve vouchers for payment.	Ag Extension Recorder

Recommendation – We realize segregation of duties is difficult with a limited number of office employees. However, each official should review the control procedures of their office to obtain the maximum internal control possible under the circumstances. Officials should utilize current personnel to provide additional control through review of financial transactions, reconciliations and reports. Such reviews should be performed by independent persons to the extent possible, and should be evidenced by the initials or signature of the reviewer and the date of the review.

KEOKUK COUNTY, IOWA

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

PART II: FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS: (Continued)

Significant Deficiencies: (Continued)

II-A-11 Segregation of Duties (Continued)

Responses

Ag Extension – We will review procedures and try to make any necessary changes to improve internal control.

County Recorder – At the end of each day a listing of cash receipts, a fee book report of entered business and cash on hand are balanced or compared by two or more employees. Bank accounts are reconciled promptly by the Deputy Recorder, who does not sign checks except in the absence of the Recorder. Two or more employees are involved in comparing a listing of cash receipts, fee book report of entered business and actual cash to balance before weekly cash deposits are made. The same practice is used monthly and quarterly to balance at the end of each month and quarter. It should be noted that at the end of the fiscal year, the Recorder's checking account obtains a zero balance as no monies are retained by this office except for \$100 petty cash retained for the cash register. All monies either monthly or quarterly are reported to the County Treasurer or appropriate state or federal agencies. As this office employs a full-time Recorder, a full-time Deputy and a part-time Recording clerk, I feel we have accomplished a segregation of duties to the best of our ability.

Conclusion – Responses accepted.

II-B-11 Nontimely Deposits

Comment – We noted some receipts that were not deposited timely in the Sheriff's office.

Recommendation – All receipts should be deposited as soon as possible to safeguard the asset and avoid any possible irregularities and to earn the interest revenue on the public funds. Deposits should be made weekly at a minimum, if daily deposits are not possible.

Response – We will make sure that all receipts are deposited timely.

Conclusion – Response accepted.

Instances of Non-Compliance:

No matters were noted.

II-C-11 Financial Statement Restatement – During the year ended June 30, 2011, it was determined that capital assets were misstated for the year ended June 30, 2010.

Recommendation – Procedures should be implemented to ensure that all capital assets are recorded in the County's financial statements.

Response – We will do so.

Conclusion – Response accepted.

PART III: OTHER FINDINGS RELATED TO REQUIRED STATUTORY REPORTING:

III-A-11 Certified Budget – Disbursements during the year ended June 30, 2011 exceeded the amounts budgeted in the roads and transportation function.

KEOKUK COUNTY, IOWA

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

PART III: OTHER FINDINGS RELATED TO REQUIRED STATUTORY REPORTING: (Continued)

Recommendation – The budget should have been amended in accordance with Chapter 331.435 of the Code of Iowa before disbursements were allowed to exceed the budget.

Response – We were under the impression that if total expenditures in the Secondary Roads department were not exceeded then we were not over budget, but now understand that it is according to function, not department. We will amend the budget when required in the future.

Conclusion – Response accepted.

- III-B-11 Questionable Expenditures – No expenditures were noted that may not meet the requirements of public purpose as defined in an Attorney General's opinion dated April 25, 1979.
- III-C-11 Travel Expense – No expenditures of County money for travel expenses of spouses of County officials or employees were noted.
- III-D-11 Business Transactions – No business transactions between the County and County officials or employees were noted.
- III-E-11 Bond Coverage – Surety bond coverage of County officials and employees is in accordance with statutory provisions. The amount of all bonds should be reviewed periodically to insure that the coverage remains adequate for current operations.
- III-F-11 Board Minutes – No transactions were found that we believe should have been approved in the Board minutes but were not. However, in accordance with Code of Iowa Chapter 349.18, minutes are required to be published within one week following approval. The minutes for the meeting held December 30, 2010 were not published within one week of approval.

Recommendation – The Board of Supervisors should ensure all minutes are published to comply with Chapter 349.18 of the Code of Iowa.

Response – We have reviewed our current procedures and made changes to comply with Chapter 349.18.

Conclusion – Response accepted.

- III-G-11 Deposits and Investments – No instances of non-compliance with the deposit and investment provisions of Chapter 12B and Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa and the County's investment policy were noted.
- III-H-11 Resource Enhancement and Protection Certification – The County properly dedicated property tax revenue to conservation purposes as required by Chapter 455A.19(1)(b) of the Code of Iowa in order to receive the additional REAP funds allocated in accordance with subsections (b)(2) and (b)(3).
- III-I-11 County Extension Office – The County Extension Office is operated under the authority of Chapter 176A of the Code of Iowa and serves as an agency of the State of Iowa. This fund is administered by an Extension Council separate and distinct from County operations and, consequently, is not included in Exhibits A or B.

Disbursements during the year ended June 30, 2011 for the County Extension Office did not exceed the amount budgeted.