

COUNTY OF SCOTT, IOWA

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2012

Prepared by

Wesley Rostenbach
Accounting and Tax Manager
Office of County Auditor

Craig Hufford
Financial Management Supervisor
Office of County Treasurer

David Farmer, CPA
Budget Manager
Office of County Administrator

INTRODUCTORY

County of Scott, Iowa

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County of Scott, Iowa

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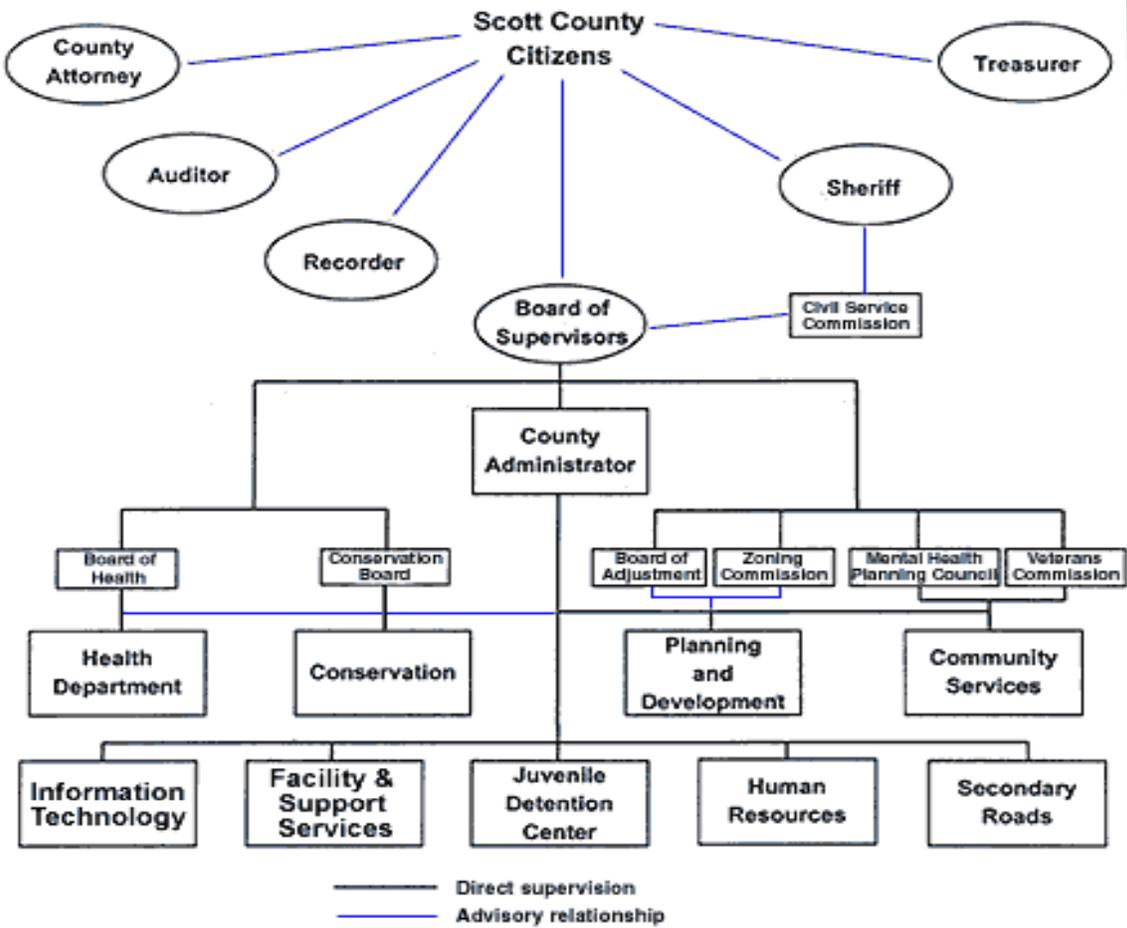
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Scott County Government Organizational Chart



Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

County of Scott
Iowa

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended
June 30, 2011

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.



Linda C. Danson

President

Jeffrey R. Enen

Executive Director

OFFICE OF THE COUNTY ADMINISTRATOR

600 West Fourth Street
Davenport, Iowa 52801-1003

Ph: (563) 326-8702 Fax: (563) 328-3285
www.scottcountyiowa.com
E-Mail: admin@scottcountyiowa.com



November 20, 2012

To the Members of the Scott County Board of Supervisors, and Citizens of Scott County:

State law requires that every general-purpose local government publish within nine months of the close of each fiscal year a complete set of audited financial statements. This report is published to fulfill that requirement for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012.

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that it has established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

Baker Tilly Virchow Krause, LLP, Certified Public Accountants, have issued an unqualified (“clean”) opinion of Scott County’s financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2012. The independent auditor’s report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

Management’s discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor’s report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. MD&A complement this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

Profile of Scott County Government

Scott County, Iowa was incorporated on December 31, 1837. Antoine LeClaire, an early settler of the County, donated the square of land the Scott County Courthouse stands on today. If the County ever abandons the site, the property would revert to the heirs of Antoine LeClaire. The first courthouse was erected on this land during 1840-41 and served for 45 years. The following years to 1874 saw changes and additions to the structure of Scott County government. One of the major changes was in the structure of the governing board. From 1838 until 1850 county commissioners were elected on an annual basis. By 1861 the name Board of Supervisors had been mandated, with 14 supervisors from throughout the county representing the citizens. In 1870 the structure changed again, and only three board supervisors were elected countywide. In 1874, the membership of the board of supervisors increased to its present five officials, all elected at-large.

In 1979 an administrator form of government was adopted, and the Board of Supervisors hired a county administrator. Subsequently, staff and departments have grown in efficiency and capacity to serve citizens. In 1978 the County Home Rule Bill was enacted, granting all powers to counties consistent with state laws and not specifically prohibited by the Iowa General Assembly.

The County provides a full range of services. These services include law enforcement and legal services, physical health and social services, mental health and developmental disabilities services, county environment, planning and zoning, construction and maintenance of secondary roads, education and general administrative services.

Component units are legally separate entities for which the primary government is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading.

The County's discretely presented component units are as follows: Emergency Management Agency, which provides direction for the delivery of the emergency management services and planning, administration, coordination, training and support for local governments and their departments, Emergency Management Agency-Scott Emergency Communication Center (SECC), which provides county-wide consolidated emergency 911 dispatch services; County Library, which provides library services to all cities within Scott County with the exception of the City of Bettendorf, the City of Davenport, and the City of LeClaire; and the Scott County Public Safety Authority, which is the owner of the voter approved jail expansion project.

These component units are discretely presented in a separate column in the combined financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the primary government and to differentiate their financial position, results of operations and cash flows from those of the primary government. The County Board is a voting member of each of the governing bodies of all component units except for the Scott County Library for which the County Board appoints all the Library Trustees and the Public Safety Authority for which the County Board appoints two commissioners, one jointly appointed with the City of Davenport. The component units are discussed further in Note 1.

The Board is required to adopt a final budget by no later than March 15th prior to the beginning of the fiscal year. This annual budget serves as the foundation for Scott County's financial planning and control. The State of Iowa requires the passage of an annual budget of total County operating expenditures by major program service areas (i.e., public safety and legal services, physical health and social services, etc.). Activities of the general fund, special revenue funds, capital projects fund and debt service fund are included in the annual appropriated budget. The level of budgetary control (that is, the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is at the total program service area level. The County also maintains administrative budgetary control beyond the State required program service area level at the major object of expenditure basis within each County department.

Local Economy

Scott County is part of a four county, bi-state, metropolitan area referred to as the Quad-Cities. The counties of Scott (Iowa), Rock Island, Henry and Mercer (Illinois), contain the Davenport-Rock Island-Moline Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA), with a 2010 U.S. Census Bureau count of 379,690 which is a 1.0% increase over the 2000 census count of 376,019. The U. S. Census Bureau's 2010 population of Scott County was 165,224, which is a 4.1% increase over the 2000 census count of 158,689. That 2010 total is just a 3.25% increase over the 1980 census count for Scott County which was 160,022.

The Quad-Cities has been historically known as an industrial, retail/service and transportation center. In the last thirty years the economy has shifted, showing a decline in the number of manufacturing sector jobs. In 1980, 30% of the area jobs were in manufacturing and 53% in the service sector. In 1990 that had changed to 17% manufacturing, 41% service sector; with 20% classified as trade and 4% mining and construction. In 2000 the split was 16% manufacturing and 46.5% classified as service sector; with 18% classified as trade and 5% mining and construction. In 2010 the split changed only slightly to 12% manufacturing and 50% classified as service sector; with 17% classified as trade and 5% mining and construction. The portion of government sector jobs has remained even at 16% in 1980 and 1990, 14.5% in 2000 and back to 16% in 2010.

The Quad Cities and Scott County have not escaped the impacts of the current national recession. The region lost approximately 738 to 1,073 jobs this past fiscal year. Primarily the dislocation was due to the Rock Island Arsenal realignment of its Tank Automotive and Armament Command moving to Warren Michigan. Also RR Donnelley in Eldridge IA closed with a loss of 278 jobs. However these losses were counterbalanced with the reassignment of First Army from Atlanta, Georgia with approximately 350 jobs to the Arsenal and the expansion of several manufacturers in the region. ALCOA recalled all it's laid off workers and added 140 new production jobs at the end of 2011. They also announced a plant expansion with machinery and equipment which will total \$300 million in new investment and will help retain 200 jobs and create an additional 150.

The annual average labor force in the Quad Cities MSA (four counties) was 204,440 in 2010. The annual average labor force for Scott County was 87,080 in September of 2012 which is a slight decline over the 2010 labor force of 89,950. In that same two years Eastern Iowa Community College saw a student enrollment increase of 23% which equates into 2,156 additional students. In 2010 the unemployment rate for Scott County was 6.9% and for the MSA it was 8.4%. In September of 2012 the Scott County rate dropped to 5.8%. Decreasing unemployment is a consistent trend over the last three years and well below the national average of 7.8%.

In 2010 the median household income for the MSA was \$48,091 and for Scott County it was \$52,218. The median household income in Scott County rose between 1980 and 2000, from \$20,767 in 1980 to \$29,979 in 1990 and \$42,701 in 2000. That is an increase of 106% over the twenty-year period. The median household income in 2008 in Scott County increased another 22% over the 2000 figure to \$52,013, just a shade under the 2008 U.S. median household income of \$52,029.

New residential construction slowed in the Quad Cities MSA and Scott County after very strong years from 2000-2007. The total housing starts for the Quad Cities MSA were 851 in 2006 and 688 in 2007, dropping to 421 in 2008, 371 in 2009 and 422 in 2010. The total housing starts for Scott County for those same years were 538 in 2006, 407 in 2007, dropping to 274 in 2008, 231 in 2009, and 251 in 2010 and now 243 in 2011.

Even with a slowing housing market the Quad Cities remains one of the most affordable housing markets in the country. The average sales price for homes in the Iowa Quad Cities was \$173,500 in September of 2012 which is up from \$162,600 in September of 2011. On the Illinois side of the river the average sales price was \$107,200 in September of 2012 down slightly from \$107,400 in September of 2011. The median home value in Scott County for 2009 was \$129,300.

With the drastic decline in the national economic indicators slowing, the European Union financial crisis continuing and consumer confidence appearing to remain low it is encouraging that the outlook for the Quad Cities still can be considered somewhat stable, if not improving. Housing prices have not seen a sharp decline in this area mainly because they had not seen significant increases in previous years. There have been some layoffs and production slow-downs at some of the area's largest employers, while others have seen modest increases or have been hiring to replace retiring workers. Although with BRAC the Arsenal reduced positions, current production capacity at the Rock Island Arsenal is increasing. The Local Arsenal Redevelopment Task Force is working to attract new private sector jobs to the Arsenal in the future.

Construction of the rail extension to the Eastern Iowa Industrial Center (EIIC) in Davenport has begun and was completed by Summer 2012. This long sought after infrastructure improvement will be a key factor in making the EIIC more competitive in winning business attraction projects in the years to come. Also all funding has been secured for the \$8.25 million City of Davenport Public Transload Facility. The Transload will be located along the north of the Deere Distribution Center in the EIIC. The Transload is currently being engineered and designed while the land necessary is acquired. As with the EIIC rail extension, the Transload will be an important industrial amenity which will assist the City of Davenport, as well as the Quad Cities as a whole, in achieving success in our business attraction efforts.

Economic development efforts for the Quad Cities as a whole continue to try to diversify the economy, while taking advantage of its unique location on major transportation corridors and the tremendous asset of the Mississippi River. The Quad Cities and Scott County is also positioned well for the renewable energy sector as a location for the manufacture, assembly and distribution of wind and solar energy generators. The global, national and regional economic development marketing for the Quad Cities have been led by Quad Cities First, the regional marketing public-private partnership managed by the Chamber of Commerce. The recent consolidation of the two Chambers of Commerce into one Quad Cities wide organization has helped with these regional marketing efforts. Scott County, as always, is part of those efforts.

Long-Term Financial Planning

Unassigned fund balance in the general fund (17.77% of total general fund expenditures) falls within the policy guidelines set by the Board for budgetary and planning purposes (i.e., minimum of 15 percent of total general fund expenditures). Fiscal year 2012 ended with an increase in the unassigned general fund balance of approximately \$230,518. Additionally, the County assigned fund balance to establish a long term building improvement capital plan and additional reserves to stabilize employee health and dental benefit expenses. During these challenging economic times, as the county faces cutbacks at the state level, retaining the current level of fund balance is important. The County is continuing to find ways to reduce its costs for providing services through LEAN and other efficiency initiatives. This is very important as the County weathers this recession. We are committed to remain a county with a superior level of service at one of the lowest tax rates in the State of Iowa.

Relevant Financial Policies

It is Scott County's policy to use its share of riverboat gaming proceeds for capital projects. The County currently uses these funds toward pay as you go remodeling and renovation projects.

Major Initiatives

This year, the County completed the Juvenile Court Services renovation which moved these services from a leased space back to our Courthouse. The Board's goal of purchasing an ERP software system continues with solicitation of requests for proposals to vendors and demonstration of software capabilities. The purchase of an ERP system is budgeted for the following fiscal year.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Scott County for its comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011. This was the twenty-third consecutive year that Scott County has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the government had to publish an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR that satisfied both general accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

In addition, Scott County also received the GFOA's Distinguished Budget Presentation Award for its annual budget document dated July 1, 2011. In order to qualify for the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award, the government's budget document had to be judged proficient as a policy document, a financial plan, an operations guide, and a communications device.

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated service of the entire staffs of the Auditor's Office, Treasurer's Office and the Administration Office. We wish to express our appreciation to all members of our offices who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report. We appreciate the assistance and guidance of our independent auditors. Credit also must be given to the Board of Supervisors for their unfailing support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of Scott County's finances.

Respectfully submitted,



Bill Fennelly
County Treasurer



Roxanna Moritz
County Auditor



Dee F. Bruemmer
County Administrator



FINANCIAL





Baker Tilly Virchow Krause, LLP
115 S 84th St, Ste 400
Milwaukee, WI 53214-1475
tel 414 777 5500
fax 414 777 5555
bakertilly.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Supervisors
of the County of Scott, Iowa
Davenport, Iowa

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Scott, Iowa, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the County of Scott's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the County of Scott's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to previously present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Scott, Iowa, as of June 30, 2012, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

To the Board of Supervisors
of the County of Scott, Iowa

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 20, 2012 on our consideration of the County of Scott's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the budgetary comparison information and the schedule of funding progress as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economical, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County of Scott's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules as listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of State, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

To the Board of Supervisors
of the County of Scott, Iowa

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County of Scott's basic financial statements. The "Introductory Section" and "Statistical Section" listed in the accompanying table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Baker Tilly Vinchow Krause, LLP

Milwaukee, Wisconsin
November 20, 2012

County of Scott, Iowa

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) Year Ended June 30, 2012

It is an honor to present to you the financial picture of the County of Scott, Iowa. We offer readers of the County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County of Scott, Iowa for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal.

Financial Highlights

The assets of the County of Scott exceeded its liabilities as of June 30, 2012 and 2011 by \$80,014,144 and \$78,277,888 (net assets), respectively. Of this amount, \$12,183,996 and \$5,834,116, respectively, may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

The government's total net assets increased by \$1,702,868 during the year ended June 30, 2012 and decreased by \$5,496,848 during the year ended June 30, 2011.

As of June 30, 2012, the County of Scott's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$25,619,960, an increase of \$2,759,769 in comparison with 2011. Approximately 37 percent of this total amount, \$9,247,282 is available for spending at the government's discretion (unassigned). As of June 30, 2011, the County of Scott's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$22,860,191, a decrease of \$2,980,356 in comparison with 2010. Approximately 40 percent of this total amount, \$9,247,282, is available for spending at the government's discretion (unassigned fund balance).

As of June 30, 2012, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$9,477,799 or 18.88 percent of total General Fund expenditures and \$9,247,282 or 18.4 percent for 2011.

The County of Scott, Iowa's total long-term debt, excluding compensated absences, other postemployment benefits and claims payable, decreased by \$2,780,000 during fiscal year June 30, 2012 and decrease vgy by \$2,950,000 during fiscal year June 30, 2011. The decrease in 2012 and 2011 was attributable to scheduled payments on bonds and capital leases.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This Discussion and Analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County of Scott's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to basic financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements: The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County of Scott's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net assets presents information on all of the County of Scott, Iowa's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the County's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

County of Scott, Iowa

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) Year Ended June 30, 2012

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguished functions of the County of Scott that are principally supported by taxes (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the County of Scott include public safety and legal services, physical health and social services, mental health, County environment and education, roads and transportation, government services to residents and administration. The business-type activities of the County of Scott include an 18-hole golf course.

The government-wide financial statements include the County of Scott and the following discretely presented component units: Emergency Management Agency, County Library, Public Safety Authority and Scott Emergency Communication Center. There are no other organizations or agencies whose financial statements should be combined and presented with the financial statements of the County.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 16 through 19 of this report.

Fund financial statements: A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County of Scott, Iowa, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds – Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financial requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The County of Scott, Iowa maintains seven individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Mental Health/Development Disabilities Fund, Secondary Roads Fund, and Debt Service Fund which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other three governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 20 through 25 of this report.

County of Scott, Iowa

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) Year Ended June 30, 2012

Proprietary funds: The County of Scott maintains two types of proprietary funds: enterprise and internal service. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The County of Scott maintains one enterprise fund. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the County of Scott's various functions. The County of Scott maintains two internal service funds. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Golf Course Fund, as this fund is considered to be a major fund of the County of Scott.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 26 through 28 of this report.

Fiduciary funds: Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the County of Scott, Iowa's own programs. The fiduciary funds of the County are considered agency funds. Total assets of the fiduciary funds were \$246,889,377 and \$234,778,857 for the years ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on page 29 of this report.

Notes to basic financial statements: The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other information: In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the County of Scott, Iowa's budgetary comparison and other postemployment benefit plan schedule of funding progress. This information can be found on pages 59 through 61 of this report.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented immediately following the notes to basic financial statements and the required supplementary information.

County of Scott, Iowa

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) Year Ended June 30, 2012

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The County's total net assets have increased from a year ago from \$78,277,888 to \$80,014,144.

Of the County of Scott's net assets, 78 percent reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings and improvements, equipment and infrastructure), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The County of Scott uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. The County's net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt, was \$62,570,839 for 2012 and \$66,515,247 for 2011. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Table 1 - County of Scott's Net Assets

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total County	
	2012	2011	2012	2011	2012	2011
Current and other assets	\$ 84,969,256	\$ 80,408,152	\$ (3,784,326)	\$ (3,277,337)	\$ 81,184,930	\$ 77,130,815
Capital assets	92,889,823	97,191,690	2,226,682	2,225,815	95,116,505	99,417,505
Total assets	177,859,079	177,599,842	(1,557,644)	(1,051,522)	176,301,435	176,548,320
Noncurrent liabilities outstanding	34,305,149	37,159,020	34,619	328,247	34,339,768	37,487,267
Other liabilities	61,318,519	59,894,833	629,004	888,332	61,947,523	60,783,165
Total liabilities	95,623,668	97,053,853	663,623	1,216,579	96,287,291	98,270,432
Net assets (deficit):						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	60,344,157	64,874,432	2,226,682	1,640,815	62,570,839	66,515,247
Restricted	5,259,339	5,662,046	-	324,407	5,259,339	5,986,453
Unrestricted (deficit)	16,631,945	10,009,510	(4,447,949)	(4,233,323)	12,183,996	5,776,187
Total net assets (deficit)	\$ 82,235,441	\$ 80,545,988	\$ (2,221,267)	\$ (2,268,101)	\$ 80,014,174	\$ 78,277,887

Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use through enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Net assets restricted through enabling legislation for 2012 and 2011 consist of \$2,005,997 and \$2,503,008 for debt service, \$343,637 and \$1,221,960 for mental health and \$1,839,278 and \$885,011 for secondary roads, \$786,943 and \$783,546 for other statutory programs, \$70,995 and \$57,29 for rural services, respectively. An additional \$212,459 and \$534,999 is restricted by external third parties, respectively. The remaining balance of unrestricted net assets, \$12,183,996 for 2012 and \$5,834,116 for 2011, may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the County of Scott, Iowa is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net assets for governmental activities. The same situation held true for the prior fiscal year.

The County's total net assets increased by \$1,736,256 during the current fiscal year as compared to an increase of \$4,400,103 in 2010. The governmental-type activities' net assets increased by \$1,689,422 in 2012 and decreased by \$5,624,729 in 2011. The increase in 2012 was due to reduced functional expenditures in public safety and legal services and Administration. Property taxes increased by \$1.9 million and charges for services increased by \$507,000. These increases offset the decline in intergovernmental revenues from the federal government. The decrease in 2011 was due to a transfer of assets to Scott Emergency Communication Center. The total business-type activities' net assets increased by \$46,834 in 2012 and increased by \$127,881 in 2011. The increase in 2012 was due to a transfer of equity to the golf course to offset capital maintenance on non capital equipment in capital assets for the golf course.

County of Scott, Iowa

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)
Year Ended June 30, 2012

Table 2 highlights the County's revenues and expenses for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012 and 2011. These two main components are subtracted to yield the change in net assets. This table utilizes the full accrual method of accounting.

Revenue is further divided into two major components: program revenue and general revenue. Program revenue is defined as charges for services and sales and services, operating grants and contributions and capital grants and contributions. General revenue includes taxes, investment income and other unrestricted revenue sources.

Table 2 - County of Scott's Changes in Net Assets

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total County	
	2012	2011	2012	2011	2012	2011
Revenues:						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 6,166,529	\$ 5,659,774	\$ 1,002,459	\$ 900,741	\$ 7,168,988	\$ 6,560,515
Operating grants and contributions	12,197,425	12,882,216	-	-	12,197,425	12,882,216
Capital grants and contributions	1,062,256	2,567,522	-	-	1,062,256	2,567,522
General revenues:						
Taxes:						
Property taxes	44,980,224	43,052,682	-	-	44,980,224	43,052,682
Local option sales tax	4,052,754	3,863,574	-	-	4,052,754	3,863,574
Gaming	596,840	584,582	-	-	596,840	584,582
Other taxes	68,374	68,512	-	-	68,374	68,512
Utility tax replacements	1,625,295	1,539,020	-	-	1,625,295	1,539,020
Penalties, interest and costs on taxes	789,143	791,685	-	-	789,143	791,685
State tax replacement credits	4,898,515	4,930,224	-	-	4,898,515	4,930,224
State shared revenues	3,146,564	2,775,120	-	-	3,146,564	2,775,120
Payments in lieu of taxes	6,682	6,782	-	-	6,682	6,782
Investment earnings	159,177	228,038	-	-	159,177	228,038
Miscellaneous	1,379,300	1,102,391	-	-	1,379,300	1,102,391
Total revenues	81,129,078	80,052,122	1,002,459	900,741	82,131,537	80,952,863
Expenses:						
Public safety and legal services	28,029,758	36,474,619	-	-	28,029,758	36,474,619
Physical health and social services	5,439,626	5,695,818	-	-	5,439,626	5,695,818
Mental health	17,508,289	15,279,397	-	-	17,508,289	15,279,397
County environment and education	5,045,765	4,893,713	-	-	5,045,765	4,893,713
Roads and transportation	9,171,403	7,863,504	-	-	9,171,403	7,863,504
Government services to residents	2,262,947	2,117,384	-	-	2,262,947	2,117,384
Administration	10,131,539	11,500,872	-	-	10,131,539	11,500,872
Debt service, interest	1,587,438	1,674,554	-	-	1,587,438	1,674,554
Golf course	-	-	1,168,516	949,850	1,168,516	949,850
Total expenses	79,176,765	85,499,861	1,168,516	949,850	80,345,281	86,449,711
Transfers	(212,891)	(176,990)	212,891	176,990	-	-
Increase in net assets	1,739,422	(5,624,729)	46,834	127,881	1,786,256	(5,496,848)
Net assets (deficit), beginning	80,545,989	86,170,718	(2,268,101)	(2,395,982)	78,277,888	83,774,736
Net assets (deficit), ending	\$ 82,285,411	\$ 80,545,989	\$ (2,221,267)	\$ (2,268,101)	\$ 80,064,144	\$ 78,277,888

County of Scott, Iowa

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)
Year Ended June 30, 2012

Table 3 below discloses cost of services for governmental activities. The total cost of services column contains all costs related to the programs and the net cost column shows how much of the total amount is not covered by program revenues. Succinctly put, net costs are costs that must be covered by local taxes or other general revenue or transfers.

Table 3 - County of Scott's Governmental Activities

Programs	Total Cost of Services 2012	Total Cost of Services 2011	Net (Expense) of Services 2012	Net (Expense) of Services 2011
Public safety and legal services	\$ 28,029,758	\$ 36,474,619	\$ (25,288,428)	\$ (33,870,777)
Physical health and social services	5,439,626	5,695,818	(3,603,647)	(3,246,599)
Mental health	17,508,289	15,279,397	(8,960,920)	(7,525,661)
County environment and education	5,045,765	4,893,713	(3,822,012)	(3,798,917)
Roads and transportation	9,171,403	7,863,504	(8,087,631)	(5,218,461)
Government services to residents	2,262,947	2,117,384	596,919	539,532
Administration	10,131,539	11,500,872	(9,437,913)	(9,998,173)
Debt service, interest	1,587,438	1,674,554	(1,196,923)	(1,271,293)
Total	\$ 79,176,765	\$ 85,499,861	\$ (59,800,555)	\$ (64,390,349)

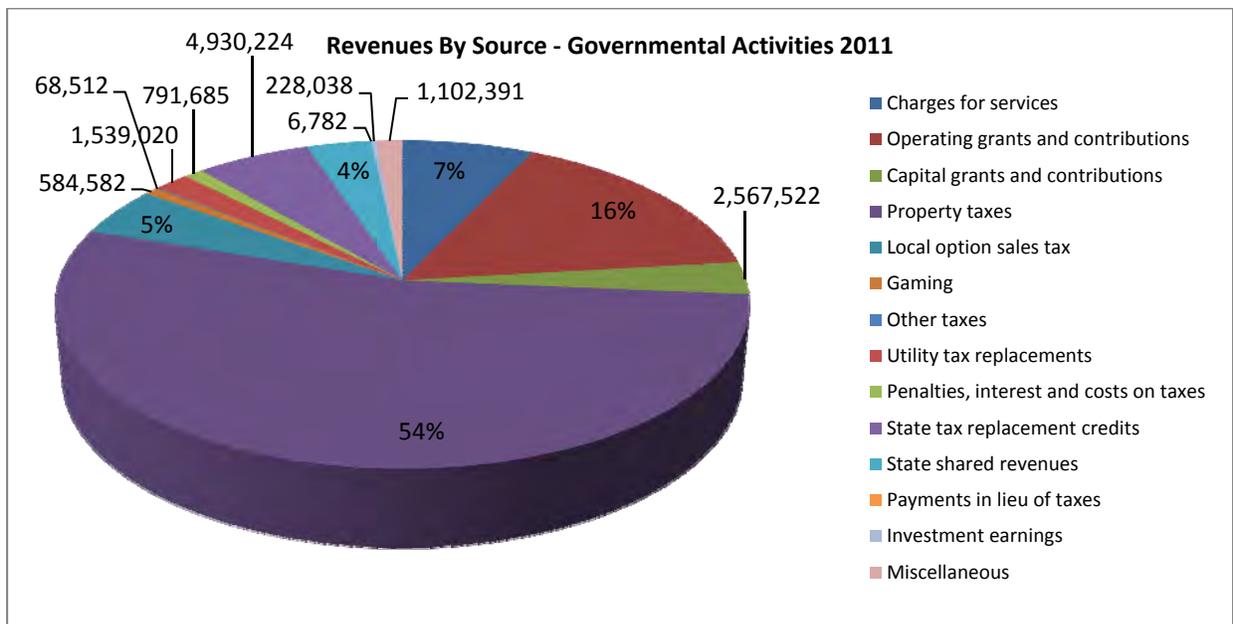
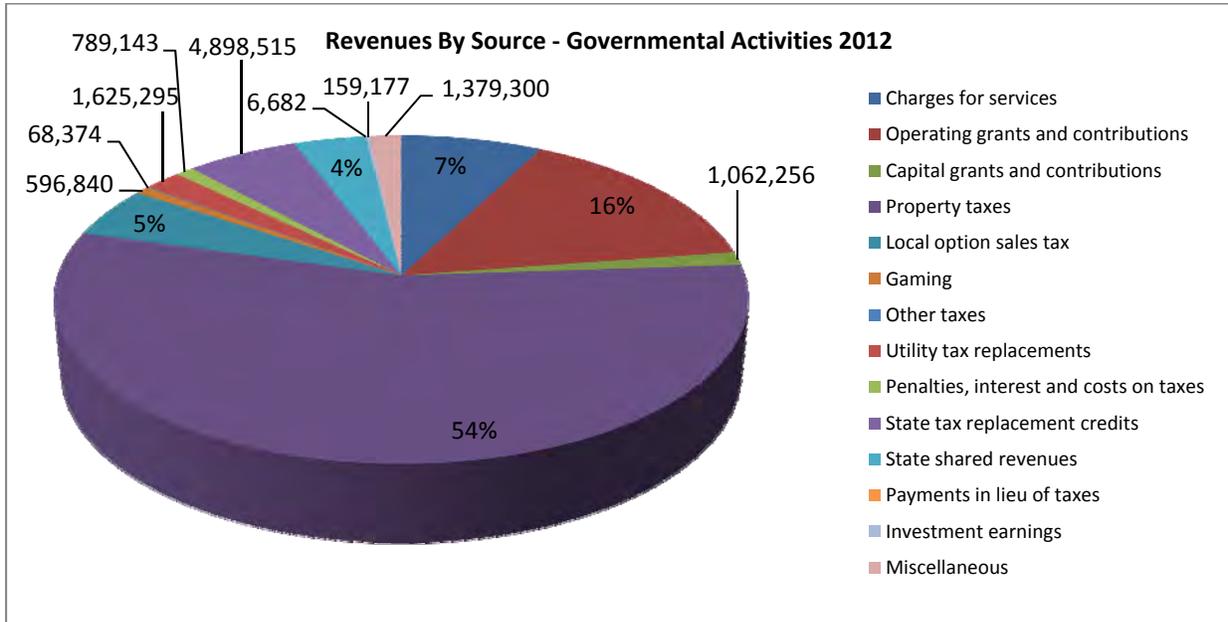
Net cost of services is 76 percent of total cost of services in 2012 and 75 percent in 2011. The County was able to maintain the net cost of services in the current year due to nontax revenues and fees being reviewed and adjusted on an ongoing basis based upon current budgeted expenditure controls. In fiscal year 2011, the County contributed public safety capital assets to the the Scott Emergency Communication Center component units.

County of Scott, Iowa

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)
Year Ended June 30, 2012

Governmental Activities

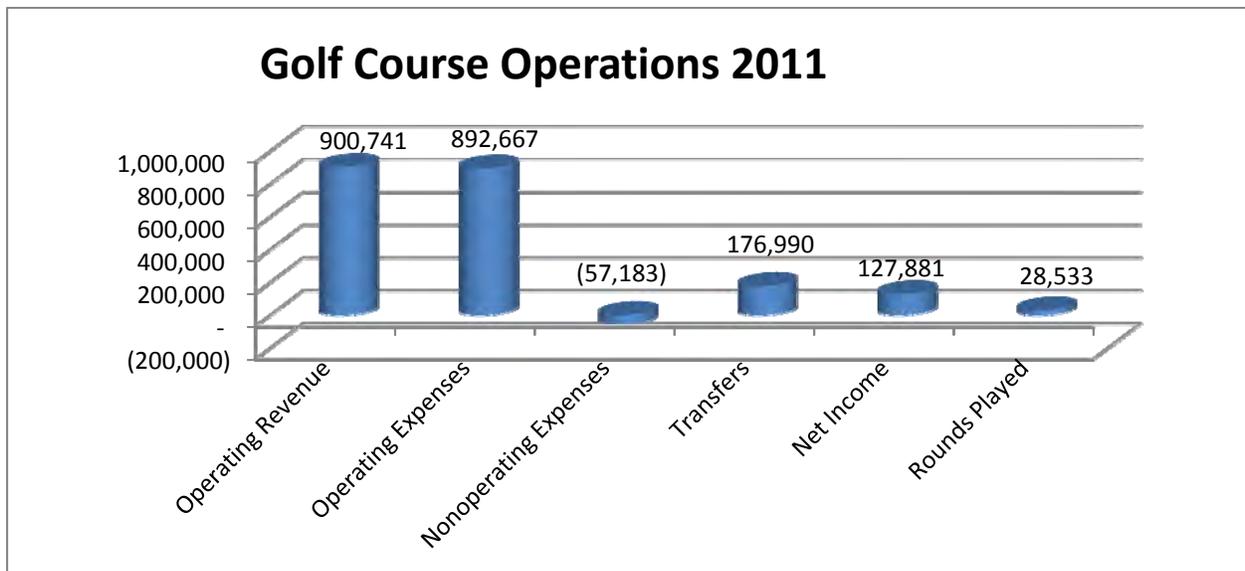
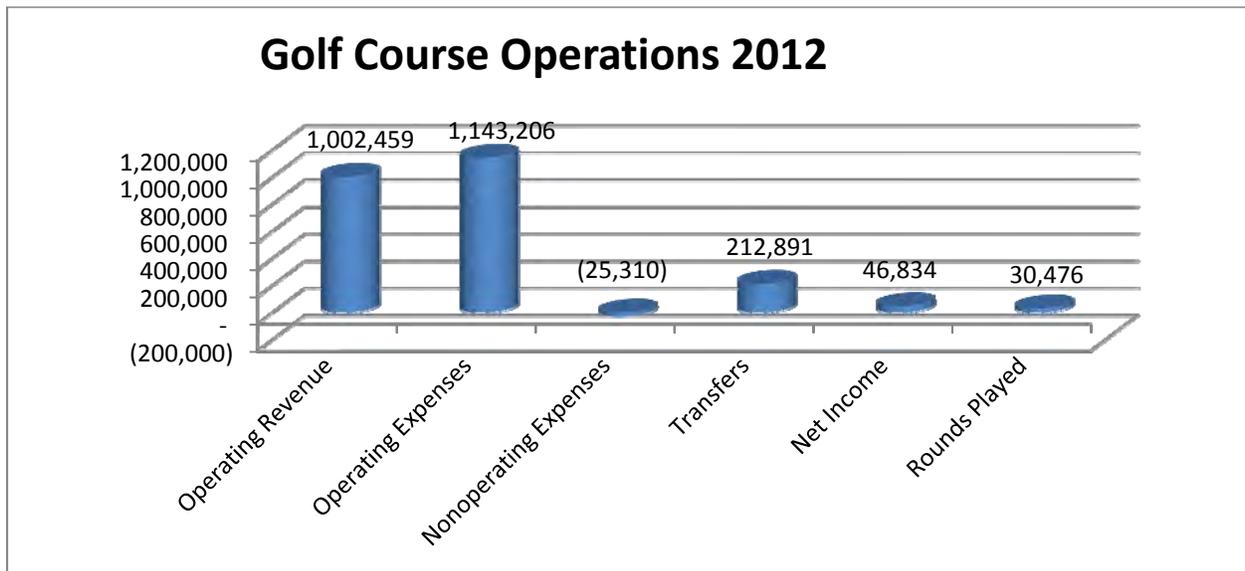
The graphs below show the percentage of the total governmental activities revenues allocated by each revenue type for 2012 and 2011.



County of Scott, Iowa

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)
Year Ended June 30, 2012

Total business-type activities' revenue for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2012 and 2011 was \$1,002,459 and \$900,741, respectively. All of this revenue was generated for specific business-type activity expenses. The graphs below show a comparison between the business-type activity expenditures and program revenues and operations for Glynn's Creek Golf Course in 2012 and 2011. The golf course experienced a 6.8% increase in rounds played, while operating revenue improved to \$1,002,459 or 11%. The fund expended additional operating expenses for non capital equipment and fertilizers / chemicals in fiscal year 2012.



County of Scott, Iowa

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) Year Ended June 30, 2012

Business-type activities: Business-type activities increased the County of Scott's net assets by \$46,834 in the government's net assets in fiscal year ended June 30, 2012 compared to an increase of \$127,881 in fiscal year ended June 30, 2011.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the County of Scott, Iowa uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds: The focus of the County of Scott, Iowa's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, spendable fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the County of Scott, Iowa's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$25,619,960, an increase of \$2,759,769 in comparison with the prior year fund balance of \$22,860,191. Approximately 37 percent of the 2012 total amount, or \$9,402,481 constitutes unassigned fund balance. Approximately \$9,247,282, or 40 percent, for 2011 constitutes unassigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of the fund balance is either nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned to indicate that it is not available for new spending.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the County. At the end of the fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$9,477,799 for 2011. The amount unassigned was \$9,247,282 for 2011 while total fund balance reached \$17,509,042 for 2012 and \$14,878,260 for 2011. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 19 percent of General Fund expenditures for 2012, while the unassigned fund balance represented 18 percent of total General Fund expenditures for 2011, while total fund balance also represents approximately 54 and 30 percent of that same amount for 2012 and 2011, respectively.

The fund balance of the County's General Fund increased by \$2,630,782 during the year ended June 30, 2012. The key factor in this increase was an increase in property tax revenues of \$1.8 Million. This increase offset the declining intergovernmental revenues of \$1.5 million. Charges for services increased by \$440 thousand. The county's General fund expenditures were \$50,211,926 in fiscal year 2012, compared to \$60,231,633 in fiscal year 2011 or a decrease in \$19,000. Expenditure reductions in Physical health and social services of \$1.1 million dollars offset increases in Public safety and legal services, Mental health, Government services to residents and Administration.

The fund balance of the County's Mental Health / Development Disabilities decreased by \$943,641 during the year ended June 30, 2012. The key factor in this decrease was an increase in mental health spending to fully utilize intergovernmental revenues in fiscal year 2012. Beginning fiscal year 2013, the State of Iowa reassigned Medicaid dollars to the state level from the local level. The State is in process of redesigning mental health funding throughout the state.

The Secondary Roads Fund increased \$954,267 in 2012 from \$885,011 in 2011. The increase in fund balance relates to higher than anticipated revenues during the year of the road use tax. Additionally funds are restricted for future planned capital improvements with the secondary road system.

County of Scott, Iowa

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) Year Ended June 30, 2012

The Debt Service Fund decreased \$505,238 in 2012 from \$2,558,322 in 2011. The decrease in fund balance relates to the normal principal and interest payments on debt outstanding.

Proprietary funds: The County of Scott's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements but in more detail. Other factors concerning the finances of these funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the County's business-type activities.

Budgetary Highlights

Formal and legal budgetary control is based on nonmajor classes of disbursements known as functions, not by fund or fund type. Differences between the original budget and the final amended budget can be summarized as follows:

- The total original revenue budget of \$79,517,088 was increased to \$79,524,196 (an increase of \$10,108) mainly due to an expected decrease in intergovernmental grant revenue and an increase in local option sales tax. Actual revenues received were \$80,127,558.
- The total original expenditure budget of \$81,235,972 was increased to \$86,178,152 (an increase of \$4,942,180) mainly for increase mental health spending due to redesign state funding and authorization of planned capital outlay projects.. Actual expenditures were \$77,154,896.
- The total original budget for transfers in and out of \$10,322,530 was decreased to \$9,973,030 (a decrease of \$349,500).

During the year, however, actual expenditures were less than budgeted expenditures. Iowa law requires budget amendments to specific expenditure service areas, i.e., public safety and legal service, to be enacted by the Board of Supervisors no later than May 31 of each fiscal year. Since the County's fiscal year ends on June 30 and since the County's budget is based on the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting, the Board takes a conservative approach when enacting year-end budget amendments. This means the comparison of actual to budgeted amounts will usually show expenditures to be well below budgeted amounts. This is especially true for capital outlay function when projects may roll over to a subsequent fiscal year. The budgeted transfers out are for transfers to capital projects and special revenue funds.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets: The County's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2012 and 2011, amounts to \$95,116,505 and \$99,417,505 (net of accumulated depreciation), respectively. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, equipment, infrastructure and construction-in-progress. The total decrease in capital assets for 2012 was 4.3 percent (a 4.4 percent decrease for governmental activities and a 0.4 percent increase for business-type activities). The total decrease in capital assets for 2011 was 5.2 percent (a 5.4 percent decrease for governmental activities and a 8.2 percent increase for business-type activities).

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year ended June 30, 2012 included, the remodel of Juvenile Court Services – which brought this department back to the County campus from a leased facility, Conservation tractors and vehicles, motorgraders for secondary roads, Wapsi Center pond restoration, secondary road infrastructure improvements as well as technology additions to several courtrooms in the County Courthouse.

County of Scott, Iowa

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)
Year Ended June 30, 2012

Table 4 - County of Scott's Capital Assets

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total	
	2012	2011	2012	2011	2012	2011
Land	\$ 4,394,059	\$ 4,394,059	\$ 1,556,336	\$ 1,556,336	\$ 5,950,395	\$ 5,950,395
Construction-in-progress	1,466,617	4,421,553	23,872	-	1,490,489	4,421,553
Buildings	67,918,112	66,695,806	506,490	506,490	68,424,602	67,202,296
Improvements other than buildings	4,964,688	4,946,414	663,428	663,428	5,628,116	5,609,842
Infrastructure	91,342,729	88,224,817	62,374	62,374	91,405,103	88,287,191
Machinery and equipment	16,556,450	16,095,856	1,069,983	1,223,711	17,626,433	17,319,567
Accumulated depreciation	(93,752,832)	(87,586,815)	(1,655,801)	(1,786,524)	(95,408,633)	(89,373,339)
Total	\$ 92,889,823	\$ 97,191,690	\$ 2,226,682	\$ 2,225,815	\$ 95,116,505	\$ 99,417,505

Additional information on the County of Scott's capital assets can be found in Note 7 of this report.

Debt: As of June 30, 2012, the County of Scott, Iowa had general obligation bonds outstanding totaling \$14,080,000, a lease agreement for the jail facility for \$21,210,000. In the current year, the County governmental activities issued \$0 of new bonds and paid \$2,780,000 in principal and \$1,589,070 in interest on outstanding debt. Business-type activities paid \$585,000 in principal and \$18,035 in interest on outstanding debt in the current year. The county retired the lease development agreement for the golf course one year early.

Debt: As of June 30, 2011, the County of Scott, Iowa had general obligation bonds outstanding totaling \$15,660,000, a lease agreement for the jail facility for \$22,410,000 and a purchase contract (business-type activities) outstanding for \$585,000. In the current year, the County governmental activities issued \$0 of new bonds and paid \$2,680,000 in principal and \$1,675,660 in interest on outstanding debt. Business-type activities paid \$270,000 in principal and \$49,919 in interest on outstanding debt in the current year.

Table 5 - County of Scott's Outstanding Debt, June 30

	2012	2011	Maturity
Governmental activities:			
General obligation bonds	\$ 14,080,000	\$ 15,660,000	2029
Lease agreement	21,210,000	22,410,000	2025
Total governmental activities	\$ 35,290,000	\$ 38,070,000	
Business-type activities, purchase contract and capital lease	\$ -	\$ 585,000	2013

Additional information about the County's long-term debt can be found in Note 8 to the financial statements.

County of Scott, Iowa

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) Year Ended June 30, 2012

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

- Scott County's urban levy rate was reduced to 1.3% to \$6.30 for FY13. The rural county levy rate increased by 0.3 percent for the budget year ending June 30, 2013 due to the legal requirement of Road Use Tax (RUT) local effort match. The tax base for the County of Scott increased 3.8 percent over the previous year.
- Health care costs and personnel costs, which make up a significant portion of the County's operating costs, continue to be reasonably controlled and negotiated. The County's move to self funded health insurance has resulted in 42 months of zero increase in County insurance premiums. A rate increase of \$4.07 to the employee family plan was approved by the Board of Supervisors in October, 2012. The county has two bargaining unit up for negotiation in the fall of 2012.
- The County's revenues are stable but flat and continue to remain at all-time low levels. Scott County has adjusted expenditures to meet flat revenue projections. This has been done through efficiencies such as LEAN programs, as well as the "Wall of Savings." The County is facing funding challenges as the State Legislature has passed a Mental Health reform legislation that eliminates County funding for MHDD services in 2013, but continues the County requirement to provide these services. The County is applying for fiscal transition funding from the state to be awarded in the Spring of 2013. The Legislature is also working toward various property tax reform measures.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the County of Scott, Iowa's budget for the June 30, 2013 fiscal year.

Requests for Information

These financial statements and discussions are designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a complete disclosure of the County's finances and to demonstrate a high degree of accountability for the public dollars entrusted to us. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, please write Dee F. Bruemmer, County Administrator, Scott County Administrative Center, 600 West 4th Street, Davenport, Iowa 52801-1003.

County of Scott, Iowa

Statement of Net Assets
As of June 30, 2012

Assets	Primary Government			Component Units
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	
Current assets:				
Cash and investments	\$ 26,991,590	\$ 199,652	\$ 27,191,242	\$ 3,768,091
Restricted cash and investments	367,459	-	367,459	-
Receivables:				
Property taxes	49,224,753	-	49,224,753	-
Accrued interest	507,977	-	507,977	-
Accounts	537,926	47,922	585,848	12,684
Loans	535,000	-	535,000	-
Due from other governmental agencies	1,577,147	-	1,577,147	-
Capital lease receivable from primary government	-	-	-	1,245,000
Prepays	109,906	-	109,906	-
Inventories	-	9,694	9,694	-
Total current assets	79,851,758	257,268	80,109,026	5,025,775
Noncurrent assets:				
Receivables:				
Notes	81,428	-	81,428	-
Loans	835,000	-	835,000	-
Capital lease receivable from primary government	-	-	-	19,965,000
Internal balances	4,041,594	(4,041,594)	-	-
Other post employment benefits asset	-	-	-	4,722
Unamortized bond issuance costs	159,476	-	159,476	112,782
Capital assets:				
Not depreciated:				
Land	4,394,059	1,556,336	5,950,395	16,600
Construction-in-progress	1,466,617	23,872	1,490,489	2,842,985
Depreciated:				
Buildings	67,918,112	506,490	68,424,602	8,859,353
Improvements other than buildings	4,964,687	663,428	5,628,115	-
Infrastructure	91,342,729	62,374	91,405,103	-
Machinery and equipment	16,556,450	1,069,983	17,626,433	14,180,133
Less accumulated depreciation	(93,752,831)	(1,655,801)	(95,408,632)	(2,611,290)
Total capital assets	92,889,823	2,226,682	95,116,505	23,287,781
Total noncurrent assets	98,007,321	(1,814,912)	96,192,409	43,370,285
Total assets	\$ 177,859,079	\$ (1,557,644)	\$ 176,301,435	\$ 48,396,060

See Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Liabilities and Net Assets	Primary Government			Component Units
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$ 4,955,837	\$ 63,034	\$ 5,018,871	\$ 430,850
Current portion of claims payable	739,520	-	739,520	-
Accrued liabilities	1,611,652	35,331	1,646,983	207,503
Interest payable	51,380	493,853	545,233	110,881
Unearned revenue	49,646,648	23,993	49,670,641	-
Compensated absences	1,488,482	12,793	1,501,275	156,283
Current portion of general obligation bonds	1,625,000	-	1,625,000	-
Current portion of capital lease payable to component unit	1,245,000	-	1,245,000	-
Current portion of notes payable	-	-	-	461,240
Current portion of revenue bonds	-	-	-	1,245,000
Total current liabilities	61,363,519	629,004	61,992,523	2,611,757
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Claims payable	150,000	-	150,000	-
Compensated absences	1,293,704	34,619	1,328,323	92,547
Other post employment benefits obligation	350,194	-	350,194	7,817
General obligation bonds payable, net bond premium	12,501,251	-	12,501,251	-
Capital lease payable to component unit	19,965,000	-	19,965,000	-
Note payable, net discount	-	-	-	9,565,690
Revenue bonds payable, net bond discount	-	-	-	19,807,116
Total noncurrent liabilities	34,260,149	34,619	34,294,768	29,473,170
Total liabilities	95,623,668	663,623	96,287,291	32,084,927
Net assets (deficit):				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	62,392,934	2,226,682	64,619,616	13,624,990
Restricted for:				
Debt service	2,005,997	-	2,005,997	-
County conservation sewage treatment	212,459	-	212,459	-
Other statutory programs	786,943	-	786,943	-
Mental health	343,637	-	343,637	-
Secondary roads	1,839,278	-	1,839,278	-
Rural services	70,995	-	70,995	-
Capital project, jail expansion	-	-	-	154,326
Unrestricted (deficit)	14,583,168	(4,447,949)	10,135,219	2,531,817
Total net assets (deficit)	82,235,411	(2,221,267)	80,014,144	16,311,133
Total liabilities and net assets (deficit)	\$ 177,859,079	\$ (1,557,644)	\$ 176,301,435	\$ 48,396,060

County of Scott, Iowa

Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

Functions / Programs	Program Revenues			
	Expenses	Charges for Sales and Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions
Primary Government				
Governmental activities:				
Public safety and legal services	\$ 28,029,758	\$ 1,622,292	\$ 1,119,038	\$ -
Physical health and social services	5,439,626	399,182	1,336,797	100,000
Mental health	17,508,289	74,244	8,473,125	-
County environment and education	5,045,765	1,145,202	78,551	-
Roads and transportation	9,171,403	18,900	102,616	962,256
Government services to residents	2,262,947	2,588,909	270,957	-
Administration	10,131,539	267,800	425,826	-
Interest on long-term debt	1,587,438	-	390,515	-
Total governmental activities	79,176,765	6,116,529	12,197,425	1,062,256
Business-Type activities, golf	1,168,516	1,002,459	-	-
Total primary government	\$ 80,345,281	\$ 7,118,988	\$ 12,197,425	\$ 1,062,256
Component Units				
Emergency Management Agency	\$ 174,737	\$ -	\$ 77,000	\$ -
County Library	1,189,113	492,697	539,149	-
Public Safety Authority	956,518	-	-	-
Scott Emergency Communication Center	7,257,076	-	7,385,229	49,607
Total component units	\$ 9,577,444	\$ 492,697	\$ 8,001,378	\$ 49,607
General Revenues				
Taxes:				
Property taxes				
Local option sales tax				
Gaming				
Other taxes				
Utility tax replacements				
Penalties, interest and costs on taxes				
State tax replacement credits, unrestricted				
State shared revenues, unrestricted				
Payments in lieu of taxes				
Investment earnings				
Miscellaneous				
Total general revenues				
Transfers				
Changes in net assets				
Net assets (deficit), beginning of year				
Net assets (deficit), end of year				

See Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets				
Primary Government				
Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	Component Units	
\$ (25,288,428)	\$ -	\$ (25,288,428)	\$ -	-
(3,603,647)	-	(3,603,647)	-	-
(8,960,920)	-	(8,960,920)	-	-
(3,822,012)	-	(3,822,012)	-	-
(8,087,631)	-	(8,087,631)	-	-
596,919	-	596,919	-	-
(9,437,913)	-	(9,437,913)	-	-
(1,196,923)	-	(1,196,923)	-	-
(59,800,555)	-	(59,800,555)	-	-
-	(166,057)	(166,057)	-	-
(59,800,555)	(166,057)	(59,966,612)	-	-
			(97,737)	
			(157,267)	
			(956,518)	
			177,760	
			(1,033,762)	
44,980,224	-	44,980,224	-	-
4,052,754	-	4,052,754	-	-
596,840	-	596,840	-	-
68,374	-	68,374	-	-
1,625,295	-	1,625,295	-	-
789,143	-	789,143	-	-
4,898,515	-	4,898,515	-	-
3,146,564	-	3,146,564	-	-
6,682	-	6,682	-	-
159,177	-	159,177	928,950	-
1,379,300	-	1,379,300	57,902	-
61,702,868	-	61,702,868	986,852	-
(212,891)	212,891	-	-	-
1,689,422	46,834	1,736,256	(46,910)	-
80,545,989	(2,268,101)	78,277,888	16,358,043	-
\$ 82,235,411	\$ (2,221,267)	\$ 80,014,144	\$ 16,311,133	-

County of Scott, Iowa

Balance Sheet
 Governmental Funds
 As of June 30, 2012

	General	Mental Health/ Development Disabilities
Assets		
Cash and investments	\$ 14,618,980	\$ 3,543,389
Restricted cash	212,459	-
Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectibles:		
Property taxes, net of allowance for collection losses	41,794,486	3,316,148
Accrued interest	507,977	-
Accounts	498,545	12,063
Loans	-	-
Notes	81,428	-
Due from other governmental agencies	1,268,680	102,203
Advance to other funds	4,041,594	-
Prepays	109,906	-
Total assets	\$ 63,134,055	\$ 6,973,803
Liabilities and Fund Balances		
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 1,082,775	\$ 3,366,179
Claims payable	11,347	-
Accrued liabilities	1,474,326	23,553
Compensated absences	33,620	-
Deferred revenue	43,022,945	3,315,752
Total liabilities	45,625,013	6,705,484
Fund balances (Deficits);		
Nonspendable	4,232,928	-
Restricted	999,402	343,637
Committed	-	-
Assigned	2,798,913	-
Unassigned	9,477,799	(75,318)
Total fund balances	17,509,042	268,319
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 63,134,055	\$ 6,973,803

See Notes to Basic Financial Statements

		Nonmajor		
Secondary Roads	Debt Service	Governmental Funds		Total
\$ 1,990,312	\$ 682,902	\$ 4,028,915	\$	24,864,498
-	-	155,000		367,459
-	1,355,797	2,758,322		49,224,753
-	-	-		507,977
-	-	27,318		537,926
-	1,370,000	-		1,370,000
-	-	-		81,428
205,944	-	320		1,577,147
-	-	-		4,041,594
-	-	-		109,906
<u>\$ 2,196,256</u>	<u>\$ 3,408,699</u>	<u>\$ 6,969,875</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>82,682,688</u>

\$ 243,205	\$ -	\$ 261,553	\$	4,953,712
-	-	-		11,347
113,773	-	-		1,611,652
-	-	-		33,620
-	1,355,615	2,758,085		50,452,397
<u>356,978</u>	<u>1,355,615</u>	<u>3,019,638</u>		<u>57,062,728</u>

-	-	-		4,232,928
1,839,278	2,053,084	1,323,022		6,558,423
-	-	48,418		48,418
-	-	2,578,797		5,377,710
-	-	-		9,402,481
<u>1,839,278</u>	<u>2,053,084</u>	<u>3,950,237</u>		<u>25,619,960</u>
<u>\$ 2,196,256</u>	<u>\$ 3,408,699</u>	<u>\$ 6,969,875</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>82,682,688</u>



County of Scott, Iowa

Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances
to Net Assets of Governmental Activities
As of June 30, 2012

Total governmental fund balances \$ 25,619,960

Amounts reported for governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:

Land	\$ 4,394,059	
Construction-in-progress	1,466,617	
Buildings	67,918,112	
Improvements other than buildings	4,964,687	
Infrastructure	91,342,729	
Machinery and equipment	16,556,450	
Accumulated depreciation	<u>(93,752,831)</u>	92,889,823

Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds:

Deferred revenues 805,749

Internal service funds are used by management to charge costs associated with self-insured health insurance. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net assets. Internal service fund net assets are:

1,634,130

Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:

Claims payable	(387,336)	
Compensated absences	(2,748,566)	
Other post employment benefits obligation	(350,194)	
Accrued interest payable	(51,380)	
Capital lease payable to component unit	(21,210,000)	
Bond issuance costs	159,476	
Bond premium	(46,251)	
General obligation bonds payable	<u>(14,080,000)</u>	(38,714,251)
Net assets of governmental activities		<u><u>\$ 82,235,411</u></u>

See Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

County of Scott, Iowa

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
 Governmental Funds
 For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

	General	Mental Health/ Development Disabilities
Revenues:		
Property taxes	\$ 38,177,504	\$ 3,058,912
Local option sales tax	4,052,754	-
Other taxes	1,459,382	115,959
Interest and penalties on taxes	789,143	-
Intergovernmental	4,042,645	12,437,223
Charges for services	5,346,517	74,244
Investment earnings	145,478	-
Licenses and permits	641,244	-
Rentals and fees	222,959	-
Other	658,179	218,128
Total revenues	55,535,805	15,904,466
Expenditures:		
Current:		
Public safety and legal services	26,757,076	-
Physical health and social services	5,395,364	-
Mental health	608,279	16,858,107
County environment and education	3,911,429	-
Roads and transportation	-	-
Government services to residents	2,210,614	-
Administration	9,203,859	-
Capital outlay	-	-
Debt service		
Principal	1,200,000	-
Interest and fees	925,305	-
Total expenditures	50,211,926	16,858,107
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	5,323,879	(953,641)
Other financing sources (uses):		
Transfers in	-	-
Transfers out	(2,693,097)	-
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	(2,693,097)	-
Net change in fund balances	2,630,782	(953,641)
Fund balances, beginning of year	14,878,260	1,221,960
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 17,509,042	\$ 268,319

See Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

Secondary Roads	Debt Service	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total
\$ -	\$ 1,275,366	\$ 2,466,578	\$ 44,978,360
-	-	-	4,052,754
-	45,882	669,285	2,290,508
-	-	-	789,143
3,249,180	417,279	102,860	20,249,187
6,745	-	35,624	5,463,130
-	-	6,715	152,193
12,155	-	-	653,399
-	-	-	222,959
32,932	-	27,243	936,482
<u>3,301,012</u>	<u>1,738,527</u>	<u>3,308,305</u>	<u>79,788,115</u>
-	-	-	26,757,076
-	-	-	5,395,364
-	-	-	17,466,386
-	-	539,149	4,450,578
5,111,168	-	-	5,111,168
-	-	-	2,210,614
-	-	-	9,203,859
238,577	-	1,952,204	2,190,781
-	1,580,000	-	2,780,000
-	663,765	-	1,589,070
<u>5,349,745</u>	<u>2,243,765</u>	<u>2,491,353</u>	<u>77,154,896</u>
<u>(2,048,733)</u>	<u>(505,238)</u>	<u>816,952</u>	<u>2,633,219</u>
2,743,000	-	1,858,539	4,601,539
-	-	(2,121,333)	(4,814,430)
260,000	-	79,441	339,441
<u>3,003,000</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(183,353)</u>	<u>126,550</u>
954,267	(505,238)	633,599	2,759,769
885,011	2,558,322	3,316,638	22,860,191
<u>\$ 1,839,278</u>	<u>\$ 2,053,084</u>	<u>\$ 3,950,237</u>	<u>\$ 25,619,960</u>

County of Scott, Iowa

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of
Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

Net change in fund balances - governmental funds	\$	2,759,769
<p>Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:</p> <p>Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. The following is the detail of the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current year:</p>		
Capital outlay capitalized		2,190,781
Some items reported as operating expenditures in the fund financial statements but are capitalized in the government-wide statements		328,164
Capital assets transferred to Emergency Management Agency (Scott Emergency Communication Center)		(22,941)
Depreciation		
Public safety and legal services	\$ (1,372,456)	
Physical health and social services	(22,871)	
Mental health	(49,026)	
County environment and education	(678,311)	
Roads and transportation	(4,074,015)	
Governmental services to residents	(64,036)	
Administration	(1,269,739)	(7,530,454)
Book value of capital assets retired		(329,673)
Capital contribution		1,062,256
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		1,865
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service funds is reported with governmental activities		245,198
<p>The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, notes) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in the governmental funds an interest expenditure is reported when due. The following is a detail of the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items:</p>		
Repayment of bond principal and capital lease		2,780,000
Amortization of bond premium and bond issuance costs		(25,244)
<p>Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:</p>		
Accrued interest on debt		3,934
Change in claims payable		255,946
Change in compensated absences		25,663
Change in other post employment benefits obligation		(55,842)
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$	1,689,422

See Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

County of Scott, Iowa

Statement of Net Assets (Deficit)
 Proprietary Funds
 As of June 30, 2012

	Business-Type Activities <u>Enterprise Fund - Golf Course</u>	Governmental Activities <u>Internal Service Funds</u>
Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash and investments	\$ 199,652	\$ 2,127,092
Receivables, accounts	47,922	-
Inventories	9,694	-
Total current assets	<u>257,268</u>	<u>2,127,092</u>
Noncurrent assets:		
Capital assets:		
Land	1,556,336	-
Construction in progress	23,872	-
Buildings	506,490	-
Improvements other than buildings	663,428	-
Infrastructure	62,374	-
Machinery and equipment	1,069,983	-
Less accumulated depreciation	(1,655,801)	-
Total capital assets	<u>2,226,682</u>	<u>-</u>
Total noncurrent assets	<u>2,226,682</u>	<u>-</u>
Total assets	<u>\$ 2,483,950</u>	<u>\$ 2,127,092</u>
Liabilities and Net Assets (Deficit)		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 63,034	\$ 2,125
Claims payable	-	490,837
Accrued liabilities	35,331	-
Interest payable	493,853	-
Unearned revenue	23,993	-
Compensated absences	12,793	-
Current total liabilities	<u>629,004</u>	<u>492,962</u>
Noncurrent liabilities		
Compensated absences	34,619	-
Advance from other funds	4,041,594	-
Total noncurrent liabilities	<u>4,076,213</u>	<u>-</u>
Total liabilities	<u>4,705,217</u>	<u>492,962</u>
Net assets (deficit):		
Invested in capital assets	2,226,682	-
Unrestricted (deficit)	(4,447,949)	1,634,130
Total net assets (deficit)	<u>(2,221,267)</u>	<u>1,634,130</u>
Total liabilities and net assets (deficit)	<u>\$ 2,483,950</u>	<u>\$ 2,127,092</u>

See Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

County of Scott, Iowa

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets (Deficit)
Proprietary Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Business-Type Activities <u>Enterprise Fund - Golf Course</u>	Governmental Activities <u>Internal Service Funds</u>
Operating revenues:		
Charges for services	\$ 862,638	\$ 5,642,935
Sales, net of cost of goods sold of \$78,549	139,330	-
Other	491	-
Total operating revenues	<u>1,002,459</u>	<u>5,642,935</u>
Operating expenses:		
Personnel	594,305	-
Depreciation	57,541	-
Claims and administrative charges	-	5,404,720
Other	491,360	-
Total operating expenses	<u>1,143,206</u>	<u>5,404,720</u>
Operating income (loss)	<u>(140,747)</u>	<u>238,215</u>
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):		
Investment earnings	-	6,983
Interest and amortization expense	(25,310)	-
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	<u>(25,310)</u>	<u>6,983</u>
Income (loss) before transfers	(166,057)	245,198
Transfers in	212,891	-
Change in net assets	46,834	245,198
Total net assets (deficit), beginning of year	(2,268,101)	1,388,932
Total net assets (deficit), end of year	<u>\$ (2,221,267)</u>	<u>\$ 1,634,130</u>

See Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

County of Scott, Iowa

Statement of Cash Flows
Proprietary Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Business-Type Activities Enterprise Fund - Golf Course	Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Cash received from customers	\$ 1,107,033	\$ 5,642,935
Customer deposits paid	1,324	-
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services	(540,084)	(5,300,599)
Cash payments to employees for services	(585,931)	-
Net cash from operating activities	<u>(17,658)</u>	<u>342,336</u>
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:		
Payments of purchase contract	(585,000)	-
Purchase of capital assets	(58,408)	-
Interest paid on purchase contract and capital lease	(18,035)	-
Net cash from capital and related financing activities	<u>(661,443)</u>	<u>-</u>
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities		
Advance from other funds	321,270	-
Transfers	212,891	-
Net cash from noncapital financing activities	<u>534,161</u>	<u>-</u>
Cash flows from investing activities, interest received	-	6,983
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	(144,940)	349,319
Cash and cash equivalents:		
Beginning	344,592	1,777,773
Ending	<u>\$ 199,652</u>	<u>\$ 2,127,092</u>
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash from operating activities:		
Operating income (loss)	\$ (140,747)	\$ 238,215
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash from operating activities:		
Depreciation	57,541	-
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Receivables	26,028	-
Inventories	1,433	-
Accounts payable	28,390	80
Claims payable	-	104,041
Accrued compensation	8,373	-
Customer deposits	1,324	-
Net cash from operating activities	<u>\$ (17,658)</u>	<u>\$ 342,336</u>
Noncash capital and related financing activities, amortization of bond issuance costs and discount on purchase contract	<u>\$ 13,317</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

See Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

County of Scott, Iowa

Statement of Assets and Liabilities

Agency Funds

As of June 30, 2012

Assets

Cash and investments	\$	9,050,921
Receivables:		
Property taxes		237,824,564
Accounts		13,892
Total assets	\$	246,889,377

Liabilities

Accounts payable	\$	407,485
Due to other governmental agencies		246,113,085
Due to private individuals		368,807
Total liabilities	\$	246,889,377

See Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

County of Scott, Iowa

Combining Statement of Net Assets
Discretely Presented Component Units
As of June 30, 2012

	Emergency Management Agency	County Library	Public Safety Authority	Scott Emergency Communication Center	Total
Assets					
Current assets:					
Cash and investments	\$ 219,023	\$ 205,795	\$ -	\$ 3,343,273	\$ 3,768,091
Receivables:					
Accounts	12,684	-	-	-	12,684
Capital lease receivable from primary government	-	-	1,245,000	-	1,245,000
Total current assets	231,707	205,795	1,245,000	3,343,273	5,025,775
Noncurrent assets:					
Capital lease receivable from primary government	-	-	19,965,000	-	19,965,000
Other post employment benefits asset	-	4,722	-	-	4,722
Bond issuance costs	-	-	69,551	43,231	112,782
Capital assets:					
Land	-	16,600	-	-	16,600
Construction in progress	-	-	-	2,842,985	2,842,985
Buildings	-	1,131,866	-	7,727,487	8,859,353
Machinery and equipment	623,066	180,005	-	13,377,062	14,180,133
Accumulated depreciation	(278,132)	(422,047)	-	(1,911,111)	(2,611,290)
Total capital assets, net	344,934	906,424	-	22,036,423	23,287,781
Total noncurrent assets	344,934	911,146	20,034,551	22,079,654	43,370,285
Total assets	\$ 576,641	\$ 1,116,941	\$ 21,279,551	\$ 25,422,927	\$ 48,396,060
Liabilities and Net Assets					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$ 1,226	\$ 18,588	\$ -	\$ 411,036	\$ 430,850
Accrued liabilities	4,037	33,526	-	169,940	207,503
Interest payable	-	-	73,109	37,772	110,881
Compensated absences	4,485	32,687	-	119,111	156,283
Current portion revenue bonds payable	-	-	1,245,000	-	1,245,000
Current portion notes payable	-	-	-	461,240	461,240
Total current liabilities	9,748	84,801	1,318,109	1,199,099	2,611,757
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Compensated absences	14,733	23,071	-	54,743	92,547
Other post employment benefits obligation	2,965	-	-	4,852	7,817
Revenue bonds payable, net bond discount	-	-	19,807,116	-	19,807,116
Notes payable, net discount	-	-	-	9,565,690	9,565,690
Total noncurrent liabilities	17,698	23,071	19,807,116	9,625,285	29,473,170
Total liabilities	27,446	107,872	21,125,225	10,824,384	32,084,927
Net Assets:					
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	344,934	906,424	-	12,373,632	13,624,990
Restricted for capital projects	-	-	154,326	-	154,326
Unrestricted	204,261	102,645	-	2,224,911	2,531,817
Total net assets	549,195	1,009,069	154,326	14,598,543	16,311,133
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 576,641	\$ 1,116,941	\$ 21,279,551	\$ 25,422,927	\$ 48,396,060

See Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

County of Scott, Iowa

Combining Statement of Activities
Discretely Presented Component Units
For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Expenses	Program Revenues		
		Charges for Sales and Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions
Emergency Management Agency				
Public safety and legal services	\$ 174,737	\$ -	\$ 77,000	\$ -
County Library				
County environment and education	1,189,113	492,697	539,149	-
Public Safety Authority				
Public safety and legal services	956,518	-	-	-
Scott Emergency Communication Center				
Government services to residents	7,257,076	-	7,385,229	49,607
Total component units	\$ 9,577,444	\$ 492,697	\$ 8,001,378	\$ 49,607

General Revenues

Interest earnings
Miscellaneous

Total general revenues

Changes in net assets
Net assets, beginning of year
Net assets, end of year

See Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets

Emergency Management Agency	County Library	Public Safety Authority	Scott Emergency Communication Center	Total
\$ (97,737)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (97,737)
-	(157,267)	-	-	(157,267)
-	-	(956,518)	-	(956,518)
-	-	-	177,760	177,760
(97,737)	(157,267)	(956,518)	177,760	(1,033,762)
-	-	925,305	3,645	928,950
51,010	6,088	-	804	57,902
51,010	6,088	925,305	4,449	986,852
(46,727)	(151,179)	(31,213)	182,209	(46,910)
595,922	1,160,248	185,539	14,416,334	16,358,043
\$ 549,195	\$ 1,009,069	\$ 154,326	\$ 14,598,543	\$ 16,311,133

County of Scott, Iowa

Notes To Basic Financial Statements

As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2012

Note 1. Nature of Operations, Financial Reporting Entity, Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting and Significant Accounting Policies

Nature of operations:

The County of Scott, Iowa (The County) is incorporated and operates under the provisions of the Code of Iowa. The County is governed by a County Board and managed by the County Administrator. The powers and duties of the County Administrator are to coordinate and direct all administrative and management functions of the County government not otherwise vested by law in boards or commissions or in other elected officials. The County provides many functions and services to citizens, including law enforcement, health and social services, parks and cultural activities, planning and zoning, education and general administrative services. Other activities include the operation of a road department and contracts with a third party to provide mental health services.

Financial reporting entity:

In accordance with the Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, the basic financial statements include all funds, organizations, agencies, boards, commissions and authorities for which the County is financially accountable. The County has also considered all other potential organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationships with the County are such that exclusion would cause the County's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a majority of an organization's governing body, and (1) the ability of the County to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for that organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the County. Based on these criteria, the County is presented as a primary government and includes the following component units because of their operational significance and relationship with the County. The organizations provide specific benefits to the County. All of the component units have a June 30 year-end and are considered discretely presented component units. Discretely presented component units are as follows:

Emergency Management Agency: The Scott County Emergency Management Commission provides direction for the delivery of the emergency management services of planning, administration, coordination, training and support for local governments and their departments. The Commission coordinates its services in the event of a disaster. The Commission receives its funding from the federal government, public utility companies and voluntary allocations from the participating governments, including significant fiscal dependence from Scott County. The Code of Iowa provides for circumstances whereby the Commission can create a potential financial burden or benefit on the County.

County Library: The Scott County Library Board of Trustees provides library services to all the cities within Scott County with the exception of the City of Bettendorf, the City of LeClaire and the City of Davenport. In addition, the Library provides services to the unincorporated residents of Scott County and also to the citizens of the City of Durant through a contractual arrangement. The Trustees annually direct the Board of Supervisors to levy property taxes to the unincorporated area, in addition to providing tax levying amounts to each of the participating cities. The Board of Trustees is appointed by the Board of Supervisors and the Code of Iowa provides for circumstances whereby the Library can create a potential financial burden or benefit on the County.

County of Scott, Iowa

**Notes To Basic Financial Statements
As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2012**

Note 1. Nature of Operations, Financial Reporting Entity, Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Public Safety Authority: The Public Safety Authority (PSA) is responsible for the jail expansion project through the issuance of revenue bonds. The jail expansion will provide holding cells and a centralized booking area to the County and the City of Davenport. The Authority entered into a lease with the County to provide the funding necessary for the bond repayment schedule. Although the PSA has a jointly appointed Board by the County and the City of Davenport, it is considered a component unit of the County because it would be misleading to exclude due to the PSA being fiscally dependent on the lease payments from the County, making the County financially accountable for the PSA.

Scott Emergency Communication Center: The Scott Emergency Communication Center (SECC) provides public safety dispatch and communication services for all participating public safety answering points to improve services to the citizens of the County. Although the SECC has a jointly appointed Board by the members, it is considered a component unit of the County due to the Code of Iowa providing for circumstances whereby the SECC can create a potential financial burden or benefit on the County. A material amount of operating contributions to SECC is provided by the County.

None of the individual component units issue separate financial statements.

In addition, the GASB issued Statement No. 39, in May 2002, which sets forth additional criteria to determine whether certain organizations for which the County is not financially accountable should be reported as component units based on the nature and significance of their relationship with the County. These criteria include 1) the economic resources being received or held by the separate organization being entirely or almost entirely for the direct benefit of the County, its component units, or its constituents, 2) the County being entitled to, or having the ability to otherwise access, a majority of the economic resources received or held by the County and 3) the economic resources received or held by an individual organization that the County is entitled to, or has the ability to otherwise access, are significant to the County. Based on these additional criteria, there are no additional organizations which should be included in these basic financial statements.

Basis of presentation:

The County's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements including a statement of net assets and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide and fund financial statements: The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the County. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

County of Scott, Iowa

Notes To Basic Financial Statements
As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2012

Note 1. Nature of Operations, Financial Reporting Entity, Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. The County does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the statement of activities. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported as general revenues. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. The focus of fund financial statements is on major funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

Fund accounting: The accounts of the County are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for by providing a separate set of self balancing accounts which comprise its assets, liabilities, reserves, fund balance/net assets, revenues and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. The County has the following fund types:

Governmental fund types: Governmental fund types are those funds through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used; current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they are paid; and the difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities, the fund equity, is referred to as "fund balance." The measurement focus is upon determination of changes in financial position, rather than upon net income determination. The following are the County's major governmental funds:

General Fund: The General Fund is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those accounted for in another fund.

Mental Health/Developmental Disabilities Fund: To account for property taxes, state revenue and other revenue that are restricted or committed to be used to provide mental health and disability services. The Mental Health/Developmental Disabilities Fund is a special revenue fund.

Secondary Roads Fund: To account for state revenue and other revenue that are restricted or committed to be used to maintain and improve the County's roads. The Secondary Roads Fund is a special revenue fund.

Debt Service Fund: To account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to the servicing of the general long-term debt not financed by a specific source.

The other governmental funds of the County are considered nonmajor and are as follows:

County of Scott, Iowa

Notes To Basic Financial Statements
As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2012

Note 1. Nature of Operations, Financial Reporting Entity, Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Special Revenue Funds: are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specific purposes (other than debt service or capital projects).

Rural Services Fund: To account for taxes levied to benefit the rural residents of the County.

Recorders Management Fees Fund: To account for one dollar fee collected for each recorded transaction to be used for the purpose of preserving and maintaining public records.

Capital Projects Fund: To account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned the acquisition of property and equipment or construction of major capital projects not being financed by proprietary funds.

Proprietary fund types: are used to account for a government's ongoing organizations and activities which are similar to those often found in the private sector. The measurement focus is upon income determination, financial position and cash flows.

Enterprise Funds: are used to account for those operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business or where the County has decided that the determination of revenues earned, costs incurred and/or net income is necessary for management accountability.

The following is the County's major Enterprise Fund:

Glynns Creek Golf Course Fund: is used to account for the operation and maintenance for the County's 18-hole golf course.

Internal Service fund types: are used to account for the financing of goods and services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the County, or to other governmental entities, on a cost-reimbursement basis. The County's internal service fund consists of the following:

Health Insurance Fund: To account for health insurance provided to the County departments and component units.

Dental Insurance Fund: To account for dental insurance provided to the County departments and component units.

Fiduciary fund types: Fiduciary fund types are used to account for net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary funds of the County are considered agency funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities), follow the accrual basis of accounting and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The County's agency funds consist of the following:

Agricultural Extension Service Fund, Bangs Eradication Fund, City Taxing Districts Fund, Community College Taxing District Fund, Fire Taxing District Fund, School Taxing District Fund, Township Taxing District Fund and Other Taxing Districts Fund: To account for the property taxes collected by the County for the Districts.

County of Scott, Iowa

Notes To Basic Financial Statements
As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2012

Note 1. Nature of Operations, Financial Reporting Entity, Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

City Special Assessments Fund: To account for the special assessment taxes collected by the County on behalf of the City of Davenport.

County Sheriff Agency Fund: To account for the funds received for court services performed by the Sheriff's department.

Community Services Fund: To account for funds for those individuals who are incapable of managing their own affairs.

County Recorder Agency Fund, Motor Vehicle Tax Fund and Use Tax Fund: To account for fees and taxes collected by the County for the state.

Tax Sale Redemption Fund: To account for the tax sale proceeds collected by the County.

Jail Inmate Fund: To account for receipts from the sale of commissary items to inmates and for funds confiscated upon arrest.

County Assessor Fund: To account for funds held on behalf of the County Conference Board.

County Assessor Special Fund: To account for funds held on behalf of the County Conference Board.

City Assessor Fund: To account for funds held on behalf of the City Conference Board.

City Assessor Special Fund: To account for funds held on behalf of the City Conference Board.

Riverside Fund: To account for fund held on behalf of the County Library 28E agreement.

Measurement focus and basis of accounting:

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements and the discretely presented component unit financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the County considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

County of Scott, Iowa

**Notes To Basic Financial Statements
As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2012**

Note 1. Nature of Operations, Financial Reporting Entity, Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

In applying the susceptible to accrual concept to intergovernmental revenues, the legal and contractual requirements of the numerous individual programs are used as guidance. There are, however, essentially two types of these revenues. In one, monies must be expended on the specific purpose or project before any amounts will be paid to the County; therefore, revenues are recognized based upon the expenditures recorded and the availability criteria. In the other, monies are virtually unrestricted as to purpose of expenditure and are usually revocable only for failure to comply with prescribed requirements. These resources are reflected as revenues at the time of receipt or earlier if the susceptible to accrual criteria are met.

Licenses and permits, fines and forfeitures, charges for sales and services, and miscellaneous revenues are generally recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are measurable and available.

Property taxes are recognized as a receivable at the time an enforceable legal claim is established. This is determined to occur when the budget is certified and approved by the state of Iowa. The current tax levy recognized in revenue was certified in May 2011, based on the 2010 assessed valuations. These taxes are due in two installments, on September 30 and March 31, with a 1.5 percent per month penalty for delinquent payment.

The business-type activities and enterprise funds follow all pronouncements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, and have elected not to follow Financial Accounting Standards Board guidance issued after November 30, 1989.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the County's enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Significant accounting policies:

The significant accounting policies of the County and its discretely presented component units are as follows:

Pooled cash and investment account: Separate bank accounts and investments are not maintained for all County funds, as certain funds maintain their cash and investment balances in a pooled account. Accounting records are maintained to show the portion of the pooled account attributable to each participating fund.

Earnings on the pooled account are allocated to the General Fund unless statutes require otherwise or the Board of Supervisors has authorized otherwise. These respective allocations are made based on the average balances by fund.

County of Scott, Iowa

Notes To Basic Financial Statements
As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2012

Note 1. Nature of Operations, Financial Reporting Entity, Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Investments: Investments are reported at fair value. Short-term investments are reported at cost which approximates fair value. Securities traded on the national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates.

Statement of cash flows: For purposes of cash flows, the County considers its pooled cash and investment accounts as cash equivalents since these accounts have the general characteristics of demand deposits. Also, all highly liquid investments, with a maturity of three months or less when purchased, are considered to be cash equivalents.

Inventories: Governmental fund inventory items are charged to expenditure accounts when purchased. Year-end inventory was not significant. Proprietary fund inventories are carried at cost, as determined using the first-in, first-out method.

Prepays: Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

Capital assets: Capital assets, including land, construction-in-progress, buildings, improvements other than buildings, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Infrastructure also includes assets acquired prior to June 30, 1980. Capital assets are defined by the County as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$10,000 and an initial useful life of one year or greater. Such assets are recorded at historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the life of the asset are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. No interest was capitalized in the current fiscal year.

All reported capital assets except land and construction-in-progress are depreciated.

Depreciation has been provided using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the respective

Building	50 years
Improvements other than buildings	20 years
Infrastructure	10 - 100 years
Machinery and equipment	5 - 20 years

The County's collection of works of art, library books and other similar assets are not capitalized. These collections are unencumbered, held for public exhibition and education, protected, cared for and preserved and subject to County policy that requires proceeds from the sale of these items, if any, to be used to acquire other collection items.

County of Scott, Iowa

Notes To Basic Financial Statements
As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2012

Note 1. Nature of Operations, Financial Reporting Entity, Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Deferred/unearned revenue: Deferred revenues arise from taxes levied in the current year which are for subsequent year's operations. For governmental fund financial statements, deferred revenues arise when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. Deferred revenues also arise when resources are received before the County has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the County has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for deferred revenue is removed from the balance sheet and revenue is recognized. Unearned revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Interfund transactions: Transactions from County funds that would be treated as revenues and expenditures or expenses if they involved organizations external to County government are accounted for as revenues and expenditures or expenses in the funds involved.

Transactions which constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures initially made from it which are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures in the reimbursed fund.

Transactions, which constitute the transfer of resources from a fund receiving revenues to a fund through which revenues are to be expended, are separately reported in the respective funds' operating statements.

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Noncurrent portions of long-term inter-fund loan receivables are reported as advances. Within the governmental funds, advances are offset equally by a fund balance nonspendable account which indicates they do not constitute expendable available financial resources and, therefore, are not available for appropriation.

For the statement of net assets and statement of activities, interfund balances, advances and transfers within the governmental activities or business-type activities are netted and eliminated.

Compensated absences: Under terms of the County's personnel policy, County employees are granted vacation and sick leave in varying amounts based upon length of employment by the County. Vacation days accumulate up to two times the employee's yearly vacation rate, and total accumulated vacation will be paid upon termination of employment. Sick leave accumulates without limit. Employees hired before July 1, 2000 have an option of being paid 50 percent of all hours above 720 up to a maximum of 1,680 hours or to be paid 25 percent of all hours available up to a maximum of 1,680 hours. Payment should not exceed 480 hours. The option is not selected until retirement. Employees hired after July 1, 2000 are paid 25 percent of all hours available up to a maximum of 1,680. Payment should not exceed 420 hours.

County of Scott, Iowa

Notes To Basic Financial Statements
As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2012

Note 1. Nature of Operations, Financial Reporting Entity, Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

For proprietary fund types, these accumulations are recorded as expenses and liabilities of the appropriate fund in the fiscal year earned. The governmental fund types report the amount of accumulated unpaid vacation and sick leave, which is considered due, as a result of employee retirements and resignations. The amount of the liability not considered due is not reported in the fund financial statements. However, the entire compensated absence liability is reported in the government-wide financial statements.

Fund equity: In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54 – Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, the County classifies governmental fund balance as follows:

- **Nonspendable** – Includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because they are not in spendable form or because legal or contractual requirements require them to be maintained intact.
- **Restricted** – Consists of fund balances with constraints placed on their use either by 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- **Committed** – Includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the government through formal action of the highest level of decision making authority. Fund balance amounts are committed through a formal action (ordinance, resolution, motion) of the County. This formal action must occur prior to the end of the reporting period, but the amount of the commitment, which will be subject to the constraints, may be determined in the subsequent period. Any changes to the constraints imposed require the same formal action of the County that originally created the commitment.
- **Assigned** – Includes spendable fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are not considered restricted or committed. Fund balance may be assigned through the following; 1) the County has adopted a financial policy authorizing the County Administrator to assign amounts for a specific purpose. 2) All remaining positive spendable amounts in governmental funds, other than the general fund, that are neither restricted nor committed. Assignments may take place after the reporting period.
- **Unassigned** – Includes residual positive fund balance within the general fund which has not been classified within the other above mentioned categories. Unassigned fund balance may also include negative balances for any governmental fund if expenditures exceed amounts restricted, committed or assigned for those purposes.

The County has adopted a fund balance policy for all governmental funds as follows: General Fund unassigned fund balance is to exceed 15% of annual operating expenses; Secondary Roads Fund restricted fund balances is to be between 5% and 10% of annual operating expenses; Mental Health / Developmental Disabilities Fund is to be between 5% and 10% of annual operating expenses; Debt Service Fund is to exceed a \$25,000 minimum balance and Rural Services Fund is to exceed \$25,000 minimum balance. As of June 30, 2012, the Secondary Roads Fund and the Mental Health / Developmental Disabilities Fund had fund balance restrictions at 34% and 2%, respectively. The Secondary Roads Fund exceeded the policy for a planned fiscal year 2014 275th Street repaving project and similar projects. The Mental Health / Developmental Disabilities Fund was below the policy level due to the required Medicaid expenditures exceeding state funding appropriations.

County of Scott, Iowa

Notes To Basic Financial Statements
As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2012

Note 1. Nature of Operations, Financial Reporting Entity, Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Net assets: Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt, consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt, excludes unspent debt proceeds. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use through enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Unrestricted net assets are all other net assets that do not meet the definitions of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt".

The County first applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available unless there are legal documents / contracts that prohibit doing this, such as in grant agreements requiring dollar for dollar spending. Additionally, the County would first use committed, then assigned and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made.

Bond discounts, premiums and issue costs: In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond discounts and premiums, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond discounts and premiums, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses while premiums on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Budgetary information: Budgets are prepared using the same accounting basis and practices as are used to account for and prepare financial reports for the funds; thus, budgets presented in this report for comparison to actual amounts are presented in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The County uses the following procedures when establishing their operational budget:

Prior to January 15, each County Officer and department submits budget estimates for the coming fiscal year to the Director of Budget and Information Processing. The Budget Manager compiles the budget estimates received from the officers and departments. The County Administrator presents them to the County Board prior to the end of January.

- Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- Prior to March 15, the budget is legally adopted by resolution of the County Board.
- The budget may be amended by majority approval of the County Board prior to May 31 after public notice has been published.
- Encumbrances are not recognized in the budget and appropriations lapse at year-end.

County of Scott, Iowa

Notes To Basic Financial Statements
As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2012

Note 1. Nature of Operations, Financial Reporting Entity, Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The legal level of control is at the program expenditure level. These seven classes are: public safety and legal services, physical health and social services, mental health, County environment and education, roads and transportation, governmental services to residents and administration.

In addition, the County Board must appropriate, by resolution, the budgets for each of the different County offices and departments. Emphasis is placed on monitoring budgets at the departmental level by major class of expenditures, rather than by line item expenditure. County management can approve budget shifts within the major classes but not between major classes. During the year, there were two budget amendments adopted in March 2012 and May 2012.

Use of estimates: The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Note 2. Deficit Net Assets

The Glynn's Creek Golf Course Enterprise Fund had a net asset deficit of \$2,221,267 as of June 30, 2012. The deficit is expected to be eliminated through future earnings of the golf course.

Note 3. Deposits and Investments

As of June 30, 2012, the County's cash and investments were as follows:

Cash on hand and deposits with financial institutions	\$ 27,558,701
Cash on hand and deposits with financial institutions, discretely presented component units	3,768,091
Cash on hand and deposits with financial institutions, agency funds	9,050,921
	<u>\$ 40,377,713</u>

Interest rate risk: Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in the market interest rate will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. In accordance with the County's investment policy, portfolio maturities shall be staggered in a way that avoids undue concentration of assets in a specific maturity sector. Maturities shall be selected which provide stability of income and reasonable liquidity.

As of June 30, 2012, the County did not have any investments subject to interest rate risk.

Credit risk: Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The County is authorized by statute to invest in U.S. government and agency obligations, perfected repurchase agreements and commercial paper rated within the two highest prime classifications by at least one of the standard rating services. The County's investment policy does limit them from investing in reverse repurchase agreements, futures and options contracts, inverse floaters, and stripped securities, including principal only and interest only strips.

As of June 30, 2012, the County did not have any investments subject to credit risk.

County of Scott, Iowa

Notes To Basic Financial Statements
As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2012

Note 3. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Custodial credit risk: For deposits, this is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the County's deposits may not be returned to it. For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the County will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa requires all County funds be deposited into an approved depository and be either insured or collateralized. As of June 30, 2012, the County did not have any investments exposed to custodial credit risk. There were no deposits exposed to custodial credit risk.

Note 4. Interfund Account Balances

Advances from and to other funds as of June 30, 2012 were as follows:

	Advances To Other Funds	Advances From Other Funds
General Fund	\$ 4,041,594	\$ -
Glynns Creek Golf Course Enterprise Fund	-	4,041,594
	<u>\$ 4,041,594</u>	<u>\$ 4,041,594</u>

Advances include interfund loans for annual operating costs. Any excess funds generated by the golf course are used to repay this advance. Of the balance reported, \$4,041,594 is considered to be non-current.

Note 5. Interfund Transfers

The following is a schedule of interfund transfers:

	Transfers In	Transfers Out
Governmental activities:		
Major governmental funds:		
General	\$ -	\$ 2,693,097
Secondary roads	2,743,000	-
Nonmajor governmental funds:		
Capital projects	1,858,539	-
Rural services	-	2,061,118
Recorders management fees	-	60,215
Total governmental activities	<u>4,601,539</u>	<u>4,814,430</u>
Business -Type Activities		
Nonmajor Enterprise fund:		
Golf-Course	212,891	-
Total Transfers	<u>\$ 4,814,430</u>	<u>\$ 4,814,430</u>

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them or (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

County of Scott, Iowa

Notes To Basic Financial Statements
As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2012

Note 6. Note Receivable

The County issued a note to Greater Davenport Redevelopment Corporation (GDRC) for the purpose of funding operating expenses. During 2008, the County modified the agreement, which increased the principal amount to \$116,175 and decreased the interest rate to 0 percent. The note is due upon the sale or conveyance by GDRC of any lot or parcel at a rate of \$688.75 per acre sold. As of June 30, 2012, the outstanding balance was \$81,428 and there are approximately 119 acres to be sold.

Scott County has entered into a subordination agreement with Wells Fargo in regards to the GDRC note. This subordination agreement states that if GDRC defaults on their loan of \$400,000 with Wells Fargo, the County will be unable to collect the \$81,428 note receivable; therefore, the note receivable has been presented as a noncurrent asset.

Note 7. Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2012:

Governmental Activities	Balance June 30, 2011	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2012
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 4,394,059	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,394,059
Construction in progress	4,421,553	1,450,434	(4,405,370)	1,466,617
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	8,815,612	1,450,434	(4,405,370)	5,860,676
Capital assets being depreciated				
Buildings	66,695,806	1,222,306	-	67,918,112
Improvements other than buildings	4,946,414	18,273	-	4,964,687
Infrastructure	88,224,817	3,117,912	-	91,342,729
Machinery and equipment	16,095,856	2,177,646	(1,717,052)	16,556,450
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	175,962,893	6,536,137	(1,717,052)	180,781,978
Less: accumulated depreciation for				
Buildings	23,353,824	2,416,302	-	25,770,126
Improvements other than buildings	1,469,806	270,359	-	1,740,165
Infrastructure	51,475,163	3,654,766	-	55,129,929
Machinery and equipment	11,288,022	1,189,027	(1,364,438)	11,112,611
Total Accumulated Depreciation	87,586,815	7,530,454	(1,364,438)	93,752,831
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciation	88,376,078	(994,317)	(352,614)	87,029,147
Total Governmental Activities				
Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation	\$ 97,191,690	\$ 456,117	\$ (4,757,984)	\$ 92,889,823

County of Scott, Iowa

Notes To Basic Financial Statements
As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2012

Note 7. Capital Assets (Continued)

Business-Type Activities	Balance June 30, 2011	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2012
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 1,556,336	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,556,336
Construction in progress	-	23,872	-	23,872
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	<u>1,556,336</u>	<u>23,872</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,580,208</u>
Capital assets being depreciated				
Buildings	506,490	-	-	506,490
Improvements other than buildings	663,428	-	-	663,428
Infrastructure	62,374	-	-	62,374
Machinery and equipment	1,223,711	34,536	(188,264)	1,069,983
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	<u>2,456,003</u>	<u>34,536</u>	<u>(188,264)</u>	<u>2,302,275</u>
Less: accumulated depreciation for				
Buildings	185,220	10,130	-	195,350
Improvements other than buildings	592,029	12,376	-	604,405
Infrastructure	62,374	-	-	62,374
Machinery and equipment	946,901	35,035	(188,264)	793,672
Total Accumulated Depreciation	<u>1,786,524</u>	<u>57,541</u>	<u>(188,264)</u>	<u>1,655,801</u>
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciation	<u>669,479</u>	<u>(23,005)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>646,474</u>
Business-Type Activities				
Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation	<u>\$ 2,225,815</u>	<u>\$ 867</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 2,226,682</u>

A summary of the changes in capital assets of the discretely presented component units is as follows:

Discretely Presented Component Units	Balance June 30, 2011	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2012
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 16,600	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 16,600
Construction in progress	10,947,315	558,500	(8,662,830)	2,842,985
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	<u>10,963,915</u>	<u>558,500</u>	<u>(8,662,830)</u>	<u>2,859,585</u>
Capital assets being depreciated				
Buildings	1,297,266	7,727,487	(165,400)	8,859,353
Machinery and equipment	12,766,476	1,413,657	-	14,180,133
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	<u>14,063,742</u>	<u>9,141,144</u>	<u>(165,400)</u>	<u>23,039,486</u>
Less: accumulated depreciation for				
Buildings	280,339	185,036	(63,384)	401,991
Machinery and equipment	779,592	1,429,707	-	2,209,299
Total Accumulated Depreciation	<u>1,059,931</u>	<u>1,614,743</u>	<u>(63,384)</u>	<u>2,611,290</u>
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciation	<u>13,003,811</u>	<u>7,526,401</u>	<u>(102,016)</u>	<u>20,428,196</u>
Total Governmental Activities				
Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation	<u>\$ 23,967,726</u>	<u>\$ 8,084,901</u>	<u>\$ (8,764,846)</u>	<u>\$ 23,287,781</u>

County of Scott, Iowa

Notes To Basic Financial Statements
As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2012

Note 7. Capital Assets (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to the functions of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities:

Public safety and legal services	\$ 1,372,456
Physical health and social services	22,871
Mental health	49,026
County environment and education	678,311
Roads and transportation	4,074,015
Governmental services to residents	64,036
Administration	1,269,739
Total Governmental Activities Depreciation Expense	\$ 7,530,454

Business-Type activities, golf course	<u>\$ 57,541</u>
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Note 8. Long-Term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2012:

	Balance June 30, 2011	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2012	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:					
General obligation bonds	\$ 15,660,000	\$ -	\$ 1,580,000	\$ 14,080,000	\$ 1,625,000
Add deferred amount for:					
Premium	55,824	-	9,573	46,251	-
Subtotal for general obligation bonds	<u>15,715,824</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,589,573</u>	<u>14,126,251</u>	<u>1,625,000</u>
Other Liabilities:					
Compensated absences	2,774,229	1,346,629	1,338,672	2,782,186	1,488,482
Other post employment benefits	294,352	159,936	104,094	350,194	-
Capital lease	22,410,000	-	1,200,000	21,210,000	1,245,000
Claims payable	<u>1,080,849</u>	<u>5,553,562</u>	<u>5,744,891</u>	<u>889,520</u>	<u>739,520</u>
Total Governmental Activities Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 42,275,254	\$ 7,060,127	\$ 9,977,230	\$ 39,358,151	\$ 5,098,002
	Balance	Additions	Retirements	Balance	Due Within
	June 30, 2011			June 30, 2012	One Year
Business-Type Activities:					
Purchase contract	\$ 585,000	\$ -	\$ 585,000	\$ -	\$ -
Compensated absences	45,125	19,165	16,878	47,412	12,793
	<u>\$ 630,125</u>	<u>\$ 19,165</u>	<u>\$ 601,878</u>	<u>\$ 47,412</u>	<u>\$ 12,793</u>

County of Scott, Iowa

Notes To Basic Financial Statements
As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2012

Note 8. Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

	Balance June 30, 2011	Additions	Retirements	Balance June 30, 2012	Due Within One Year
Discretely Presented Component					
Units Activities:					
Revenue bonds	\$ 22,410,000	\$ -	\$ 1,200,000	\$ 21,210,000	\$ 1,245,000
Subtract deferral amounts for:					
Discount	(179,434)	-	(21,550)	(157,884)	-
Subtotal for revenues bonds	<u>22,230,566</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,178,450</u>	<u>21,052,116</u>	<u>1,245,000</u>
Notes payable	10,551,163	-	451,240	10,099,923	461,240
Subtract deferral amounts for:					
Discount	(79,718)	-	(6,725)	(72,993)	-
Subtotal for notes payable	<u>10,471,445</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>444,515</u>	<u>10,026,930</u>	<u>461,240</u>
Other Liabilities:					
Compensated absences	239,061	143,912	134,143	248,830	156,283
Other post employment benefits	<u>2,601</u>	<u>1,414</u>	<u>920</u>	<u>3,095</u>	<u>-</u>
Total Discretely Presented Component					
Units Long-Term Liabilities	<u>\$ 32,943,673</u>	<u>\$ 145,326</u>	<u>\$ 1,758,028</u>	<u>\$ 31,330,971</u>	<u>\$ 1,862,523</u>

General obligation bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2012 consist of \$1,370,000 of solid waste refunding bonds with interest rates ranging from 3.6 percent to 3.8 percent, \$1,115,000 of general obligation geographic information systems bonds with interest at rates ranging from 4.0 percent to 4.1 percent, \$9,560,000 of general obligation emergency equipment bonds with interest at rates ranging from 1.5 percent to 5.8 percent, and \$2,035,000 of urban renewal refunding bonds with interest at rates ranging from 2.5 percent to 3.0%

On March 1, 2007, Scott County issued \$3,685,000 in General Obligation County Solid Waste Disposal Refunding Bonds, Series 2007A to refund \$3,645,000 of outstanding Scott Area Solid Waste Management Commission Solid Waste Disposal Revenue Bond, Series 1995. The bonds are due in annual installments of \$280,000 to \$555,000 through 2015 at interest rates from 3.6 percent to 3.8 percent.

On July 13, 2006, the County issued \$2,500,000 in General Obligation Geographic Information System Bonds, Series 2006A. The bonds were issued to finance improvements to the County's Geographic Information System and related costs. The bonds are due in annual installments of \$215,000 to \$290,000 through 2016 at interest rates from 4.0 percent to 4.1 percent.

On December 17, 2009, the County issued \$10,445,000 in General Obligation Emergency Equipment Bonds, Series 2009A. The bonds were issued to finance the acquisition of emergency equipment and related costs. The bonds are due in annual installments of \$440,000 to \$720,000 through 2029 at interest rates from 1.5 percent to 5.8 percent.

On December 17, 2009, Scott County issued \$2,755,000 in General Obligation Urban Renewal Refunding Bonds, Series 2009B with interest rates ranging from 2.5 percent to 3.0 percent to refund \$2,745,000 of outstanding General Obligation Urban Renewal Bond, Series 2002A, with interest rates ranging from 2.3 percent to 4.6 percent.

County of Scott, Iowa

Notes To Basic Financial Statements
As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2012

Note 8. Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

The debt service requirements on the bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2012 are as follows:

<u>Year Ending June 30</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2013	\$ 1,625,000	\$ 616,560	\$ 2,241,560
2014	1,685,000	565,348	2,250,348
2015	1,440,000	506,965	1,946,965
2016	1,195,000	456,325	1,651,325
2017	925,000	412,430	1,337,430
2018-2022	2,665,000	1,654,610	4,319,610
2023-2027	3,130,000	932,175	4,062,175
2028-2029	1,415,000	123,135	1,538,135
Total	<u>\$ 14,080,000</u>	<u>\$ 5,267,548</u>	<u>\$ 19,347,548</u>

On February 13, 2006, the Public Safety Authority, a discretely presented component unit, issued \$29,700,000 Jail Facilities Revenue Bonds, Series 2006. The bonds were issued for the purpose of building a new jail facility. The bonds were issued with interest rates ranging from 3.75 percent to 4.375 percent.

The debt service requirements on the revenue bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2012 are as follows:

<u>Year Ending June 30</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2013	\$ 1,245,000	\$ 877,305	\$ 2,122,305
2014	1,300,000	827,505	2,127,505
2015	1,350,000	775,505	2,125,505
2016	1,410,000	721,505	2,131,505
2017	1,470,000	665,105	2,135,105
2018-2022	8,400,000	2,381,638	10,781,638
2023-2025	6,035,000	530,741	6,565,741
Total	<u>\$ 21,210,000</u>	<u>\$ 6,779,304</u>	<u>\$ 27,989,304</u>

The County has pledged as security for bonds issued by the Public Safety Authority, a portion of the County's property taxes. The bonds issued by the Public Safety Authority in February 2006 in the amount of \$29,700,000 for the purpose of renovation and construction additions to existing jail facilities are payable through 2025. The County has committed to appropriate each year, from the property taxes, amount sufficient to cover the principal and interest requirements on the Public Safety Authority's debt. The Public Safety Authority has pledged as sole security for the bonds the appropriation from the County. Annual principal and interest payment on the bonds are expected to require 100% of lease payments received. Total principal and interest remaining on the debt is \$27,989,304 with annual requirements ranging from \$2,122,305 to \$2,197,094. Property taxes, from which the appropriations will be made, have been equal to the principal and interest amount owed per year. For the current year, principal and interest paid by the Public Safety Authority and the total property taxes recognized by the County were \$2,125,305 each.

On March 14, 2006, the County entered into a Capital Lease Agreement (the "Agreement") with the Public Safety Authority ("PSA"), to lease the above mentioned jail facility.

County of Scott, Iowa

Notes To Basic Financial Statements
As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2012

Note 8. Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

The Agreement commenced on March 23, 2006 and terminates on May 26, 2025 (the date at which all rental payments have been made). The rental payments as outlined in the agreement are set at a level to meet the revenue bond principal and interest payments of the PSA. The Agreement further requires the County to pay all trustee fees, maintenance costs, taxes and utility charges of the facility. The County plans to fund its payments with a property tax levy. As of June 30, 2012, the County recognized a liability of \$21,210,000.

A schedule of annual principal and interest payments under this agreement at the end of each year is as follows:

<u>Year Ending June 30</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total Payment</u>
2013	\$ 1,245,000	\$ 877,305	\$ 2,122,305
2014	1,300,000	827,505	2,127,505
2015	1,350,000	775,505	2,125,505
2016	1,410,000	721,505	2,131,505
2017	1,470,000	665,105	2,135,105
2018-2022	8,400,000	2,381,638	10,781,638
2023-2025	6,035,000	530,741	6,565,741
Total	<u><u>\$ 21,210,000</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 6,779,304</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 27,989,304</u></u>

Compensated absences and claims payable attributable to governmental activities are generally liquidated by the General Fund.

The computation of the County's legal margin as of June 30, 2012 is as follows:

2010 assessed valuation	\$ 11,926,691,800
Less military exemption	(18,057,748)
Total assessed value	<u><u>\$ 11,908,634,052</u></u>
Debt limit, 5% of assessed valuation (Iowa statutory limitation)	\$ 595,431,703
Total amount of debt applicable to debt margin	(35,290,000)
Legal debt margin	<u><u>\$ 560,141,703</u></u>

In May 1990, the County entered into an agreement to lease certain land of the County to a golf course developer. The agreement, which expires April 30, 2030, required the developer to make a one-time payment to the County of \$10 and to make deposits into various escrow accounts to pay for the construction of the golf course on the leased ground.

Simultaneously, the County entered into a lease purchase contract with the developer for the acquisition of the golf course. This agreement was to provide the financing for the project. The final agreement (as refinanced in 1993) between the County and Boatmen's Trust Company requires the County to make varying semiannual rental payments through May 1, 2013. The terms of the lease purchase contract provide that should the County fail to make an annual appropriation for any year before the beginning of that year in an amount sufficient, together with amounts budgeted to be available for such purpose in the Enterprise Fund, for the scheduled payments coming due during that year, the agreement shall terminate as of the beginning of that year.

County of Scott, Iowa

**Notes To Basic Financial Statements
As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2012**

Note 8. Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

The County may at any time during this agreement pay the total prepayment price at which time the land lease is canceled. During the fiscal year 2012, the county paid the remaining prepayment price of \$300,000 and the agreement was retired.

On November 2, 2009, the City of Davenport issued \$10,125,000 General Obligation Communication Building Bonds, Series 2009C on behalf of the SECC. The bonds were issued for the purpose of building a new communications and emergency operations center. The bonds were issued with interest rates ranging from 2.0 percent to 5.8 percent. The SECC has issued a note payable to the City of Davenport with terms for repayment identical to the bonds.

During 2010, the SECC acquired equipment from the City of Davenport by issuing a note payable with no interest to the City in the amount of \$862,403 payable in equal annual installments from 2011 through 2020.

The debt service requirements on the notes payable outstanding as of June 30, 2012 are as follows:

Year Ending June 30	City of Davenport SECC Note			City of Davenport GO Note		
	Total	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest
2013	\$ 86,240	\$ 86,240	\$ -	\$ 828,268	\$ 375,000	\$ 453,268
2014	86,240	86,240	-	833,892	390,000	443,892
2015	86,240	86,240	-	837,192	405,000	432,192
2016	86,240	86,240	-	838,828	420,000	418,828
2017	86,240	86,240	-	843,078	440,000	403,078
2018-2022	258,723	258,723	-	4,246,337	2,535,000	1,711,337
2023-2027	-	-	-	4,291,990	3,285,000	1,006,990
2028-2029	-	-	-	1,695,825	1,560,000	135,825
Total	\$ 689,923	\$ 689,923	\$ -	\$ 14,415,410	\$ 9,410,000	\$ 5,005,410

Note 9. Retirement System

The County and its component units contribute to the Iowa Public Employees Retirement System (IPERS) which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the state of Iowa. IPERS provides retirement and death benefits which are established by state statute to plan members and beneficiaries. IPERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to IPERS, P.O. Box 9117, Des Moines, Iowa 50306-9117.

Plan members are required to contribute 5.38 percent of their annual covered salary and the County is required to contribute 8.07 percent of annual covered payroll, except for sheriff deputies, in which case the percentages are 9.83 percent and 9.83 percent, respectively and conservation peace officers, in which case the percentages are 6.65 percent and 9.97 percent, respectively. Contribution requirements are established by state statute. The County's contributions to IPERS for the years ended June 30, 2012, 2011 and 2010 were \$2,299,215, \$1,985,400, and \$1,696,095, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

County of Scott, Iowa

**Notes To Basic Financial Statements
As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2012**

Note 10. Other Postemployment Benefits

Plan description: The County sponsors a single-employer health care plan that provides medical, prescription drugs, dental and vision benefits to all active and retired employees and their eligible dependents. Sheriff's deputies must be a minimum of age 50 with 22 or more years of service to be eligible for retiree benefits. All other employees must be a minimum of age 55 with 20 or more years of service to be eligible for retiree benefits. Eligibility requirements under IPERS is summarized as follows: Normal Retirement -a) General Employees -age 65, any age when age plus years of service equal or exceed 88 with a minimum age of 55, or age 62 with 20 years of service, b) Sheriffs and Deputies -age 55 or age 50 with 22 years of service. The plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report.

Funding policy: The health insurance plan contributions on behalf of employees are negotiated by management and the union and governed by the County's union contracts. Employees pay all or a portion of the premium in excess of the full single rate premium. The current funding policy of the County is to pay health claims as they occur.

The required contribution is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing. For fiscal year 2012, the County contributed \$105,014. Retiree and active members receiving benefits have required monthly contributions of:

	Single	Family
Health	\$ 443	\$ 1,207
Dental	28	85
Vision	6	13

Annual OPEB cost and net OPEB obligation: The County's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC) of the employer, an amount actuarially determined in accordance to the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover the normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities over a period not to exceed 30 years. The following table shows the components of the County's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actuarially contributed to the plan and changes in the County's annual OPEB obligation:

Annual required contribution	\$ 166,216
Interest on net OPEB obligation	13,363
Adjustment to annual required contribution	(18,229)
Annual OPEB cost	161,350
Contributions and payments made	(105,014)
Increase in net OPEB obligation	56,336
Net OPEB obligation - beginning of year	296,953
Net OPEB obligation - end of year	\$ 353,289

County of Scott, Iowa

**Notes To Basic Financial Statements
As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2012**

Note 10. Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

The County's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan and the net OPEB obligations for the current year and the preceding year were as follows:

Year Ending June 30	Annual OPEB Cost	Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation
2010	\$ 181,561	44.4%	\$ 197,126
2011	162,985	38.8%	296,953
2012	161,349	65.1%	353,289

Funded status and funding progress: As of January 1, 2011, the most recent valuation date, the plan was 0 percent funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$1,473,922 and the actuarial value of assets is none resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UML) of \$1,473,922. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$23,130,003 and the ratio of the UML to the covered payroll was 6.4 percent.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality and the health care cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents only the initial year trend information.

Actuarial methods and assumptions: Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and included in the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the January 1, 2011 actuarial valuation, projected unit credit method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 4.5 percent investment rate of return, salary increases of 3 percent, health care cost trend rates of: 8 percent for year 1, 7 percent for year 2, 6 percent for year 3 and 5 percent for year 4 and beyond; mortality rates using the 2001 CSO Mortality Table, retiree participation rate of 90 percent, an initial spouse participation rate of 50 percent and turnover rates based on Scale T-8 of the Actuary's Pension Handbook. The UML is being amortized as a level dollar amount on an open basis. The amortization of UML is done over a period of 30 years.

County of Scott, Iowa

**Notes To Basic Financial Statements
As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2012**

Note 11. Risk Management and Insurance

The County is self-insured for general and automobile liability, property and workers' compensation claims. This activity is accounted for within the County's General Fund. Charges were made to the operating funds based upon actual claims, historical claim experience and estimated claims incurred and not yet reported for general and automobile liability, property and worker's compensation. Unemployment claims were charged quarterly to the applicable funds based upon actual claims as assessed by the state. Claim settlement and loss expenses are accrued in the General Fund for the estimated settlement value of general, automobile liability, property and workers' compensation claims reported and unreported arising from incidents during the year except for the long-term portion of such estimated claim settlements which are recorded in the government-wide statements until amounts are due and spendable resources become available to liquidate such liabilities.

Self-insurance is in effect up to a stop loss amount of approximately \$300,000 per claim for general and automobile liability, \$100,000 per claim for property and \$500,000 per claim for workers' compensation. Coverage from a private insurance company is maintained for losses in excess of the aggregate stop loss amount with \$10,000,000 maximum coverage on general and automobile liability, \$98,379,456 maximum coverage on property and \$2,000,000 maximum coverage on workers' compensation. Settled claims have not exceeded the commercial coverage in any of the past three years. All claims handling procedures are performed by the County.

The County is self insured for health and dental care of its employees. This activity is accounted for within the County's Internal Service Fund. Charges were made to the operating funds based upon estimated premium equivalency amounts.

Self-insurance is in effect up to a stop loss amount of approximately \$125,000 per claim for health care. Coverage from a private insurance company is maintained for losses in excess of the aggregate stop loss amount of 125% of total claims. Settled individual claims have exceeded the commercial coverage in fiscal year 2012.

As of June 30, 2012, the amount of liabilities recorded for estimated claim settlements for general, automobile, property and workers' compensation liability claims was \$398,656 of which \$11,347 was recorded in the General Fund. The County has assigned \$398,656 of General Fund balance for payment of future claims liability.

County of Scott, Iowa

Notes To Basic Financial Statements
As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2012

Note 11. Risk Management and Insurance (Continued)

The changes in the aggregate liabilities for general, automobile, property and workers' compensation liability claims are as follows:

	2012	2011
Claims payable, beginning of year	\$ 694,052	\$ 522,397
Claims expense and change in reserve	825,904	1,036,718
Claims payments	(1,121,300)	(865,063)
Claims payable, end of year	<u>\$ 398,656</u>	<u>\$ 694,052</u>

The changes in the aggregate liabilities for health care and dental claims are as follows:

	2012	2011
Claims payable, beginning of year	\$ 386,796	\$ 317,041
Claims expense and change in reserve	4,727,632	3,979,963
Claims payments	(4,623,591)	(3,910,208)
Claims payable, end of year	<u>\$ 490,837</u>	<u>\$ 386,796</u>

The Emergency Management Agency, County Library, and Public Safety Authority and Scott Emergency Communication Center component units of the County have transferred risk by purchasing commercial insurance. Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Note 12. Conduit Debt Obligations

From time to time, the County has issued revenue bonds to provide financial assistance to private sector entities for the acquisition and construction of industrial and commercial facilities deemed to be in the public interest. The bonds are secured by the property financed and are payable solely from payments received on the underlying mortgage loans. Upon repayment of the bonds, ownership of the acquired facilities transfers to the private sector entity served by the bond issuance. Neither the County, the state, nor any political subdivision, thereof, is obligated in any manner for repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements.

As of June 30, 2012, there were two series of revenue bonds outstanding. The aggregate principal balance of the revenue bonds outstanding is \$14,315,000.

County of Scott, Iowa

**Notes To Basic Financial Statements
As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2012**

Note 13. Scott Area Solid Waste Management Commission Agreement

In June 1995, the County issued \$7,100,000 in General Obligation County Solid Waste Disposal Bonds for which the County pledged its full faith and credit and power to levy direct general ad valorem taxes without limit as to rate or amount. On March 1, 2007, Scott County issued \$3,685,000 in General Obligation County Solid Waste Disposal Refunding Bonds, Series 2007A to refund \$3,645,000 of outstanding Scott Area Solid Waste Management Commission Solid Waste Disposal Revenue Bond, Series 1995. The net proceeds were used to call the Series 1995 Bonds. The total amount of the bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2012 is \$1,370,000.

The County loaned the proceeds from the sale of the bonds to the Scott Area Solid Waste Management Commission ("the Commission") for the acquisition, construction and equipping of a material recovery system, recovery facility and a new landfill ("the Project") pursuant to the Financing Agreement by and between the County and the Commission. To obligate itself under the Financing Agreement, the Commission issued a \$7,100,000 Solid Waste Disposal Revenue Bond to the County pursuant to a resolution dated April 11, 1995. The repayment of the Revenue Bond corresponds to the payment of the Bonds by the County and \$1,370,000 remains outstanding as of June 30, 2012.

Under the terms of the Financing Agreement, dated April 11, 1995, the Commission is obligated to establish rates, charges and fees sufficient to pay the cost of operations and maintenance of the Project and to leave net revenues sufficient to pay the semiannual debt service requirements of the bonds. In the event that net revenues are insufficient to pay 100 percent of the debt service on the bonds, the Commission is obligated to pay the County from other funds it has legally available, including the Reserve Fund, which is equal to the maximum annual debt service requirement on the bonds due in any remaining fiscal year. If the Commission does not have sufficient funds to pay 100 percent of the debt service on the bonds when due, the County is obligated to pay such deficiency from and of its funds legally available. Any amounts which are paid by the County for debt service payments on the bonds must be reimbursed by the Commission out of future net revenues of the Project or other Commission funds which become available.

In the event future net revenues or other Commission funds are insufficient to repay the County, each of the Members of the Commission have obligated itself to repay the County its pro rata share of the deficiency from rates imposed on each property within its jurisdiction. The Financing Agreement may not be terminated so long as the bonds are outstanding.

Financial statements of the Commission may be obtained by contacting Scott Area Solid Waste Commission, 11555 110th Avenue, Davenport, Iowa 52804.

County of Scott, Iowa

**Notes To Basic Financial Statements
As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2012**

Note 14. Fund Balances

Governmental fund balances reported on the fund financial statements at June 30, 2012 are:

	General	Mental Health/ Development Disability	Secondary Roads	Debt Service	Nonmajor Governmental	Total
Fund Balances (Deficit):						
Nonspendable						
Advances	\$ 4,041,594	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,041,594
Notes receivable	81,428	-	-	-	-	81,428
Prepays	109,906	-	-	-	-	109,906
Subtotal Nonspendable	<u>4,232,928</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>4,232,928</u>
Restricted						
Debt Service	-	-	-	2,053,084	-	2,053,084
County conservation						
sew age treatment	212,459	-	-	-	-	212,459
Capital projects	-	-	-	-	1,252,027	1,252,027
Secondary Roads	-	-	1,839,278	-	-	1,839,278
Rural services	-	-	-	-	70,995	70,995
Other statutory programs	786,943	343,637	-	-	-	1,130,580
Subtotal Restricted	<u>999,402</u>	<u>343,637</u>	<u>1,839,278</u>	<u>2,053,084</u>	<u>1,323,022</u>	<u>6,558,423</u>
Committed						
Records management fee	-	-	-	-	48,418	48,418
Assigned						
Capital projects	1,500,000	-	-	-	2,578,797	4,078,797
Claim liabilities	398,656	-	-	-	-	398,656
Health claim liability	340,000	-	-	-	-	340,000
Future budgetary reduction	560,257	-	-	-	-	560,257
Subtotal Assigned	<u>2,798,913</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,578,797</u>	<u>5,377,710</u>
Unassigned (Deficit)	<u>9,477,799</u>	<u>(75,318)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>9,402,481</u>
Total Fund Balances	<u>\$ 17,509,042</u>	<u>\$ 268,319</u>	<u>\$ 1,839,278</u>	<u>\$ 2,053,084</u>	<u>\$ 3,950,237</u>	<u>\$ 25,619,960</u>

Note 15. Litigation

The County is a defendant in several claims and lawsuits. In the opinion of the County Attorney and management, the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the future financial statements of the County.

Note 16. Commitments and Contingency

The County has financial commitments relating to renovation projects that are estimated to be approximately \$1,346,368.

The County has received federal and state grants for specific programs that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Such audits could lead to requests for reimbursement to the grantor agency for expenditures disallowed under terms of the grants. Management believes such disallowances, if any, would be immaterial.

County of Scott, Iowa

**Notes To Basic Financial Statements
As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2012**

Note 17. Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued the following statement not yet implemented by the County. The Statements which may impact the County are as follows:

- GASB Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus – an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34*, issued November 2010, will be effective for the County beginning with its year ending June 30, 2013. This Statement is intended to improve financial reporting for a governmental financial reporting entity. It amends Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, and Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements – and Management’s Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments*. The Statement modifies certain requirements for inclusion of component units in the financial reporting entity and amends the criteria for reporting component units as if they were part of the primary government. The Statement also clarifies the reporting of equity interests in legally separate organizations.
- GASB Statement No. 62, *Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements*, issued December 2010, will be effective for the County beginning with its year ending June 30, 2013. This Statement is intended to incorporate into the GASB’s authoritative literature certain accounting and financial reporting guidance that is included in pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, which do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. This Statement also supersedes Statement No. 20, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting*.
- GASB Statement No. 63, *Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position*, issued in June 2011, will be effective for the County beginning with its year ending June 30, 2013. This statement establishes guidance for reporting deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, and renames net assets to net position in a statement of financial position.

County of Scott, Iowa

Notes To Basic Financial Statements
As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2012

Note 17. Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements (Continued)

- GASB Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*, issued March 2012, will be effective for the County beginning with its year ending June 30, 2014. This statement establishes accounting and financial reporting standards that reclassify, as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities and recognizes, as outflows or inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities. This statement also provides other financial reporting guidance related to the impact of the financial statement elements deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, such as changes in the determination of the major fund calculations and limiting the use of the term deferred in financial statement presentations.
- GASB Statement No. 66, *Technical Corrections - 2012- an amendment of GASB statement No. 10 and No. 62.*, issued March 2012, will be effective for the County beginning with its year ending June 30, 2014. This statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting for a governmental financial reporting entity by resolving conflicting guidance that resulted from the issuance of two pronouncements, Statements No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, and No. 62, *Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASDB and AICPA Pronouncements*.
- GASB Statement No. 67, *Financial Reporting for Pension Plans – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 25*, issued June 2012, will be effective for the County beginning with its year ending June 30, 2015. This statement will improve financial reporting by state and local governmental pension plans. The statement establishes accounting and financial reporting requirements related to pension for governments whose employees are provided with pension through pension plans that are within the scope of the statement.
- GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27*, issued June 2012, will be effective for the County beginning with its year ending June 30, 2015. This statement will improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for pensions. It also improves information provided by state and local governmental employers about financial support for pension this is provided by other entities.

The County's management has not yet determined the effect these GASB statements will have on the County's future financial statements.

County of Scott, Iowa

Required Supplementary Information
 Other Postemployment Benefit Plan
 As of and For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Net Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (b)	Unfunded AAL (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll [(b-a) / c]
1/1/2009	\$ -	\$ 1,770,912	\$ 1,770,912	0.00%	\$ 20,080,910	8.82%
1/1/2011	-	1,473,922	1,473,922	0.00%	23,130,003	6.37%

The information presented in the required supplementary schedules was determined as part of the actuarial valuation date as of January 1, 2011. Additional information follows:

- a. The cost method used to determine the ARC is the Projected Unit Credit Actuarial Cost method.
- b. There are no plan assets.
- c. The actuarial assumptions included: 1) 4.5 percent investment rate of return, 2) salary increases of 3 percent, 3) health care cost trend rates of: 8 percent for year 1, 7 percent for year 2, 6 percent for year 3 and 5 percent for year 4 and beyond, 4) mortality rates using the 2001 CSO Mortality Table, 5) retiree participation rate of 90 percent, 6) an initial spouse participation rate of 50 percent and 7) turnover rates based on Scale T-8 of the Actuary's Pension Handbook.
- d. The amortization method is level dollar amount on an open basis.

See Independent Auditors' Report and Note to Required Supplementary Information.

County of Scott, Iowa

Required Supplementary Information
 Budgetary Comparison Schedule
 All Governmental Funds
 For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Budget		Governmental Fund Types Actual	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
	Original	Final		
Revenues:				
Property taxes	\$ 45,222,869	\$ 45,166,456	\$ 44,978,360	\$ (188,096)
Local option sales tax	3,863,575	4,052,754	4,052,754	-
Other taxes	2,326,018	2,277,678	2,290,508	12,830
Interest and penalties on taxes	790,000	780,000	789,143	9,143
Intergovernmental	20,901,088	20,205,287	20,249,187	43,900
Charges for services	4,859,826	4,970,053	5,463,131	493,078
Investment earnings	140,000	160,000	152,193	(7,807)
Licenses and permits	547,320	618,654	653,400	34,746
Rentals and fees	208,421	202,171	222,959	20,788
Other	657,971	641,704	936,480	294,776
Total revenues	79,517,088	79,074,757	79,788,115	713,358
Expenditures				
Current:				
Public safety and legal services	28,483,717	28,482,992	26,757,076	1,725,916
Physical health and social services	6,294,948	6,443,511	5,395,364	1,048,147
Mental health	16,584,651	19,112,019	17,466,386	1,645,633
County environment and education	4,906,623	4,945,534	4,450,578	494,956
Roads and transportation	5,586,280	5,601,280	5,111,168	490,112
Government services to residents	2,271,277	2,346,410	2,210,614	135,796
Administration	9,648,287	9,981,439	9,203,859	777,580
Capital outlay	3,091,119	4,895,897	2,190,781	2,705,116
Debt service	4,369,070	4,369,070	4,369,070	-
Total expenditures	81,235,972	86,178,152	77,154,896	9,023,256
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(1,718,884)	(7,103,395)	2,633,219	9,736,614
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in	10,322,530	9,973,030	4,601,539	(5,371,491)
Transfers out	(10,322,530)	(9,973,030)	(4,814,430)	5,158,600
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	60,000	369,500	339,441	(30,059)
Total other financing sources (uses)	60,000	369,500	126,550	(242,950)
Net change in fund balances	\$ (1,658,884)	\$ (6,733,895)	\$ 2,759,769	\$ 9,493,664

See Independent Auditors' Report and Note to Required Supplementary Information.

County of Scott, Iowa

**Note to Required Supplementary Information
As of and For the Year Ended June 30, 2012**

Note 1. Budgetary Comparison Schedule

In accordance with the Code of Iowa, the County Board of Supervisors annually adopts a budget following required public notice and hearing for all governmental funds. The budget basis of accounting is in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The annual budget may be amended during the year utilizing similar statutorily prescribed procedures.

Formal and legal budgetary control is based upon nine major classes of disbursements known as functions, not by fund or fund type. These nine functions are: public safety and legal services, physical health and social services, mental health, County environment and education, roads and transportation, government services to residents, administration, capital outlay and debt service. Function expenditures required to be budgeted do not include expenses for the enterprise fund. The legal level of control is at the aggregated function level, not at the fund or fund type level. During the year, two budget amendments increased budgeted expenditures by \$4,942,180. The budget amendment was primarily due to the issuance of appropriation capital projects financed by that prior year fiscal debt and the use of mental health funds.

See Independent Auditors' Report.

County of Scott, Iowa

Combining Balance Sheet
 Nonmajor Governmental Funds
 As of June 30, 2012

	Special Revenue			Total
	Rural Services Fund	Recorders Management Fees Fund	Capital Projects	
Assets				
Cash and investments	\$ 70,758	\$ 48,163	\$ 3,909,994	\$ 4,028,915
Restricted cash	-	-	155,000	155,000
Receivables:				
Property taxes	2,758,322	-	-	2,758,322
Accounts	-	255	27,063	27,318
Due from other governmental agencies	-	-	320	320
Total assets	\$ 2,829,080	\$ 48,418	\$ 4,092,377	\$ 6,969,875
Liabilities and Fund Balances				
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 261,553	\$ 261,553
Deferred revenue	2,758,085	-	-	2,758,085
Total Liabilities	2,758,085	-	261,553	3,019,638
Fund balances				
Restricted	70,995	-	1,252,027	1,323,022
Committed	-	48,418	-	48,418
Assigned	-	-	2,578,797	2,578,797
Total fund balance	70,995	48,418	3,830,824	3,950,237
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 2,829,080	\$ 48,418	\$ 4,092,377	\$ 6,969,875

County of Scott, Iowa

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
 Nonmajor Governmental Funds
 For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Special Revenue			
	Rural Services	Recorders	Capital Projects	Total
	Fund	Management Fees Fund		
Revenues:				
Property taxes	\$ 2,466,578	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,466,578
Other taxes	72,445	-	596,840	669,285
Intergovernmental	74,310	-	28,550	102,860
Charges for services	-	35,624	-	35,624
Investment earnings	-	322	6,393	6,715
Other	-	-	27,243	27,243
Total revenues	2,613,333	35,946	659,026	3,308,305
Expenditures:				
Current:				
County environment and education	539,149	-	-	539,149
Capital outlay	-	-	1,952,204	1,952,204
Total expenditures	539,149	-	1,952,204	2,491,353
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures	2,074,184	35,946	(1,293,178)	816,952
Other financing source (uses):				
Transfers in	-	-	1,858,539	1,858,539
Transfers out	(2,061,118)	(60,215)	-	(2,121,333)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	-	79,441	79,441
Total other financing sources (uses)	(2,061,118)	(60,215)	1,937,980	(183,353)
Net change in fund balances	13,066	(24,269)	644,802	633,599
Fund balances, beginning of year	57,929	72,687	3,186,022	3,316,638
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 70,995	\$ 48,418	\$ 3,830,824	\$ 3,950,237

County of Scott, Iowa

Combining Statement of Net Assets
Internal Service Funds
As of June 30, 2012

	Internal Service Funds		
	Dental Insurance Fund	Health Insurance Fund	Total
Assets			
Current assets:			
Cash and investments	\$ 106,638	\$ 2,020,454	\$ 2,127,092
Total assets	\$ 106,638	\$ 2,020,454	\$ 2,127,092
Liabilities and Net Assets			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$ 2,125	\$ -	\$ 2,125
Claims payable	16,719	474,118	490,837
Total liabilities	18,844	474,118	492,962
Net assets:			
Unrestricted	87,794	1,546,336	1,634,130
Total net assets	87,794	1,546,336	1,634,130
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 106,638	\$ 2,020,454	\$ 2,127,092

County of Scott, Iowa

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets
 Internal Service Funds
 For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Internal Service Funds		
	Dental Insurance Fund	Health Insurance Fund	Total
Operating revenues:			
Charges for services	\$ 376,477	\$ 5,266,458	\$ 5,642,935
Total operating revenues	376,477	5,266,458	5,642,935
Operating expenses:			
Administrative charges	20,909	234,577	255,486
Claims	303,962	4,845,272	5,149,234
Total operating expenses	324,871	5,079,849	5,404,720
Operating income	51,606	186,609	238,215
Nonoperating revenues:			
Investment earnings	302	6,681	6,983
Total nonoperating revenues	302	6,681	6,983
Change in net assets	51,908	193,290	245,198
Total net assets, beginning of year	35,886	1,353,046	1,388,932
Total net assets, end of year	\$ 87,794	\$ 1,546,336	\$ 1,634,130

County of Scott, Iowa

Combining Statement of Cash Flows
Internal Service Funds
For the Year Ended Junr 30, 2012

	Internal Service Funds		
	Dental Insurance Fund	Health Insurance Fund	Total
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Cash received from customers	\$ 376,477	\$ 5,266,458	\$ 5,642,935
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services	(333,151)	(4,967,448)	(5,300,599)
Net cash from operating activities	43,326	299,010	342,336
Cash flows from investing activities, interest received	302	6,681	6,983
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	43,628	305,691	349,319
Cash and cash equivalents:			
Beginning	63,010	1,714,763	1,777,773
Ending	\$ 106,638	\$ 2,020,454	\$ 2,127,092
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash from operating activities:			
Operating income	\$ 51,606	\$ 186,609	\$ 238,215
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash from operating activities:			
Changes in assets and liabilities:			
Accounts payable	80	-	80
Claims payable	(8,360)	112,401	104,041
Net cash from operating activities	\$ 43,326	\$ 299,010	\$ 342,336

County of Scott, Iowa

**Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities
All Agency Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2012**

	Balance June 30, 2011	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2012
Agricultural Extension Service Fund				
Assets				
Cash and investments	\$ 5,226	\$ 463,424	\$ 463,672	\$ 4,978
Receivables, property taxes	466,466	482,503	467,840	481,129
Total assets	\$ 471,692	\$ 945,927	\$ 931,512	\$ 486,107
Liabilities, due to other government funds	\$ 471,692	\$ 945,927	\$ 931,512	\$ 486,107
Bangs Eradication Fund				
Assets				
Cash and investments	\$ 237	\$ 22,566	\$ 22,593	\$ 210
Receivables, property taxes	21,963	23,526	21,962	23,527
Total assets	\$ 22,200	\$ 46,092	\$ 44,555	\$ 23,737
Liabilities, due to other government funds	\$ 22,200	\$ 46,092	\$ 44,555	\$ 23,737
City Taxing Districts Fund				
Assets				
Cash and investments	\$ 1,164,298	\$ 100,245,501	\$ 100,267,344	\$ 1,142,455
Receivables, property taxes	100,895,225	109,803,150	101,132,476	109,565,899
Total assets	\$ 102,059,523	\$ 210,048,651	\$ 201,399,820	\$ 110,708,354
Liabilities, due to other government funds	\$ 102,059,523	\$ 210,057,042	\$ 201,408,211	\$ 110,708,354
Community College Taxing District Fund				
Assets				
Cash and investments	\$ 74,126	\$ 7,319,732	\$ 7,315,349	\$ 78,509
Receivables, property taxes	7,369,138	6,868,353	7,388,399	6,849,092
Total assets	\$ 7,443,264	\$ 14,188,085	\$ 14,703,748	\$ 6,927,601
Liabilities, due to other government funds	\$ 7,443,264	\$ 14,188,308	\$ 14,703,971	\$ 6,927,601
Fire Taxing District Fund				
Assets				
Cash and investments	\$ 3,419	\$ 334,973	\$ 335,581	\$ 2,811
Receivables, property taxes	335,313	357,023	335,953	356,383
Total assets	\$ 338,732	\$ 691,996	\$ 671,534	\$ 359,194
Liabilities, due to other government funds	\$ 338,732	\$ 691,996	\$ 671,534	\$ 359,194

(continued)

County of Scott, Iowa

Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities
 All Agency Funds (Continued)
 For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Balance June 30, 2011	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2012
School Taxing District Fund				
Assets				
Cash and investments	\$ 1,292,755	\$ 113,594,251	\$ 113,643,154	\$ 1,243,852
Receivables, property taxes	114,373,935	118,406,068	114,673,553	118,106,450
Total assets	\$ 115,666,690	\$ 232,000,319	\$ 228,316,707	\$ 119,350,302
Liabilities, due to other government funds	\$ 115,666,690	\$ 232,005,829	\$ 228,322,217	\$ 119,350,302
Township Taxing District Fund				
Assets				
Cash and investments	\$ 2,460	\$ 197,992	\$ 198,698	\$ 1,754
Receivables, property taxes	197,901	199,041	198,183	198,759
Total assets	\$ 200,361	\$ 397,033	\$ 396,881	\$ 200,513
Liabilities, due to other government funds	\$ 200,361	\$ 397,033	\$ 396,881	\$ 200,513
Other Taxing Districts Fund				
Assets				
Cash and investments	\$ 128,722	\$ 10,460,032	\$ 10,494,941	\$ 93,813
Receivables, property taxes	38,165	116,729	113,846	41,048
Total assets	\$ 166,887	\$ 10,576,761	\$ 10,608,787	\$ 134,861
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$ 12,202	\$ 160,088	\$ 141,596	\$ 30,694
Due to other governmental agencies	154,685	10,350,442	10,400,960	104,167
Total liabilities	\$ 166,887	\$ 10,510,530	\$ 10,542,556	\$ 134,861
City Special Assessments Fund				
Assets, cash and investments	\$ 553,399	\$ 3,003,411	\$ 2,973,468	\$ 583,342
Liabilities, due to other governmental agencies	\$ 553,399	\$ 3,003,411	\$ 2,973,468	\$ 583,342

(continued)

County of Scott, Iowa

Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities
 All Agency Funds (Continued)
 For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Balance June 30, 2011	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2012
County Recorder Agency Fund				
Assets				
Cash and investments	\$ 164,127	\$ 1,393,319	\$ 1,342,713	\$ 214,733
Receivables, accounts	11,764	1,436,970	1,434,957	13,777
Total assets	\$ 175,891	\$ 2,830,289	\$ 2,777,670	\$ 228,510
Liabilities, due to other governmental agencies	\$ 175,891	\$ 1,395,332	\$ 1,342,713	\$ 228,510
County Sheriff Agency Fund				
Assets				
Cash and investments	\$ 286,321	\$ 4,311,732	\$ 4,343,203	\$ 254,850
Receivables, accounts	-	27,365	27,250	115
Total assets	\$ 286,321	\$ 4,339,097	\$ 4,370,453	\$ 254,965
Liabilities				
Accounts Payable	\$ 252,624	\$ 4,016,197	\$ 4,031,258	\$ 237,563
Due to other government agencies	33,697	323,076	339,371	17,402
Total Liabilities	\$ 286,321	\$ 4,339,273	\$ 4,370,629	\$ 254,965
Motor Vehicle Tax Fund				
Assets, cash and investments				
	\$ 2,721,074	\$ 26,158,294	\$ 26,196,740	\$ 2,682,628
Liabilities, due to other governmental agencies	\$ 2,721,074	\$ 26,158,294	\$ 26,196,740	\$ 2,682,628
Tax Sale Redemption Fund				
Assets, cash and investments				
	\$ 145,394	\$ 1,026,720	\$ 949,407	\$ 222,707
Liabilities, due to other governmental agencies	\$ 145,394	\$ 1,026,720	\$ 949,407	\$ 222,707
Use Tax Fund				
Assets, cash and investments				
	\$ 653,191	\$ 15,230,363	\$ 15,247,688	\$ 635,866
Liabilities, due to other governmental agencies	\$ 653,191	\$ 15,230,363	\$ 15,247,688	\$ 635,866

(continued)

County of Scott, Iowa

Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities
 All Agency Funds (Continued)
 For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Balance June 30, 2011	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2012
Community Services Fund				
Assets, cash and investments	\$ 313,945	\$ 13,648	\$ -	\$ 327,593
Liabilities, due to private individuals	\$ 313,945	\$ 13,648	\$ -	\$ 327,593
County Assessor Fund				
Assets				
Cash and investments	\$ 423,354	\$ 491,559	\$ 647,155	\$ 267,758
Receivables, property taxes	489,817	955,747	496,027	949,537
Total assets	\$ 913,171	\$ 1,447,306	\$ 1,143,182	\$ 1,217,295
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$ 16,224	\$ 151,112	\$ 161,229	\$ 6,107
Due to other governmental agencies	896,947	1,934,227	1,619,986	\$ 1,211,188
Total liabilities	\$ 913,171	\$ 2,085,339	\$ 1,781,215	\$ 1,217,295
County Assessor Special Fund				
Assets				
Cash and investments	\$ 611,592	\$ 408,778	\$ 145,709	\$ 874,661
Receivables, property taxes	410,278	1,835	410,278	1,835
Total assets	\$ 1,021,870	\$ 410,613	\$ 555,987	\$ 876,496
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ 182,249	\$ 145,709	\$ 36,540
Due to other governmental agencies	1,021,870	367,725	549,639	839,956
Total liabilities	\$ 1,021,870	\$ 549,974	\$ 695,348	\$ 876,496
City Assessor Fund				
Assets				
Cash and investments	\$ 296,553	\$ 778,216	\$ 833,810	\$ 240,959
Receivables, property taxes	787,041	1,250,531	787,316	1,250,256
Total assets	\$ 1,083,594	\$ 2,028,747	\$ 1,621,126	\$ 1,491,215
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$ 72,031	\$ 842,594	\$ 833,810	\$ 80,815
Due to other governmental agencies	1,011,563	1,933,206	1,534,369	1,410,400
Total liabilities	\$ 1,083,594	\$ 2,775,800	\$ 2,368,179	\$ 1,491,215

(continued)

County of Scott, Iowa

Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities
 All Agency Funds (Concluded)
 For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Balance June 30, 2011	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2012
City Assessor Special Fund				
Assets				
Cash and investments	\$ 251,174	\$ 191,596	\$ 337,494	\$ 105,276
Receivables, property taxes	193,839	649	193,839	649
Total assets	\$ 445,013	\$ 192,245	\$ 531,333	\$ 105,925
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$ 27,402	\$ 325,422	\$ 337,494	\$ 15,330
Due to other governmental agencies	417,611	170,990	498,006	90,595
Total liabilities	\$ 445,013	\$ 496,412	\$ 835,500	\$ 105,925
Jail Inmate Fund				
Assets, cash and investments				
	\$ 96,647	\$ -	\$ 55,433	\$ 41,214
Liabilities, due to private individuals				
	\$ 96,647	\$ -	\$ 55,433	\$ 41,214
Riverside Fund				
Assets				
Cash and investments	\$ -	\$ 247,883	\$ 216,931	\$ 30,952
Total assets	\$ -	\$ 247,883	\$ 216,931	\$ 30,952
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ 202,109	\$ 201,673	\$ 436
Due to other government agencies	-	\$ 30,516	\$ -	\$ 30,516
Total liabilities	\$ -	\$ 232,625	\$ 201,673	\$ 30,952
Total Combined Funds				
Assets				
Cash and investments	\$ 9,188,014	\$ 285,893,990	\$ 286,031,083	\$ 9,050,921
Receivables:				
Property taxes	225,579,081	238,465,155	226,219,672	237,824,564
Accounts	11,764	1,464,335	1,462,207	13,892
Total Assets	\$ 234,778,859	\$ 525,823,480	\$ 513,712,962	\$ 246,889,377
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$ 380,483	\$ 5,879,771	\$ 5,852,769	\$ 407,485
Due to other governmental agencies	233,987,784	520,256,529	508,131,228	246,113,085
Due to private individuals	410,592	13,648	55,433	368,807
Total Liabilities	\$ 234,778,859	\$ 526,149,948	\$ 514,039,430	\$ 246,889,377

County of Scott, Iowa

Combining Balance Sheet and Reconciliation to Statement of Net Assets
Discretely Presented Component Units
As of June 30, 2012

	Emergency Management Agency	County Library	Public Safety Authority	Scott Emergency Communication Center	Total
Assets					
Cash and investments	\$ 219,023	\$ 205,795	\$ -	\$ 3,343,273	\$ 3,768,091
Receivables:					
Accounts	12,684	-	-	-	12,684
Total assets	\$ 231,707	\$ 205,795	\$ -	\$ 3,343,273	\$ 3,780,775
Liabilities and Fund Balance					
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$ 1,226	\$ 18,588	\$ -	\$ 411,036	\$ 430,850
Accrued liabilities	4,037	33,526	-	169,940	207,503
Total liabilities	5,263	52,114	-	580,976	638,353
Fund balances:					
Restricted for capital projects	-	-	-	615,446	615,446
Unassigned	226,444	153,681	-	2,146,851	2,526,976
Total fund balances	226,444	153,681	-	2,762,297	3,142,422
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 231,707	\$ 205,795	\$ -	\$ 3,343,273	\$ 3,780,775
Reconciliation to statement of net assets					
Total component unit fund balances	\$ 226,444	\$ 153,681	\$ -	\$ 2,762,297	\$ 3,142,422
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:					
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:					
Capital assets:					
Land	-	16,600	-	-	16,600
Construction in progress	-	-	-	2,842,985	2,842,985
Buildings	-	1,131,866	-	7,727,487	8,859,353
Machinery and equipment	623,066	180,005	-	13,377,062	14,180,133
Accumulated depreciation	(278,132)	(422,047)	-	(1,911,111)	(2,611,290)
Capital lease receivable from primary government	-	-	21,210,000	-	21,210,000
Liabilities not due and payable in the current period are not reported in the funds:					
Compensated absences	(19,218)	(55,758)	-	(173,854)	(248,830)
Other post employment benefits obligation	(2,965)	4,722	-	(4,852)	(3,095)
Revenue bonds payable	-	-	(21,210,000)	-	(21,210,000)
Notes payable	-	-	-	(10,099,923)	(10,099,923)
Unamortized bond discount	-	-	157,884	72,993	230,877
Accrued interest payable	-	-	(73,109)	(37,772)	(110,881)
Bond issuance costs	-	-	69,551	43,231	112,782
Total net assets	\$ 549,195	\$ 1,009,069	\$ 154,326	\$ 14,598,543	\$ 16,311,133

County of Scott, Iowa

**Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances and Reconciliation
to Statement of Activities - Discretely Presented Component Units
For the Year Ended June 30, 2012**

	Emergency Management Agency	County Library	Public Safety Authority	Scott Emergency Communication Center	Total
Revenues:					
Intergovernmental					
Operating	\$ 77,000	\$ 1,017,032	\$ -	\$ 7,385,229	\$ 8,479,261
Charges for services	-	14,814	-	-	14,814
Investment earnings	-	-	925,305	3,645	928,950
Rentals and fees	-	-	1,200,000	-	1,200,000
Other	51,010	6,088	-	804	57,902
Total revenues	128,010	1,037,934	2,125,305	7,389,678	10,680,927
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Public safety and legal services	102,311	-	4,250	5,625,994	5,732,555
County environment and education	-	1,041,851	-	-	1,041,851
Capital outlay	-	-	-	725,692	725,692
Debt service:					
Principal	-	-	1,200,000	365,000	1,565,000
Interest and fees	-	-	925,305	461,480	1,386,785
Total expenditures	102,311	1,041,851	2,129,555	7,178,166	10,451,883
Net change in fund balances	25,699	(3,917)	(4,250)	211,512	229,044
Fund balances, beginning of year	200,745	157,598	4,250	2,550,785	2,913,378
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 226,444	\$ 153,681	\$ -	\$ 2,762,297	\$ 3,142,422

County of Scott, Iowa

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances and Reconciliation to Statement of Activities - Discretely Presented Component Units (Continued)
For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Emergency Management Agency		County Library	Public Safety Authority		Scott Emergency Communication Center	Total
Reconciliation to statement of activities,							
Net change in fund balances	\$ 25,699	\$ (3,917)		\$ (4,250)	\$ 211,512	\$ 229,044	
<p>Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:</p> <p>Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. The following is the detail of the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current year:</p>							
Capital outlay capitalized	-	-	-	-	725,692	725,692	
Operating expenditures capitalized	-	-	-	-	261,514	261,514	
Depreciation	(70,130)	(36,155)	-	-	(1,508,458)	(1,614,743)	
Capital contributions	-	-	-	-	49,607	49,607	
Book value of retired assets	-	(102,016)	-	-	-	(102,016)	
Rentals and fees	-	-	(1,200,000)	-	-	(1,200,000)	
<p>Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the component unit:</p>							
Change in compensated absences	(1,823)	(9,844)	-	-	1,898	(9,769)	
Change in other post employment benefits obligation	(473)	753	-	-	(774)	(494)	
<p>The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in the governmental funds an interest expenditure is reported when due. The following is a detail of the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items:</p>							
Repayment of bond principal	-	-	1,200,000	-	451,240	1,651,240	
Interest expense	-	-	4,000	-	684	4,684	
Amortization of bond issuance costs and discounts	-	-	(30,963)	-	(10,706)	(41,669)	
Changes in net assets of component units	\$ (46,727)	\$ (151,179)	\$ (31,213)	\$ 182,209	\$ (46,910)		

STATISTICAL



County of Scott, Iowa

Statistical Section Contents

The statistical section of the County's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information presented in the financial statements, note disclosures and required supplementary information say about the County's overall financial health.

Contents	Page
Financial Trends	77
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the County's financial performance and well being have changed over time.	
Revenue Capacity	89
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the County's most significant local revenue sources, the property tax (or sales tax).	
Debt Capacity	97
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the County's current level of outstanding debt and the County's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
Demographic and Economic Information	103
These schedule offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the County's financial activities take place.	
Operating Information	105
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the County's financial report relates to the services the County provides and the activities it performs.	

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual report for the relevant year. The County implemented GASB Statement No. 34 in fiscal year 2003; schedules presenting government-wide information include information beginning in that year.

County of Scott, Iowa

Net Assets by Component
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(accrual basis of accounting)
(Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year		
	2003	2004	2005
Governmental activities:			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 51,390,670	\$ 53,196,584	\$ 58,403,448
Restricted for:			
Debt service	5,142,886	4,828,092	4,486,204
County conservation sewage treatment	151,021	160,678	170,507
Mental health	-	-	-
Other statutory programs	-	-	-
Rural services	-	-	-
Secondary roads	-	-	-
Unrestricted	11,771,985	11,848,957	11,456,380
Total governmental activities net assets	\$ 68,456,562	\$ 70,034,311	\$ 74,516,539
Business-Type activities			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ (50,362)	\$ 198,958	\$ 342,758
Restricted for lease purchase contract	-	324,627	326,105
Unrestricted	(1,383,608)	(1,843,166)	(2,051,330)
Total business-type activities net assets	\$ (1,433,970)	\$ (1,319,581)	\$ (1,382,467)
Primary government:			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 51,340,308	\$ 53,395,542	\$ 58,746,206
Restricted for:			
Debt service	5,142,886	4,828,092	4,486,204
County conservation sewage treatment	151,021	160,678	170,507
Lease purchase contract	-	324,627	326,105
Mental health	-	-	-
Other statutory programs	-	-	-
Rural services	-	-	-
Secondary roads	-	-	-
Unrestricted	10,388,377	10,005,791	9,405,050
Total primary government net assets	\$ 67,022,592	\$ 68,714,730	\$ 73,134,072

Source: County records.

Fiscal Year							
2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	
\$ 62,017,939	\$ 65,298,164	\$ 70,527,812	\$ 70,017,361	\$ 73,643,761	\$ 64,874,432	\$ 62,392,934	
4,460,937	4,152,198	3,728,760	3,229,346	2,849,754	2,503,008	2,005,997	
182,850	196,692	206,674	222,551	209,483	210,592	212,459	
855,147	396,372	572,242	1,713,646	1,499,167	1,221,960	343,637	
-	-	-	-	663,173	783,546	786,943	
-	-	-	-	-	57,929	70,995	
1,459,411	936,185	486,405	273,409	370,604	885,011	1,839,278	
11,004,368	10,576,072	6,065,147	6,205,472	6,934,776	10,009,511	14,583,168	
<u>\$ 79,980,652</u>	<u>\$ 81,555,683</u>	<u>\$ 81,587,040</u>	<u>\$ 81,661,785</u>	<u>\$ 86,170,718</u>	<u>\$ 80,545,989</u>	<u>\$ 82,235,411</u>	
\$ 475,691	\$ 633,574	\$ 807,121	\$ 1,011,730	\$ 1,201,240	\$ 1,640,815	\$ 2,226,682	
326,596	326,831	325,166	324,400	324,407	324,407	-	
(2,341,036)	(2,832,971)	(3,225,906)	(3,623,282)	(3,921,629)	(4,233,323)	(4,447,949)	
<u>\$ (1,538,749)</u>	<u>\$ (1,872,566)</u>	<u>\$ (2,093,619)</u>	<u>\$ (2,287,152)</u>	<u>\$ (2,395,982)</u>	<u>\$ (2,268,101)</u>	<u>\$ (2,221,267)</u>	
\$ 62,493,630	\$ 65,931,738	\$ 71,334,933	\$ 71,029,091	\$ 74,845,001	\$ 66,515,247	\$ 64,619,616	
4,460,937	4,152,198	3,728,760	3,229,346	2,849,754	2,503,008	2,005,997	
182,850	196,692	206,674	222,551	209,483	210,592	212,459	
326,596	326,831	325,166	324,400	324,407	324,407	-	
855,147	396,372	572,242	1,713,646	1,499,167	1,221,960	343,637	
-	-	-	-	663,173	783,546	786,943	
-	-	-	-	-	57,929	70,995	
1,459,411	936,185	486,405	273,409	370,604	885,011	1,839,278	
8,663,332	7,743,101	2,839,241	2,582,190	3,013,147	5,776,188	10,135,219	
<u>\$ 78,441,903</u>	<u>\$ 79,683,117</u>	<u>\$ 79,493,421</u>	<u>\$ 79,374,633</u>	<u>\$ 83,774,736</u>	<u>\$ 78,277,888</u>	<u>\$ 80,014,144</u>	

County of Scott, Iowa

Changes in Net Assets
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(accrual basis of accounting)
(Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year			
	2003	2004	2005	2006
Expenses:				
Governmental activities:				
Public safety and legal services	\$ 14,416,219	\$ 15,359,610	\$ 17,378,230	\$ 19,231,650
Physical health and social services	5,354,508	5,599,865	5,433,189	5,543,800
Mental health	12,560,244	12,464,838	12,689,373	13,430,170
County environment and education	4,077,028	4,179,381	3,978,818	4,142,926
Roads and transportation	5,319,941	5,322,321	6,514,158	5,983,682
Governmental services to residents	1,728,824	1,834,390	1,853,466	1,945,223
Administration	6,864,076	8,182,576	9,848,118	9,376,193
Interest on long-term debt	498,341	457,073	434,854	662,882
Total governmental activities expenses	50,819,181	53,400,054	58,130,206	60,316,526
Business-Type activities, golf course	964,728	988,195	1,074,754	1,186,450
Total government expenses	\$ 51,783,909	\$ 54,388,249	\$ 59,204,960	\$ 61,502,976
Program revenues:				
Governmental activities				
Charges for services				
Public safety and legal services	\$ 966,549	\$ 899,053	\$ 878,359	\$ 1,101,152
Physical health and social services	264,329	356,232	291,344	290,280
Mental health	46,259	18,432	40,441	57,465
County environment and education	695,885	693,246	880,593	943,194
Roads and transportation	2,841	32,875	9,241	27,646
Governmental services to residents	2,930,055	2,693,220	2,501,165	2,616,909
Administration	222,833	150,904	264,264	191,548
Operating grants and contributions	5,448,938	8,544,625	8,857,256	9,135,717
Capital grants and contributions	1,329,326	706,004	6,519,732	2,846,478
Total governmental activities program revenues	11,907,015	14,094,591	20,242,395	17,210,389
Business-Type activities, golf course	1,033,286	1,101,788	1,008,046	1,019,793
Total government program revenues	\$ 12,940,301	\$ 15,196,379	\$ 21,250,441	\$ 18,230,182
Net (expense)/revenue:				
Governmental activities	\$ (38,912,166)	\$ (39,305,463)	\$ (37,887,811)	\$ (43,106,137)
Business-Type activities	68,558	113,593	(66,708)	(166,657)
Total government net expense	\$ (38,843,608)	\$ (39,191,870)	\$ (37,954,519)	\$ (43,272,794)

(Continued)

		Fiscal Year									
		2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012				
\$	20,051,534	\$	20,289,680	\$	20,925,221	\$	27,972,373	\$	36,474,619	\$	28,029,758
	5,682,835		5,956,132		6,180,832		6,238,358		5,695,818		5,439,626
	14,308,820		15,211,596		14,605,242		14,484,152		15,279,397		17,508,289
	4,371,103		4,410,086		4,882,023		4,044,619		4,893,713		5,045,765
	6,711,217		6,712,511		7,461,585		6,219,535		7,863,504		9,171,403
	2,074,972		2,151,064		2,821,526		2,167,664		2,117,384		2,262,947
	9,943,559		10,980,111		10,135,767		8,294,027		11,500,872		10,131,539
	1,606,659		1,471,972		1,393,678		1,457,291		1,674,554		1,587,438
	64,750,699		67,183,152		68,405,874		70,878,019		85,499,861		79,176,765
	1,223,696		1,178,367		1,144,254		1,021,548		949,850		1,168,516
\$	65,974,395	\$	68,361,519	\$	69,550,128	\$	71,899,567	\$	86,449,711	\$	80,345,281
\$	1,053,355	\$	939,874	\$	1,182,577	\$	992,171	\$	1,457,575	\$	1,622,292
	285,637		330,296		358,704		355,941		376,158		399,182
	41,070		42,261		31,633		31,902		50,250		74,244
	889,915		920,315		891,352		988,522		1,017,239		1,145,202
	9,943		11,268		21,109		32,893		20,863		18,900
	2,506,821		2,382,447		2,307,783		2,343,094		2,469,734		2,588,909
	251,682		251,070		228,445		271,056		267,955		267,800
	9,896,826		11,847,705		12,233,452		11,912,913		12,882,216		12,197,425
	1,417,942		153,469		1,184,458		6,674,252		2,567,522		1,062,256
	16,353,191		16,878,705		18,439,513		23,602,744		21,109,512		19,376,210
	875,270		947,487		949,445		912,712		900,741		1,002,459
\$	17,228,461	\$	17,826,192	\$	19,388,958	\$	24,515,456	\$	22,010,253	\$	20,378,669
\$	(48,397,508)	\$	(50,304,447)	\$	(49,966,361)	\$	(47,275,275)	\$	(64,390,349)	\$	(59,800,555)
	(348,426)		(230,880)		(194,809)		(108,836)		(49,109)		(166,057)
\$	(48,745,934)	\$	(50,535,327)	\$	(50,161,170)	\$	(47,384,111)	\$	(64,439,458)	\$	(59,966,612)

County of Scott, Iowa

Changes in Net Assets (Continued)
 Last Ten Fiscal Years
 (accrual basis of accounting)
 (Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year			
	2003	2004	2005	2006
General revenues and other changes in net assets:				
Governmental activities:				
Taxes:				
Property taxes	\$ 22,780,080	\$ 24,998,507	\$ 25,923,952	\$ 31,335,227
Local option sales tax	3,199,382	3,393,432	3,488,462	3,470,318
Gaming	805,667	919,864	904,897	887,690
Other taxes	172,113	117,731	59,143	63,287
Utility tax replacements	1,061,401	1,133,932	1,228,633	1,377,835
Penalties, interest and costs on taxes	667,318	652,959	837,554	791,859
State tax replacement credits	8,313,347	5,435,819	5,152,761	5,246,050
Payments in lieu of taxes	3,659	-	-	-
State shared revenues	2,804,003	2,851,114	2,909,524	2,970,800
Grants and contributions not restricted to specific purpose	289,800	274,703	258,703	241,277
Investment earnings	518,804	367,089	782,291	1,381,353
Miscellaneous	692,184	738,062	824,119	804,554
(Loss) on the sales of capital assets	(35,371)	-	-	-
Total General Revenues	41,272,387	40,883,212	42,370,039	48,570,250
Transfers (out)	-	-	-	-
Total governmental activities	41,272,387	40,883,212	42,370,039	48,570,250
Business-Type activities:				
Investment earnings	2,461	796	3,822	10,375
Transfers	-	-	-	-
Total Business-Type Activities	2,461	796	3,822	10,375
Total government	\$ 41,274,848	\$ 40,884,008	\$ 42,373,861	\$ 48,580,625
Change in net assets:				
Governmental activities	\$ 2,360,221	\$ 1,577,749	\$ 4,482,228	\$ 5,464,113
Business-Type activities	71,019	114,389	(62,886)	(156,282)
Total primary government	\$ 2,431,240	\$ 1,692,138	\$ 4,419,342	\$ 5,307,831

Source: County records.

		Fiscal Year									
		2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012				
\$	31,995,844	\$	33,138,131	\$	34,113,141	\$	36,228,794	\$	43,052,682	\$	44,980,224
	3,700,844		3,867,941		3,602,230		3,637,825		3,863,574		4,052,754
	789,210		815,524		748,920		676,255		584,582		596,840
	61,766		65,253		66,852		63,470		68,512		68,374
	1,382,625		1,341,669		1,348,776		1,395,383		1,539,020		1,625,295
	782,123		731,456		847,456		790,006		791,685		789,143
	5,243,536		5,194,016		5,183,554		4,826,563		4,930,224		4,898,515
	165		8,226		9,046		6,828		6,782		6,682
	2,906,371		2,866,918		2,743,735		3,101,887		2,775,120		3,146,564
	188,557		-		-		-		-		-
	2,140,787		1,447,577		674,859		188,207		228,038		159,177
	780,711		859,093		702,537		868,990		1,102,391		1,379,300
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	49,972,539		50,335,804		50,041,106		51,784,208		58,942,610		61,702,868
	-		-		-		-		(176,990)		(212,891)
	49,972,539		50,335,804		50,041,106		51,784,208		58,765,620		61,489,977
	14,609		9,827		1,276		6		-		-
	-		-		-		-		176,990		212,891
	14,609		9,827		1,276		6		176,990		212,891
\$	49,987,148	\$	50,345,631	\$	50,042,382	\$	51,784,214	\$	59,119,600	\$	61,915,759
\$	1,575,031	\$	31,357	\$	74,745	\$	4,508,933	\$	(5,624,729)	\$	1,689,422
	(333,817)		(221,053)		(193,533)		(108,830)		127,881		46,834
\$	1,241,214	\$	(189,696)	\$	(118,788)	\$	4,400,103	\$	(5,496,848)	\$	1,736,256

County of Scott, Iowa

Fund Balances, Governmental Funds
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)
(Unaudited)

	2003	2004	2005	2006
General Fund:				
Reserved:				
Notes receivable	\$ 100,000	\$ 100,000	\$ 100,000	\$ 100,000
Advances	1,423,314	1,508,314	1,673,314	1,863,314
County conservation sewage treatment	151,021	160,678	170,507	182,850
Other statutory programs	-	-	-	-
Unreserved, designated claim liabilities	1,116,806	805,257	886,689	886,689
Unreserved, undesignated	6,372,309	5,488,379	4,637,761	5,479,818
Nonspendable:				
Notes receivable	-	-	-	-
Advances	-	-	-	-
Prepays	-	-	-	-
Restricted:				
County conservation sewage treatment	-	-	-	-
Other statutory programs	-	-	-	-
Assigned:				
Capital projects	-	-	-	-
Health claim liabilities	-	-	-	-
Future budgetary reductions	-	-	-	-
Claim liabilities	-	-	-	-
Unassigned	-	-	-	-
Total general fund	\$ 9,163,450	\$ 8,062,628	\$ 7,468,271	\$ 8,512,671
All other governmental funds:				
Reserved for:				
Debt service	\$ 5,142,886	\$ 724,111	\$ 5,269,337	\$ 4,460,937
Unreserved, undesignated reported in:				
Special revenue funds:				
Mental health/development disabilities	1,021,020	1,000,512	1,251,251	855,147
Secondary Roads	2,189,357	2,943,900	1,552,667	1,459,411
Rural services	2,148,185	1,997,741	2,191,392	111,064
Recorders management fees	259,036	93,315	117,636	129,231
Capital projects funds, capital projects	1,788,279	1,275,218	3,426,597	4,223,180
Restricted:				
Debt service	-	-	-	-
Secondary Roads	-	-	-	-
Rural services	-	-	-	-
Other statutory programs	-	-	-	-
Capital projects	-	-	-	-
Committed:				
Records management fee	-	-	-	-
Assigned:				
Mental health/development disabilities	-	-	-	-
Other capital projects	-	-	-	-
Unassigned (Deficit)	-	-	-	-
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 12,548,763	\$ 8,034,797	\$ 13,808,880	\$ 11,238,970

Source: County records.

* In 2011, the County implemented GASB Statement No. 54 - *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions* which changed the reporting of the components of fund balance. Retroactive application to years prior to 2011 was not required.

	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011 *	2012 *
\$	100,000	\$ 116,175	\$ 116,175	\$ 113,358	\$ -	\$ -
	2,262,314	2,702,314	3,207,314	3,397,314	-	-
	196,692	206,674	222,551	213,843	-	-
	-	-	-	663,173	-	-
	1,004,488	718,847	589,331	522,407	-	-
	5,301,970	5,849,553	5,956,480	7,613,701	-	-
	-	-	-	-	113,358	81,428
	-	-	-	-	3,720,324	4,041,594
	-	-	-	-	109,106	109,906
	-	-	-	-	210,592	212,459
	-	-	-	-	783,546	786,943
	-	-	-	-	-	1,500,000
	-	-	-	-	-	340,000
	-	-	-	-	-	560,257
	-	-	-	-	694,052	398,656
	-	-	-	-	9,247,282	9,477,799
\$	8,865,464	\$ 9,593,563	\$ 10,091,851	\$ 12,523,796	\$ 14,878,260	\$ 17,509,042

\$	4,152,198	\$ 3,728,760	\$ 3,229,346	\$ 2,908,690	\$ -	\$ -
	396,372	572,242	1,713,646	1,499,167	-	-
	936,185	486,405	273,409	370,604	-	-
	123,384	118,672	117,451	137,271	-	-
	138,081	139,847	139,496	90,270	-	-
	6,945,117	5,541,207	4,053,819	8,310,749	-	-
	-	-	-	-	2,558,322	2,053,084
	-	-	-	-	885,011	1,839,278
	-	-	-	-	57,929	70,995
	-	-	-	-	-	343,637
	-	-	-	-	1,712,860	1,252,027
	-	-	-	-	72,687	48,418
	-	-	-	-	1,221,960	-
	-	-	-	-	1,473,162	2,578,797
	-	-	-	-	-	(75,318)
\$	12,691,337	\$ 10,587,133	\$ 9,527,167	\$ 13,316,751	\$ 7,981,931	\$ 8,110,918

Fiscal Year						
2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	
\$ 32,017,310	\$ 33,120,748	\$ 34,082,776	\$ 36,232,900	\$ 43,098,556	\$ 44,978,360	
3,727,522	3,860,101	3,691,392	3,637,825	3,863,574	4,052,754	
2,233,601	2,222,446	2,164,548	2,135,108	2,192,115	2,290,508	
782,123	731,456	847,456	790,006	791,685	789,143	
18,714,770	19,873,049	20,369,088	19,848,192	20,595,340	20,249,187	
4,521,226	4,337,361	4,516,303	4,490,155	4,993,149	5,463,130	
2,008,067	1,447,577	674,859	186,708	221,853	152,193	
517,197	540,170	505,300	525,427	666,627	653,399	
144,693	157,323	165,676	186,492	188,240	222,959	
636,018	701,770	536,861	642,792	598,716	936,482	
65,302,527	66,992,001	67,554,259	68,675,605	77,209,855	79,788,115	
19,330,101	19,214,446	19,768,037	19,942,386	26,494,923	26,757,076	
5,638,002	5,915,796	6,075,938	6,595,222	6,511,764	5,395,364	
14,288,703	15,182,707	14,560,838	14,492,698	15,221,435	17,466,386	
3,845,185	4,099,548	4,378,787	4,197,866	4,338,106	4,450,578	
4,360,061	4,493,009	4,680,676	4,604,129	4,540,049	5,111,168	
1,933,065	2,012,787	2,134,299	2,052,707	2,022,332	2,210,614	
7,555,798	8,238,360	8,711,784	8,342,657	9,094,998	9,203,859	
5,580,379	5,832,465	4,369,892	9,072,467	7,748,371	2,190,781	
1,880,000	1,925,000	2,065,000	2,140,000	2,680,000	2,780,000	
99,453	-	-	-	-	-	
1,569,359	1,503,745	1,398,136	1,562,013	1,675,660	1,589,070	
66,080,106	68,417,863	68,143,387	73,002,145	80,327,638	77,154,896	
(777,579)	(1,425,862)	(589,128)	(4,326,540)	(3,117,783)	2,633,219	
5,107,655	8,516,222	8,616,899	8,007,463	8,433,584	4,601,539	
(5,107,655)	(8,516,222)	(8,616,899)	(8,007,463)	(8,610,574)	(4,814,430)	
33,394	49,757	27,450	39,705	157,209	339,441	
6,185,000	-	-	13,200,000	-	-	
-	-	-	(17,392)	-	-	
9,345	-	-	70,756	-	-	
(3,645,000)	-	-	(2,745,000)	-	-	
2,582,739	49,757	27,450	10,548,069	(19,781)	126,550	
1,805,160	(1,376,105)	(561,678)	6,221,529	(3,137,564)	2,759,769	
19,751,641	21,556,801	20,180,696	19,619,018	25,840,547	22,860,191	
\$ 21,556,801	\$ 20,180,696	\$ 19,619,018	\$ 25,840,547	\$ 22,702,983	\$ 25,619,960	

5.84%

5.39%

5.39%

5.54%

5.71%

5.85%

County of Scott, Iowa

Program Revenues by Function/Program

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting)

(Unaudited)

Function / Program	Fiscal Year			
	2003	2004	2005	2006
Governmental activities:				
Public safety and legal services	\$ 1,510,542	\$ 1,440,430	\$ 2,076,189	\$ 2,396,794
Physical health and social services	1,995,547	2,278,296	2,393,807	2,126,736
Mental health	2,681,440	5,019,401	5,435,434	5,507,832
County environment and education	1,064,191	1,253,269	1,143,866	1,197,394
Roads and transportation	1,180,590	725,079	5,980,515	1,943,220
Governmental services and residents	3,048,029	3,041,924	2,705,131	3,670,976
Administration	426,676	336,192	507,453	367,437
Interest on long-term debt	-	-	-	-
Total governmental activities	11,907,015	14,094,591	20,242,395	17,210,389
Business-Type activities, Glynn's Creek Golf Course	1,033,286	1,101,788	1,008,046	1,019,793
Total government	\$ 12,940,301	\$ 15,196,379	\$ 21,250,441	\$ 18,230,182

Source: County records.

Fiscal Year						
2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	
\$ 2,624,858	\$ 2,087,424	\$ 3,080,316	\$ 2,285,735	\$ 2,603,842	\$ 2,741,330	
2,114,672	2,179,694	2,222,418	2,984,594	2,449,219	1,835,979	
6,324,361	7,891,347	8,163,582	6,969,490	7,753,736	8,547,369	
1,074,486	1,306,680	1,301,062	1,415,324	1,094,796	1,223,753	
979,629	54,786	154,581	6,744,340	2,645,043	1,083,772	
2,824,963	2,926,459	3,063,718	2,704,150	2,656,916	2,859,866	
410,222	432,315	453,836	499,111	1,502,699	693,626	
-	-	-	-	403,261	390,515	
16,353,191	16,878,705	18,439,513	23,602,744	21,109,512	19,376,210	
875,270	947,487	949,445	912,712	900,741	1,002,459	
\$ 17,228,461	\$ 17,826,192	\$ 19,388,958	\$ 24,515,456	\$ 22,010,253	\$ 20,378,669	

County of Scott, Iowa

Revenues by Source, Governmental Funds

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

(Unaudited)

Fiscal Year	Property	Local Option Sales Tax	Other Tax	Interest & Penalties on Taxes	Intergovernmental
2003	\$ 25,895,065	\$ 3,418,462	\$ 2,192,673	\$ 837,554	\$ 17,899,516
2004	24,996,346	3,403,432	2,171,528	652,959	17,181,934
2005	25,895,065	3,418,462	2,192,673	837,554	17,899,516
2006	31,364,663	3,382,318	2,328,812	791,859	18,596,027
2007	32,017,310	3,727,522	2,233,601	782,123	18,714,770
2008	33,120,748	3,860,101	2,222,446	731,456	19,873,049
2009	34,082,776	3,691,392	2,164,548	847,456	20,369,088
2010	36,232,900	3,637,825	2,135,108	790,006	19,848,192
2011	43,098,556	3,863,574	2,192,115	791,685	20,595,340
2012	44,978,360	4,052,754	2,290,508	789,143	20,249,187
Change 2003-2012	73.69%	18.55%	4.46%	-5.78%	13.13%

Source: County records.

Charges for Services	Investment Earnings	Licenses & Permits	Rentals & Fees	Other	Total
\$ 4,336,407	\$ 738,160	\$ 529,000	\$ 124,758	\$ 695,374	\$ 56,666,969
4,389,232	348,442	454,731	113,952	604,805	54,317,361
4,336,407	738,160	529,000	124,758	695,374	56,666,969
4,656,145	1,381,353	572,049	141,568	569,001	63,783,795
4,521,226	2,008,067	517,197	144,693	636,018	65,302,527
4,337,361	1,447,577	540,170	157,323	701,770	66,992,001
4,516,303	674,859	505,300	165,676	536,861	67,554,259
4,490,155	186,708	525,427	186,492	642,792	68,675,605
4,993,149	221,853	666,627	188,240	755,925	77,367,064
5,463,130	152,193	653,399	222,959	936,482	79,788,115
25.98%	-79.38%	23.52%	78.71%	34.67%	40.80%

County of Scott, Iowa

**Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(Unaudited)**

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Real Property		Personal Property		Utilities	
	Taxable Value	Assessed Value	Taxable Value	Assessed Value	Taxable Value	Assessed Value
2003	\$ 4,697,380,131	\$ 7,262,052,360	\$ 55,912,460	\$ 55,912,460	\$ 376,912,988	\$ 376,928,465
2004	4,812,295,795	7,645,182,637	5,356,152	5,356,152	402,785,799	403,680,208
2005	5,087,898,264	8,391,908,858	-	-	416,619,162	416,632,167
2006	5,299,824,281	8,858,213,729	-	-	405,323,627	405,323,627
2007	5,636,684,084	9,304,359,638	-	-	242,007,768	287,536,004
2008	5,782,600,890	9,629,908,628	-	-	236,556,404	311,762,064
2009	6,175,708,574	10,870,184,903	-	-	244,749,886	300,708,935
2010	6,239,157,174	10,946,041,950	-	-	407,227,695	491,195,351
2011	6,408,604,034	11,185,801,070	-	-	382,244,194	501,524,388
2012	6,673,545,437	11,407,016,930	-	-	402,661,960	519,674,870

Source: Auditor's Office

Note 1: Property is assessed at actual value; therefore, the assessed values are equal to the actual value.

Note 2: Tax rates are per \$1,000 of assessed value.

Total		Ratio Taxable to Assessed Value	Tax Increment Financing District Values	County Urban Rate
Taxable Value	Assessed Value			
\$ 5,130,205,579	\$ 7,694,893,285	66.7%	\$ 226,164,092	\$ 4.18
5,220,437,746	8,054,218,997	64.8%	232,697,034	4.48
5,504,517,426	8,808,541,025	62.5%	213,970,420	4.81
5,705,147,908	9,263,537,356	61.6%	235,146,048	4.75
5,878,691,852	9,591,895,642	61.3%	235,149,590	5.57
6,019,157,294	9,941,670,692	60.5%	301,116,369	5.51
6,420,458,460	11,170,893,838	57.5%	330,175,178	5.34
6,646,384,869	11,437,237,301	58.1%	369,081,487	5.48
6,790,848,228	11,687,325,458	58.1%	371,369,162	6.38
7,076,207,397	11,926,691,800	59.3%	360,551,426	6.38

County of Scott, Iowa

Principal Property Taxpayers
Current Year and Nine Years Ago
(in thousands of dollars)
(Unaudited)

Taxpayer	2003		
	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total County Taxable Assessed Value
MidAmerican Energy	\$ 236,431,027	1	4.71%
Aluminum Company of America	61,664,800	2	1.23%
SDG Macerich Properties	49,731,759	3	0.99%
Davenport Water Company	40,180,640	4	0.80%
Isle of Capri	39,806,296	5	0.79%
Genventures	35,968,443	6	0.72%
Qwest Communications	28,701,265	7	0.57%
Northern Border Pipeline Co	20,693,500	8	0.41%
Lafarge Corporation	19,150,978	9	0.38%
Petersen Properties LC	18,665,500	10	0.37%
Total	\$ 550,994,208		10.97%

Taxpayer	2012		
	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total County Taxable Assessed Value
MidAmerican Energy	\$ 343,938,029	1	4.86%
Isle of Capri	85,002,320	2	1.20%
SDG Macerich Properties	58,460,300	3	0.83%
Iowa American Water Company	57,730,340	4	0.82%
ALCOA	40,859,640	5	0.58%
Qwest Corp	31,125,491	6	0.44%
Gulf Investments	24,747,700	7	0.35%
Deere & Company	22,776,100	8	0.32%
The Davenport North Development	18,466,300	9	0.26%
Hotel Blackhawk, LLC	17,974,000	10	0.25%
Total	\$ 701,080,220		9.91%

Source: County records

County of Scott, Iowa

Property Tax Levies and Collections
 Last Ten Fiscal Years
 (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Property Taxes Levied for the Fiscal Year	Property Taxes Collected Within the Fiscal Year of the Levy		Property Tax Collections In Subsequent Years	Property Tax Total Collections to Date	
		Amount	Percentage of Levy		Amount	Percentage of Levy
2003	\$ 164,344,090	\$ 163,141,398	99.27%	\$ 38,060	\$ 163,179,458	99.29%
2004	170,396,572	168,156,252	98.69%	618,183	168,774,435	99.05%
2005	181,497,890	179,753,240	99.04%	1,664,237	181,417,477	99.96%
2006	194,032,266	193,001,228	99.47%	195,545	193,196,773	99.57%
2007	202,141,914	200,878,707	99.38%	(20,856)	200,857,851	99.36%
2008	210,294,826	209,445,543	99.60%	131,295	209,576,838	99.66%
2009	223,092,062	221,671,064	99.36%	205,504	221,876,568	99.46%
2010	234,648,806	233,278,412	99.42%	93,197	233,371,609	99.46%
2011	247,987,832	246,709,768	99.48%	357,380	247,067,148	99.63%
2012	258,210,732	256,655,331	99.40%	206,819	256,862,150	99.48%

Source: County records

County of Scott, Iowa

**Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates
Last Ten Years
(rate per \$1,000 of assessed value)
(Unaudited)**

	2003	2004	2005	2006
County direct rates:				
Scott County Urban Rate	\$ 4.48067	\$ 4.80887	\$ 4.75497	\$ 5.56513
Scott County Rural Rate	7.49188	7.71192	7.84647	8.60445
Total direct rates	11.97255	12.52079	12.60144	14.16958
City and town rates:				
Bettendorf	11.85000	11.85000	12.34932	12.34952
Blue Grass	12.43356	12.48463	11.51524	11.43975
Buffalo	7.00203	7.65547	8.09999	8.09998
Davenport	14.63000	14.96445	15.24000	15.24000
Dixon	8.09986	8.09977	8.10000	8.10000
Donahue	5.15138	7.96293	7.36868	5.42517
Durant	12.17088	12.17088	14.20315	15.56204
Eldridge	6.37555	6.64799	6.64795	6.64795
LeClaire	14.69660	14.69660	14.69639	14.69637
Long Grove	7.89977	8.10000	8.10000	8.10000
Maysville	4.85690	5.16066	5.16083	5.16097
McCausland	7.91705	7.91704	8.10000	8.10000
New Liberty	1.52478	2.22375	2.99975	2.90011
Panorama Park	6.27994	6.29016	6.25158	6.50590
Princeton	9.30739	9.22504	8.81288	9.02314
Riverdale	2.29649	2.30970	2.30949	2.93819
Walcott	9.50001	9.50000	9.75001	9.75001
School District Rates:				
Bennett Schools	11.85225	12.43900	12.85967	11.78130
Bettendorf Schools	15.78768	15.77779	15.46630	14.69042
Davenport Schools	16.96204	17.07873	17.09591	17.09734
Durant Schools	12.24493	12.04676	12.21711	12.62186
North Scott Schools	15.32122	14.99307	15.03382	15.12320
Pleasant Valley Schools	13.45042	13.45835	13.46470	13.66430
Area IX CC	0.62633	0.61738	0.59216	0.59269
Other:				
Scott County Assessor	0.33124	0.33119	0.27124	0.27404
Davenport City Assessor	0.37656	0.31521	0.27648	0.26045
Ag. Extension - BANGS	0.06248	0.06721	0.06939	0.06973

Source: County records - Auditor's Office.

Year Taxes are Payable					
2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
\$ 5.51106	\$ 5.54040	\$ 5.33791	\$ 5.47607	\$ 6.37607	\$ 6.37759
8.52602	8.62666	8.35745	8.49561	9.39561	9.51525
14.03708	14.16706	13.69536	13.97168	15.77168	15.89284

12.60000	12.95000	12.85000	12.85000	12.60000	12.60000
11.58668	11.65760	11.07291	10.98600	11.18972	11.30132
8.10000	8.10000	8.09999	8.17628	8.17540	9.12078
15.56702	15.57515	15.57584	15.58000	15.53000	15.53000
8.10000	8.10000	8.10000	8.10000	8.10000	8.10000
5.43321	5.43025	5.96370	5.96079	7.21883	7.22080
15.56204	15.56203	15.56203	14.95411	15.70846	15.70847
6.64800	6.64797	6.64880	6.64916	6.74852	6.75418
14.69636	14.69188	14.69998	16.08173	16.00434	15.07379
8.39529	8.10000	9.76863	11.15854	11.03125	10.90085
5.16094	5.16095	5.16100	5.16094	5.16962	5.16951
8.10000	8.10000	8.10000	8.10000	9.25982	9.21668
3.57028	3.34915	2.93849	2.92797	3.96650	3.12506
6.76329	6.74595	5.64940	5.55117	5.56196	5.51713
8.97804	8.93821	8.94763	9.58243	9.58242	9.58242
2.50485	2.50485	2.70103	2.70103	3.37602	7.00244
9.75000	10.00000	10.00000	10.00000	9.99999	10.00000

11.62880	10.72766	11.01374	11.25066	11.23830	12.47240
15.00216	15.00025	14.84626	14.85367	15.00820	15.00244
17.10760	17.10610	17.08731	17.09334	17.11276	17.05061
11.96178	12.37027	12.60365	13.34659	11.84246	13.62815
15.17814	15.11048	14.76476	14.51584	14.75964	14.75525
13.86154	13.99385	13.98720	13.99319	14.74116	14.73829
0.61277	0.60785	0.60635	0.87714	0.92444	1.01724

0.29563	0.28899	0.28870	0.33733	0.28465	0.28110
0.29672	0.30964	0.27680	0.25789	0.23892	0.25171
0.07034	0.07079	0.06892	0.06845	0.06946	0.06891

County of Scott, Iowa

**Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(dollars in thousands, except per capita)
(Unaudited)**

Fiscal Year	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities	
	General Obligation Bonds	Capital Lease	Capital Lease	Purchase Contract
2003	\$ 9,825	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,361
2004	9,245	-	218	2,101
2005	8,635	-	476	1,918
2006	8,000	27,765	370	1,725
2007	9,655	26,770	266	1,523
2008	8,760	25,740	156	1,304
2009	7,765	24,670	39	1,075
2010	17,190	23,560	-	855
2011	15,660	22,410	-	585
2012	14,080	21,210	-	-

*Calculation made using population and personal income figures from Demographics and Economics Statistics Table.

Source: County records.

N/A - Not Available

	Total Government	Percentage of Personal Income*	Per Capita*
\$	12,186	0.24%	\$ 77.10
	11,564	0.21%	73.12
	11,029	0.19%	69.56
	37,860	0.62%	237.22
	38,214	0.59%	238.72
	35,960	0.52%	222.22
	33,549	0.49%	205.09
	41,605	0.57%	250.87
	38,655	N/A	231.94
	35,290	N/A	210.63

County of Scott, Iowa

**Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(Unaudited)**

Fiscal Year	General Bonded Debt Outstanding		Percent of Debt to Assessed Value	Per Capita*
		General Obligation Bonds		
2003	\$	9,825,000	0.13%	\$ 61.18
2004		9,245,000	0.12%	57.46
2005		8,635,000	0.10%	53.92
2006		8,000,000	0.09%	49.69
2007		9,655,000	0.10%	58.93
2008		8,760,000	0.09%	53.20
2009		7,765,000	0.07%	46.93
2010		17,190,000	0.15%	103.65
2011		15,660,000	0.13%	93.96
2012		14,080,000	0.12%	84.04

*Calculated using population figure from Demographics and Economics Statistics Table.

Source: County records.

County of Scott, Iowa

**Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt
As of June 30, 2012
(Unaudited)**

Governmental Unit	Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable	Estimated Share of Overlapping Debt
Direct Debt:			
Scott County	\$ 14,080,000	100.00%	\$ <u>14,080,000</u>
Overlapping Debt:			
School Districts:			
Bettendorf Community	-	100.00%	-
Durant Community	1,680,000	26.53%	445,704
North Scott Community	-	100.00%	-
Pleasant Valley Community	1,200,000	100.00%	1,200,000
Wheatland Community	662,862	8.30%	55,018
Eastern Iowa Community College	67,765,000	59.07%	<u>40,028,786</u>
Subtotal, School Districts			<u><u>41,729,507</u></u>
Cities:			
Bettendorf	107,120,000	100.00%	107,120,000
Blue Grass	2,437,585	100.00%	2,437,585
Buffalo	189,798	100.00%	189,798
Davenport	222,095,000	100.00%	222,095,000
Donahue	184,000	100.00%	184,000
Durant	1,935,000	3.35%	64,823
Eldridge	4,350,000	100.00%	4,350,000
LeClaire	8,787,511	100.00%	8,787,511
Long Grove	918,000	100.00%	918,000
Maysville	283,000	100.00%	283,000
McCausland	9,666	100.00%	9,666
New Liberty	275,736	100.00%	275,736
Princeton	750,000	100.00%	750,000
Riverdale	2,493,732	100.00%	2,493,732
Walcott	1,980,000	100.00%	<u>1,980,000</u>
Subtotal, Cities			<u><u>351,938,851</u></u>
Overlapping Debt:			<u><u>393,668,358</u></u>
Total direct and overlapping debt:			<u><u>\$ 407,748,358</u></u>

Source: County records

Outstanding debt amounts are obtained directly from the debt issuing entity. The percentage of overlapping debt attributed to Scott County is based on the percentage of the entity's total taxable valuation that lies within Scott County.

County of Scott, Iowa

Legal Debt Margin Information
As of June 30, 2012
(Unaudited)

	2003	2004	2005	2006
Debt limit	\$ 363,102,618	\$ 392,500,605	\$ 428,112,694	\$ 451,734,795
Total net debt applicable to limit	9,825,000	9,245,000	8,635,000	35,765,000
Legal debt margin	\$ 353,277,618	\$ 383,255,605	\$ 419,477,694	\$ 415,969,795
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	2.78%	2.41%	2.06%	8.60%

Source: County records.

Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2012

Assessed value	<u>\$ 11,908,634,052</u>
Debt limit (5% of assessed value)	<u>\$ 595,431,703</u>
Debt applicable to limit:	
General obligation bonds	14,080,000
Capital lease	<u>21,210,000</u>
Total net applicable to limit	<u>35,290,000</u>
Legal debt margin	<u>\$ 560,141,703</u>

	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
\$	479,594,782	\$ 497,083,535	\$ 558,544,692	\$ 571,861,865	\$ 584,366,273	\$ 595,431,703
	36,425,000	34,500,000	32,435,000	40,750,000	38,070,000	35,290,000
\$	443,169,782	\$ 462,583,535	\$ 526,109,692	\$ 531,111,865	\$ 546,296,273	\$ 560,141,703
	8.22%	7.46%	6.17%	7.67%	6.97%	6.30%

County of Scott, Iowa

**Demographic and Economic Statistics
Last Ten Calendar Years
(Unaudited)**

Year	Population ¹	Personal Income (000's) ²	Per Capita Personal Income ²	Farm Proprietors ³	School Enrollment ⁴	Unemployment Rate ⁵
2003	158,048	\$ 5,061,223	\$ 32,023	740	26,886	4.7
2004	158,145	5,463,012	34,544	740	26,597	5.0
2005	158,543	5,675,918	35,800	730	26,735	4.5
2006	159,597	6,062,478	37,986	730	26,818	3.8
2007	160,077	6,472,814	40,436	860	27,316	3.8
2008	161,824	6,953,445	42,969	850	27,813	4.1
2009	163,582	6,832,527	41,768	850	28,016	6.9
2010	165,841	7,272,593	43,874	850	28,460	7.1
2011	166,659	N/A	N/A	N/A	28,538	6.9
2012	167,545	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	6.6

Sources:

¹Woods & Poole Economics, Inc. 2012

Note: Woods & Poole data are projections

²U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis

³USDA, National Agricultural Statistics Services

⁴Iowa Department of Education

Total Enrollment includes Bettendorf CSD, Davenport CSD, North Scott CSD, and Pleasant Valley CSD

School enrollments are for the fall of year posted and spring of following year (i.e. 2011-12 would be listed under 2011)

⁵Iowa Workforce Development

2012 totals are the average from January - July 2012

Date accessed: 8/23/2012

County of Scott, Iowa

**Principal Employers
Current Year and Nine Years Ago
(Unaudited)**

Employer	2003		
	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total County Employment
Genesis Medical Center	3,000	1	3.7%
ALCOA	2,513	2	3.1%
Kraft Foods (Oscar Mayer)	1,200	3	1.5%
MidAmerican Energy Company	1,200	4	1.5%
APAC Customer Service	800	5	1.0%
Von Maur	650	6	0.8%
UPS Distribution	500	7	0.6%
Von Hoffman Graphics	445	8	0.5%
Nestle Purina Pet Care Co.	380	9	0.5%
Eagle Foods Distribution	379	10	0.5%

Employer	2012		
	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total County Employment
Genesis Medical Center	4,900	1	6.3%
Davenport Community School District	2,500	2	2.7%
Alcoa Inc	2,250	3	2.5%
Kraft Foods (Oscar Mayer)	1,500	4	2.0%
Isle of Capri Hotel Bettendorf	1,050	5	1.2%
MidAmerican Energy	1,025	6	1.1%
John Deere Davenport Works	838	6	1.0%
Davenport City Hall	800	8	1.0%
Wells Fargo Bank	716	9	0.8%
Exelon	700	10	0.8%

Sources:

Iowa Workforce Development

InfoGroup, Reference USA (2012); and Individual Employers

Data from the 2003 QC Fact Sheet, compiled by Quad City Development Group

Note: Only selected employers were included in list

County of Scott, Iowa

Full-Time Equivalent County Government Employees by Function/Program

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Unaudited)

Function / Program	2003	2004	2005	2006
Public safety and legal services:				
Attorney	30.63	30.63	30.63	30.75
Health	2.30	4.90	4.90	7.30
Juvenile Court Services	15.20	15.20	14.20	14.20
Sheriff	141.70	154.15	159.65	166.10
Physical health and social services:				
Community Services	9.20	9.20	8.70	8.70
Health	31.85	31.25	32.25	31.85
Mental Health, Mental Retardation & Developmental Disabilities:				
Community Services	3.80	3.80	3.80	3.80
County Environment and Education				
Conservation	40.60	40.60	41.60	41.60
Planning & Development	4.33	4.08	4.08	4.08
Roads and Transportation				
Secondary Roads	33.40	35.15	35.15	35.15
Governmental services to residents:				
Auditor	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00
Recorder	13.00	13.00	12.00	12.00
Treasurer	14.20	14.20	14.20	14.20
Administration:				
Administration	3.70	3.70	3.10	3.10
Auditor	9.40	9.40	9.40	9.40
Facility & Support Services	23.74	23.74	24.19	24.19
Human Resources	7.50	7.50	4.50	4.50
Information Technology	10.00	10.00	10.00	11.00
Non-Departmental	-	-	-	-
Supervisors, Board of	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00
Treasurer	14.40	14.40	14.40	14.40
Total	419.95	435.90	437.75	447.32

Source: Scott County Year-End Actual Revenue and Expenditure Reports

Fiscal Year					
2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
30.75	31.00	30.00	31.00	31.00	31.00
8.30	8.30	11.15	11.15	11.15	11.15
14.20	14.20	14.20	14.20	14.20	14.20
164.10	166.10	166.35	167.35	167.35	154.35
8.70	8.70	8.70	7.70	7.70	7.00
29.85	30.85	31.85	31.85	31.85	32.10
3.80	3.80	3.80	3.80	3.80	3.00
41.60	41.60	41.60	41.60	41.60	41.60
4.08	4.08	4.08	4.08	4.08	4.08
35.15	35.15	35.15	35.15	35.15	35.40
6.00	6.00	6.00	5.00	5.00	5.00
11.50	11.50	11.50	11.50	11.50	11.00
14.20	14.20	12.20	12.20	12.20	12.40
3.10	3.10	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50
9.90	9.90	9.40	9.40	9.40	9.05
28.69	28.69	29.04	30.04	31.04	30.55
4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50
11.00	11.00	12.00	12.00	15.00	15.40
-	-	-	-	-	-
5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00
14.40	14.40	15.40	15.40	15.40	15.60
448.82	452.07	455.42	456.42	460.42	445.88

County of Scott, Iowa

**Operating Indicators by Function/Program
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(Unaudited)**

<u>Function / Program</u>	<u>2003</u>	<u>2004</u>	<u>2005</u>	<u>2006</u>
Public Safety and Legal Services				
Attorney:				
# of felonies/aggravated field cases filed	4,152	4,641	4,832	5,077
# of new felony cases	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Sheriff:				
# of civil papers received	14,973	15,069	15,620	14,764
# of jail bookings	8,257	9,343	9,876	10,859
Inmate instances of programming attendance				
# of traffic citations written	1,882	4,003	3,114	3,502
# of traffic contacts	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
# of 9-1-1 calls	11,830	12,088	11,767	11,088
Physical Health and Social Services				
Community Services:				
# of applications for general assistance	7,354	7,822	6,575	6,446
# of applications approved for general assist	3,025	4,133	3,490	3,354
# of requests for veteran services	911	1,026	1,055	1,613
# of invol commit filed for substance abuse	244	213	241	289
# of involuntary mental health commitments filed	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Health Department:				
# of health related inmate contacts within jail	2,762	2,520	4,509	3,795
# of comm disease requiring investigation	153	234	122	302
# of environmental health inspections conducted	3,806	3,124	3,955	3,987
# of public health nuisance complaints received	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Mental Health, HR & DD				
Community Services:				
# of invol commit filed for mental health	263	218	322	304
# of persons with MH/CMI served	3,667	3,777	4,115	4,015
# of juvenile MH commitments	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
# of persons with MR/DD served	502	529	518	560
# of adult MH commitments	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
# of protective payee cases	441	430	434	398
County Environment and Education				
Conservation:				
# of camp sites available	738	788	788	788
# of acres managed	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
# of rounds of golf course	33,316	33,012	30,803	30,898
Planning & Development:				
# of building permits issued	550	653	613	691

(Continued)

Source: County records - Year-end Indicator Report

Fiscal Year					
2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
4,845	4,814	4,752	4,782	4,664	N/A
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1,040
14,479	14,879	14,002	13,491	11,284	10,674
11,658	9,747	9,011	8,245	8,283	N/A
					22,231
2,068	2,233	2,802	2,678	4,028	N/A
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	2,195
11,580	13,002	12,442	10,672	N/A	N/A
6,524	7,544	8,105	8,907	7,294	1,428
3,569	3,797	3,829	4,660	4,065	756
814	982	880	1,204	1,134	1,160
340	260	210	214	246	N/A
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	405
3,979	5,434	10,617	10,817	12,618	13,888
369	285	360	338	442	276
4,363	4,464	4,198	4,389	4,141	N/A
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	167
338	335	361	312	450	405
4,136	4,078	1,537	1,505	1,516	N/A
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	91
572	570	384	380	409	N/A
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	246
401	390	367	339	384	313
788	788	788	788	788	N/A
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	2,496
27,196	27,765	28,549	29,258	28,553	30,476
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
622	603	643	583	728	735

County of Scott, Iowa

Operating Indicators by Function/Program (Continued)
 Last Ten Fiscal Years
 (Unaudited)

Function / Program	2003	2004	2005
Roads and Transportation:			
Secondary Roads:			
# of miles of road paved	168	175	176
# of bridges/culverts repaired/replaced	100	98	102
Governmental Services to Residents			
Auditor:			
# of elections	6	24	6
# of registered voters	97,139	104,462	111,806
Recorder:			
# of real estate transactions recorded	68,404	59,384	49,447
# of vital statistics registered/issued	22,302	21,770	20,315
# of passport applications accepted	427	641	531
# of conservation privileges issued	2,379	1,282	1,235
# of conservation licenses - ATV/Snow boat reg, titles and liens and privileges issued	13,946	5,587	13,642
Treasurer:			
# of title and security interest trans processed	67,729	72,522	75,405
Administration			
Auditor:			
# of real estate transactions processed	8,791	9,357	8,829
# invoices processed			
Facility & Support Service:			
# of service calls	4,524	5,010	5,810
# hours spent in safety training			
# of purchase requisitions received	1,014	739	733
# of pieces of outgoing mail	562,476	524,775	550,631
# of square feet of hard surface floors maintained	N/A	N/A	N/A
# of files imaged	80,120	109,450	273,526
# of hours spend on imaging			
Information Technology:			
# of network users	424	566	652
# of network connections supported	N/A	N/A	N/A
# of 3rd party applications maintained	62	108	47
# of users supported	N/A	N/A	N/A
Treasurer:			
# of prop tax/spec assessment statutes issued	162,190	183,741	184,685
# of tax certifications issued	2,003	23	3,284

Fiscal Year						
2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
176	176	176	183	183	183	219
104	140	213	79	94	89	89
26	11	27	5	26	3	4
114,507	115,457	116,570	118,641	120,962	123,115	124,263
48,297	43,976	40,493	40,010	37,856	38,493	31,385
20,207	21,830	20,726	20,196	20,450	20,776	20,313
788	1,564	1,430	1,134	1,280	1,151	1,142
808	797	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
6,098	13,498	6,505	4,291	14,612	5,852	6,611
76,517	64,468	60,342	66,597	67,777	71,883	69,904
8,859	8,414	7,728	6,689	7,303	6,663	N/A 25,035
4,608	4,586	4,408	4,579	3,045	2,197	N/A 83
849	864	1,113	1,011	N/A	N/A	N/A
524,752	547,591	491,571	534,148	479,814	446,405	N/A
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	728,940
327,979	887,629	746,690	899,403	792,379	698,680	N/A 2,744
686	805	851	899	929	1,094	N/A
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	2,680
52	54	54	55	61	67	N/A
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	724
180,196	186,423	176,450	181,657	191,493	198,053	195,415
1,834	1,974	2,116	2,592	2,151	1,691	2,144

County of Scott, Iowa

**Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(Unaudited)**

<u>Function / Program</u>	<u>2003</u>	<u>2004</u>	<u>2005</u>
Public safety and legal services:			
Sheriff:			
# of patrol cars	53	48	62
Physical health and social services:			
Health Department			
# of vehicles	15	16	18
County environment and education:			
Conservation			
# of acres managed	2,795	2,795	2,795
Planning and Development			
# of vehicles	2	2	2
Roads and transportation:			
Secondary Roads			
# of vehicles	61	61	61
# of buildings	10	10	10
Administration:			
Facility and Support Services			
# of vehicles	5	5	4
# of buildings maintained	11	12	12
Non-Departmental (Risk Management)			
# of vehicles	1	1	1

Source: County records - Vehicle Report & FSS and Conservation Offices.

Fiscal Year						
2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
54	54	55	42	45	46	44
13	13	13	13	13	13	13
2,795	2,795	2,795	2,795	2,795	2,795	2,795
2	2	2	2	2	2	2
61	61	61	61	61	61	60
10	10	10	10	10	10	10
6	6	5	5	5	6	6
12	12	12	12	12	11	11
6	6	1	1	1	1	1



COMPLIANCE

County of Scott, Iowa

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Grantor's Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture			
Child Nutrition Cluster			
<i>(Passed through the Iowa Department of Human Services)</i>			
National School Lunch Program	10.555	N/A	\$ 18,385
<i>(Passed through Iowa Department of Public Health)</i>			
Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	63712	<u>1,600</u>
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			<u>19,985</u>
<i>(Passed through Iowa Department of Public Health)</i>			
Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants and Children / Breastfeeding Peer Counseling	10.557	5881AO94	8,063
Special Supplemental Nutrition Programs for Woman, Infants, and Children (WIC)	10.557	5881AO36	<u>124,680</u>
			<u>132,742</u>
<i>(Passed through Iowa Department of Human Services)</i>			
ARRA - State Administrative Matching Grants for Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program	10.561	N/A	<u>61,071</u>
<i>(Passed through Iowa Department of Agriculture and Land Stewardship)</i>			
WIC Farmers' Market Nutrition Program (FMNP) Iowa Farmers' Market Nutrition Program	10.572	N/A	<u>1,849</u>
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			<u>215,647</u>
U.S Department of Housing and Urban Development			
<i>(Passed through the City of Davenport)</i>			
Lead-Based Paint Hazard Control in Privately-Owned Housing Davenport MILES Program (HUD) Lead-Based Paint Hazard Control in Privately-Owned Housing	14.900	IALHB0497-11	9,848
U.S. Department of Justice			
<i>(Passed through the Governor's Alliance on Substance Abuse)</i>			
State Criminal Alien Assistance Program	16.606	2008-AP-BX-0942	6,560
<i>(Direct Program)</i>			
Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program	16.607	OMB1121-0235	373
<i>(Passed through the Office of Community Oriented Policing Services)</i>			
Public Safety Partnership and Community Policing Grants ARRA-Public Safety Partnership and Community Policing Grants COPS in School	16.710	2008-CK-WX-00	11,191
JAG Program Cluster			
<i>(Direct Program)</i>			
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	16.738	2009-DJ-BX-0943	109,576
ARRA - Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant (JAG) Program	16.804	2009-SB-B9-0549	62,728
<i>(Passed through the Office of Community Oriented Policing Services)</i>			
ARRA - Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant (JAG) Program	16.803	09JAG/ARRA-4269B	<u>118,475</u>
Total JAG Program Cluster			<u>290,779</u>
<i>(Passed through State of Iowa Department of Justice, Crime Victim Assistance Division)</i>			
ARRA-Violence Against Women Formula Grants Stop Violence Against Women	16.588	VW-11-17	<u>33,788</u>
Total U.S. Department of Justice			<u>342,691</u>

(Continued)

County of Scott, Iowa

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Continued)
For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Grantor's Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Transportation			
National Highway Traffic Safety Administration (Passed through Iowa Department of Public Safety-Governor's Traffic Safety Division)			
State and Community Highway Safety	20.600	PAP 10-410, Task 69	\$ 8,065
State and Community Highway Safety	20.600	PAP 12-04, Task 69	37,539
			<u>45,604</u>
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			
(Passed through the Iowa Department of Health)			
Immunization Cooperative Agreements			
Immunization Action Grant	93.268	5880I468	22,859
I-4 Project/Immunization Cooperative Agreements	93.268	5881I468	21,958
			<u>44,817</u>
Maternal and Child Health Services Block Grant to the States			
Maternal & Child Health, and Family Planning	93.994	5881MH21	5,478
Dental Health Grant	93.994	5881MH21	1,089
Maternal and Child Health/Dental/ABCD & Hawk	93.994	5881MH21	46,643
Dental Health Grant	93.994	5881MH21	850
CHIPRA Teen Outreach	93.994	5881MH21	485
			<u>54,545</u>
Regional Public Health Emergency Preparedness			
Regional Public Health Emergency Preparedness / Regional Bioterrorism	93.069	5881BT12	45
Public Health Emergency Preparedness	93.069	5882BT206	2,382
	93.069	5881BT382	14,302
			<u>16,729</u>
The Affordable Care Act: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention Investigations and Technical Assistance and Technical Assistance			
Local Bioterrorism Grant	93.283	5882BT82	66,347
Mosquito Surveillance Project	93.283	5881BT82	30,764
Mosquito Surveillance Project	93.283	MOU-2012-ELC09	840
Mosquito Surveillance Project	93.283	MOU-2013-ELC09	280
			<u>98,231</u>
Project Grants and Cooperative Agreements for Tuberculosis Control Programs			
TB Directly Observed Therapy	93.116	MOU-2012-TB05	175
			<u>175</u>
Total passed through Iowa Department of Health			<u>214,497</u>

(Continued)

County of Scott, Iowa

**Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Concluded)
For the Year Ended June 30, 2012**

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Grantor's Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (continued)			
<i>(Passed through Iowa Department of Human Services)</i>			
Refugee and Entrant Assistance	93.566	N/A	\$ 101
ARRA - Foster Care Title IV-E	93.658	N/A	22,275
ARRA - Adoption Assistance	93.659	N/A	6,513
Children's Health Insurance Program	93.767	N/A	212
Medical Assistance (Title XIX)	93.778	N/A	57,425
PPHF-2012: Community Transformation Grants and National Dissemination and Support for Community Transformation	93.531	5882HP20	16,385
Child Care and Development Block Grant	93.575	N/A	83,296
Refugee and Entrant Assistance / Child Care Development Fund	93.596	N/A	<u>13,351</u>
Total Child Care and Development Funding Cluster			<u>96,647</u>
Social Service Block Grant - indirect	93.667	N/A	19,531
Social Service Block Grant - Direct	93.667	N/A	<u>748,685</u>
			<u>768,216</u>
Total passed through Iowa Department of Human Services			<u>967,774</u>
<i>(Passed through the City of Davenport)</i>			
The Affordable Care Act: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention Investigations and Technical Assistance / Care for Yourself	93.283	5882NB21	<u>62,755</u>
Total U.S. Dept of Health and Human Services			<u>1,245,027</u>
U.S. Department of Homeland Security			
Homeland Security Cluster			
<i>(Passed through Iowa Homeland Security & Emergency Mgt Division)</i>			
Homeland Security Grant Programs			
FY 2009 Law Enforcement Terrorism Prevention Program	97.067	2009-SS-T9-0034-12A	84,671
FY 2009 Law Enforcement Terrorism Prevention Program	97.067	2009-SS-T9-0034-12	34,064
FY 2010 State Homeland Security Program	97.067	2010-SS-T0-0031-17	30,712
FY 2010 State Homeland Security Program	97.067	2010-SS-T0-0031-18	122,519
FY 2010 State Homeland Security Program	97.067	2011-SS-0071-S01-24	<u>13,044</u>
Total Homeland Security Cluster			<u>285,010</u>
<i>(Passed through the Iowa Disaster Services Division)</i>			
Hazard Mitigation Grant Program	97.039	DR 1763	<u>9,872</u>
Total US Department of Homeland Security			<u>294,882</u>
Total expenditures of federal awards			<u>\$ 2,153,699</u>

See Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

County of Scott, Iowa

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Note 1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the federal grant activity of the County of Scott, Iowa and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States and Local Governments and Nonprofit Organizations*. Therefore, some amounts presented in the schedule may differ from amounts presented in or used in the preparation of the basic financial statements.

Note 2. Significant Accounting Policies

Revenue from federal awards is recognized when the County has done everything necessary to establish its right to revenue. For government funds, revenue from federal grants is recognized when they become both measurable and available. Expenditures of federal awards are recognized in the accounting period when the liability is incurred.

Note 3. Pass-Through Funding

Of the federal expenditures presented in the schedule, the County provided federal awards to subrecipients as follows:

Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Amount Provided to Subrecipient
Special Supplemental Nutrition Programs for Woman, Infants and Children (WIC)	10.557	\$ 124,680
Breastfeeding Peer Counseling	10.557	8,063
Iowa Farmers' Market Nutrition Program	10.572	1,849
ARRA - Public Safety Partnership	16.710	10,562
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	16.738	37,759
ARRA - Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant (JAG) Program	16.804	41,460
TB Directly Observed Therapy	93.116	175
I-4 Project	93.268	15,222
Care for Yourself	93.283	62,755
Maternal and Child Health Grant	93.994	12,850
Hazard Mitigation Grant Program	97.039	9,872
2010 Law Enforcement Terrorism Prevention Program	97.067	50,908
		<u>\$ 376,155</u>

County of Scott, Iowa

**Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings
For the Year Ended June 30, 2012**

Finding	Status
There were no findings relative to federal awards reported in the County of Scott's single audit report for the year ended June 30, 2011.	

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL
OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND
OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

To the Board of Supervisors
County of Scott, Iowa
Davenport, Iowa

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Scott, Iowa as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the County of Scott's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 20, 2012. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Management of the County of Scott is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the County of Scott's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Scott's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Scott's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined previously.

To the Board of Supervisors
County of Scott, Iowa

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County of Scott's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Comments involving statutory and other legal matters about the County of Scott's operations for the year ended June 30, 2012, are based exclusively on knowledge obtained from procedures performed during our audit of the financial statements of the County of Scott. Since our audit was based on tests and samples, not all transactions that might have had an impact on the comments were necessarily audited. The comments involving statutory and other legal matters are not intended to constitute legal interpretations of those statutes.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of the County of Scott in a separate letter dated November 20, 2012.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Supervisors, management, others within the entity, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Baker Tilly Vinchow Krause, LLP

Milwaukee, Wisconsin
November 20, 2012

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE
WITH REQUIREMENTS THAT COULD HAVE A DIRECT AND
MATERIAL EFFECT ON EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL
OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

To the Board of Supervisors
County of Scott, Iowa
Davenport, Iowa

Compliance

We have audited the County of Scott, Iowa's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County of Scott's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2012. The County of Scott's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the County of Scott's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the County of Scott's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County of Scott's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County of Scott's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the County of Scott, Iowa complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2012.

To the Board of Supervisors
County of Scott, Iowa

Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the County of Scott is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the County of Scott's internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program to determine the auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Scott's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be *material weaknesses*, as defined above.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Supervisors, management, others within the entity, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Baker Tilly Vinchow Krause, LLP

Milwaukee, Wisconsin
November 20, 2012

County of Scott, Iowa

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs
For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

Section I: Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued	Unqualified		
Internal control over financial reporting			
Material weakness(es) identified?	_____ yes	<u> X </u> no	
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	_____ yes	<u> X </u> none reported	
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	_____ yes	<u> X </u> no	

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs			
Material weakness(es) identified?	_____ yes	<u> X </u> no	
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	_____ yes	<u> X </u> none reported	
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs	Unqualified		
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Circular A-133, Section .510(a)?	_____ yes	<u> X </u> no	
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	_____ yes	<u> X </u> no	

Identification of major federal programs

CFDA NUMBER(S)
10.557

16.738 / 16.803 / 16.804
93.667

Name of Federal Program or Cluster

Special Supplemental Nutrition Programs for Woman, Infants, and Children (WIC)
Justice Assistance Grant Program Cluster
Social Service Block Grant

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs

\$ 300,000

(Continued)

County of Scott, Iowa

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs(Continued)
For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

Section II: Financial Statement Findings Required to be Reported in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

There were no findings in 2012.

Section III: Federal Awards Findings and Questioned Costs

There were no findings or questioned costs in 2012.

(Continued)

County of Scott, Iowa

**Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Continued)
For the Year Ended June 30, 2012**

Section IV: Other Findings Related to Required Statutory Reporting

11-IV-A Certified Budget

Disbursements during the year ended June 30, 2012 did not exceed the amounts budgeted.

11-IV-B Questionable expenditures

No expenditures were noted that may not meet the requirements of public purpose as defined in the Attorney General's opinion dated April 25, 1979.

11-IV-C Travel Expense

No expenditures of County money for travel expenses of spouses of County officials or employees were noted.

11-IV-D Business Transactions

No business transactions between the County and County officials or employees were noted.

11-IV-E Bond Coverage

Surety bond coverage of County officials and employees is in accordance with statutory provisions. The amount of coverage should be reviewed annually to ensure that coverage is adequate for current operations.

11-IV-F Board Minutes

No transactions were found that we believe should have been approved in the Board minutes but were not.

11-IV-G Deposits and Investments

No instances of noncompliance with the deposit and investment provisions of Chapter 12B and 12C of the Code of Iowa and County's investment policy were noted.

11-IV-H Resource Enhancement and Protection Certification

The County properly dedicated property tax revenue to conservation purposes as required by Chapter 455A.19(1)(b) of the Code of Iowa in order to receive the additional REAP funds allocated in accordance with Subsections (b)(2) and (b)(3).

11-IV-I Capital Lease Purchase Agreements

No lease purchase agreements were entered into the current year by the County.

11-IV-J County Extension Office

The County Extension Office is operated under the authority of Chapter 176A of the Code of Iowa and serves as an agency of the State of Iowa. This fund is administered by an extension council separate and distinct from County operations.

Disbursements during the year ended June 30, 2012 for the County Extension Office did not exceed the amount budgeted.

